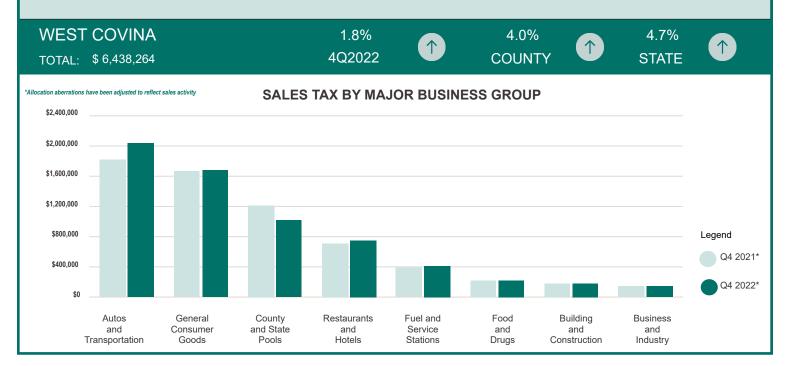
CITY OF WEST COVINA

SALES TAX UPDATE

4Q 2022 (OCTOBER - DECEMBER)







CITY OF WEST COVINA HIGHLIGHTS

West Covina's receipts from October through December were 0.6% above the fourth sales period in 2021. Excluding reporting aberrations, actual sales were up 1.8%.

Strong job numbers and low unemployment allowed consumer spending to stay solid this holiday season and accounted for an overall improved quarter than one year ago; however, growth in most of the major industry groups has been slowing for the past four quarters and is anticipated to remain at a stagnant pace all through the fiscal year 2023-2024 before returning to normal annualized levels of gains comparable to the pre-pandemic period.

The City experienced the biggest boost in its top sector, autos-transportation, which includes new motor vehicle dealers. Receipts from specialty and electronics/appliance stores plus the fuel-service food-drugs, stations,

building-construction, and businessindustry groups were also up.

There was continued strength in the restaurants-hotels sector, led by an increase in casual dining restaurants; nonetheless, the industry is beginning to see reduced foot traffic and the staffing crisis is impacting the ability to provide outstanding service at a time when it is key to a positive and expected customer experience.

Returns from auto leases, furnishings, women's clothing, family apparel, plus the state and county pools declined which combined to offset the overall net quarterly gain.

Net of aberrations, taxable sales for all of Los Angeles County grew 4.0% over the comparable time period; the Southern California region was up 5.1%.



TOP 25 PRODUCERS

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Ashley Furniture Homestore

Audi West Covina

Azusa Arco

Best Buy

Crestview Cadillac

Daimler Trust

Envision Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram of West Covina

Envision Toyota of West Covina

Floor & Decor

Home Depot

JC Penney

Macy's

Marshalls

Mercedes Benz of West

Covina

Norm Reeves Honda

Performance Ford Plug-In Auto

Reynolds Buick

Ross Stater Bros

Target

Tow Industries **Triples Chevron**

Walmart Supercenter

HdL® Companies



STATEWIDE RESULTS

California's local one cent sales and use tax receipts for sales during the months of October through December were 4.7% higher than the same quarter one year ago after adjusting for accounting anomalies. A holiday shopping quarter, the most consequential sales period of the year, experienced solid results which lifted revenue to local agencies across the State.

Overall, general consumer goods growth was up a meager 1.8%, in large part from merchants also selling gas as prices remained elevated over last year. Otherwise, many brick and mortar retailers experienced mixed results as the phenomenal prior year activity made for an extremely difficult comparison. This was especially true for jewelry stores receipts which had soared tremendously after the pandemic as consumers diversified readily available cash into other assets.

Commuters and seasonal travelers were again burdened with gas prices above \$5 per gallon in most of the State, leaving fuelservice stations 10% higher than a year ago. However, this trend did not distract from spending at local restaurants and hotels. Increased menu prices and returnto-office workplaces enhanced gains, with the Bay Area experiencing it's greatest amount of post-pandemic rebound.

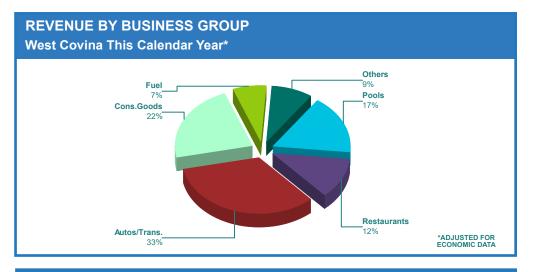
Although inventory shortages negatively impacted unit sales and leasing activity throughout 2022, year-end returns by new car dealers, especially high-end luxury and electric/hybrid brands, sustained autotransportation sector gains. In contrast, rising interest rates and higher gas prices pulled trailer-RV revenues lower. Steady housing demand and pend up construction projects delayed by supply chain interruptions have contractors contributing the majority of growth within the building-construction sector.

With rising interest rates tempering selling activity, property owners are still likely to maintain home improvement spending.

Use taxes remitted via the countywide pools rose a scant 0.3%. While national ecommerce spending behaviors climbed upward again, expansion of more in-state fulfilment centers plus retailers using existing locations to deliver goods tied to online orders shifted taxes away from pools. The offsetting effect was these dollars being directed to local agency's coffers where the goods resided. This evolving trend is anticipated to persistently weaken taxes coming from the pools in the near term.

Looking back, calendar year 2022 exhibited a 9.5% surge in tax receipts compared to 2021. Each of the eight major tax categories all reported greater returns. Most influential was inflation that drove up prices on everything from normal daily purchases to vehicles. Secondarily, all-time peak global crude oil costs had fuel seller's payments skyrocketing.

Heading into 2023, additional interest rate hikes along with consumer sentiment waning about the economy foretells minimal change coming from California's taxable sales in the months ahead.



TOP NON-CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS TYPES **West Covina** County **HdL State Business Type** Q4 '22* Change Change Change New Motor Vehicle Dealers 1,636.5 10.5% 12.0% 12.5% 1 7.5% Service Stations 408.0 5.5% 9.8% Casual Dining 342.7 9.8% 8.1% 10.9% (5.7% Quick-Service Restaurants 326.2 1.7% 6.3% -0.9% 🕡 -0.9% 🕕 Family Apparel 250.9 -2.3% 🕕 Specialty Stores 211.6 15.3% 3.3% 1.9% Electronics/Appliance Stores 182.7 1.2% 13.3% 10.8% -12.0% 🕡 -11.1% 🕕 Auto Lease 166.5 -11.3% **Grocery Stores** 131.0 8.2% 7.2% 6.2% 1 **Shoe Stores** 91.5 -6.6% 0.5% 2.3% *In thousands of dollars *Allocation aberrations have been adjusted to reflect sales activity