

# CITY OF WEST COVINA AUDIT COMMITTEE

# WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 2024, 6:00 PM REGULAR MEETING

# WEST COVINA CITY HALL MANAGEMENT RESOURCE CENTER (MRC) ROOM 314 WEST COVINA, CALIFORNIA 91790

### **AGENDA**

David Lin, Chair
Marsha Solorio, Vice Chair
Ollie Cantos, Council/Audit Committee Member
Rosario Diaz, Council/Audit Committee Member
Jim Grivich, Audit Committee Member
Colleen Rozatti, City Treasurer/Audit Committee Member
Deanna Stanley, Audit Committee Member
Vacant/Audit Committee Member

#### AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT

The Committee complies with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). If you need special assistance at Committee Meetings, please call (626) 939-8433 (voice) or (626) 960-4422 (TTY) from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Monday through Thursday, at least 48 hours prior to the meeting to make arrangements.

#### AGENDA MATERIAL

Agenda material is available for review at the West Covina City Clerk's Office, Room 317 in City Hall, 1444 W. Garvey Avenue and at www.westcovina.org. Any writings or documents regarding any item on this agenda not exempt from public disclosure, provided to a majority of the Commission that is distributed less than 72 hours before the meeting, will be made available for public inspection in the City Clerk's Office, Room 317 of City Hall during normal business hours.

# PUBLIC COMMENTS ADDRESSING THE AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Any person wishing to address the Committee on any matter listed on the agenda or on any other matter within their jurisdiction should complete a speaker card that is provided at the entrance to the Management Resource Center Room (MRC) and submit the card to the Committee Secretary

Please identify on the speaker card whether you are speaking on an agenda item or non-agenda. Requests to speak on agenda items will be heard prior to requests to speak on non-agenda items. All comments are limited to three (3) minutes per speaker.

### **CALL TO ORDER**

## **PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE**

### **ROLL CALL**

# ORAL COMMUNICATIONS - Three (3) minutes per speaker

Please state your name and city of residence for the record when recognized by the Committee Chair.

# **APPROVAL OF MEETING MINUTES**

### 1) OCTOBER 25, 2023, AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES

It is recommended that the Audit Committee receive and file the Minutes of the Audit Committee Meeting on October 25, 2023.

### **REPORTS**

# 2) ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT (ACFR) AND OTHER RELATED REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

It is recommended that the Audit Committee review the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report in final draft form for the year ended June 30, 2023.

# 3) FINANCIAL RECOVERY PLAN UPDATE

It is recommended that the Audit Committee receive and file the Financial Recovery Plan Update through December 31, 2023.

# 4) PURCHASING POLICY VIOLATION LOG

It is recommended that the Audit Committee receive and file the Purchasing Policy Violation Log as of December 31, 2023.

### **NEW BUSINESS**

- 1. Revenue and Expenditure Reports
- 2. Next Meeting Date and Time
  - Suggested Date: April 24, 2024

# **ADJOURNMENT**



# AGENDA STAFF REPORT

**City of West Covina** 

**DATE:** 02/07/2024

**TO:** Audit Committee

FROM: Stephanie Sikkema, Finance Director

**SUBJECT: OCTOBER 25, 2023, AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES** 

### **RECOMMENDATION:**

It is recommended that the Audit Committee receive and file the Minutes of the Audit Committee Meeting on October 25, 2023.

Prepared by: Valerie Gonzales, Senior Administrative Assistant

Additional Approval: Stephanie Sikkema, Finance Director

### **Attachments**

Attachment No. 1 - October 25, 2023, Audit Committee Meeting Minutes

### CITY OF WEST COVINA

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

### **MINUTES**

# REGULAR MEETING WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 2023, 6:00 p.m.

The meeting of the Audit Committee was called to order at 6:04 p.m. Member Stanley led the Pledge of Allegiance.

# **ROLL CALL**

Present: Chair David Lin

Vice-Chair Marsha Solorio Committee Member Jim Grivich

Committee Member/City Treasurer Colleen Rozatti

Committee Member Deanna Stanley

Absent: Committee/Council Member Ollie Cantos

Committee Member/Mayor Rosario Diaz

Staff Present: Finance Director Stephanie Sikkema, Assistant Finance Director Maria-Luisa

Olea, Senior Administrative Assistant Valerie Gonzales

# **ORAL COMMUNICATIONS**

None

--- End of Public Comment

# 1. APPROVAL OF JUNE 27, 2023, AUDIT COMMITTEE MINUTES

It is recommended that the Audit Committee receive and file the Minutes of the Audit Committee Special Meeting on June 27, 2023.

A Motion was made by Committee Member Stanley and seconded by Vice-Chair Solorio to approve the Audit Committee minutes of the June 27, 2023, Special Meeting.

Motion carried by a vote 3-0; 1 abstain.

### **REPORTS**

### 2. FINANCIAL RECOVERY PLAN UPDATE

It is recommended that the Audit Committee receive and file the Financial Recovery Plan Update through August 31, 2023.

- 1. Ensure that the fees/assessments charged for services align with costs and increase fees to reflect cost reasonably borne in the provision of City services.
  - a. No Motion
- 2. Review, evaluate, and monitor all City contracts.
  - a. No Motion
- 3. Set aside land sale revenue to compensate for any shortfalls in revenue that the City experiences as a result of the effects of the pandemic on the City's fiscal year 2020-21 budget.
  - a. No Motion
- 4. Proactively mitigate risk and exposure to litigation through training and implementation of best risk management practices.
  - a. No Motion
- 5. Address the excessive cost currently incurred providing fire and emergency medical services.
  - a. No Motion
- 6. Prepare financial analyses that evaluate both the short-term and longterm financial implications of significant spending decisions.
  - a. A Motion was made by Committee Member Grivich and seconded by Vice-Chair Solorio that on future City Council agendas the Audit Committee is requesting that there be an evaluation of short and long term impacts of major revenue and expenditure decisions, including recognizing trade-offs and opportunities of each.

Motion carried by a vote 4-0

- 7. Implement a formal process for development of reasonable budget projections.
  - a. No Motion

- 8. Meet and confer regarding negotiation of employee union agreements.
  - a. No Motion
- 9. Improve internal purchasing processes/enforcement to reduce susceptibility to waste and fraud.
  - a. No Motion

A Motion was made by Chair Lin and seconded by Committee Member Stanley to receive and file the Financial Recovery Plan.

Motion carried by a vote 3-0; 1-abstain.

# 3. PURCHASING POLICY VIOLATION LOG

It is recommended that the Audit committee receive and file the Purchasing Policy Violation Log as of June 30, 2023.

A Motion was made by Committee Member Stanley and seconded by Vice-Chair Solorio to receive and file the Purchasing Policy Violation Log.

Motion carried by a vote 4-0

# **NEW BUSINESS**

- 1. Revenue and Expenditures
- 2. Next Meeting Date and Time
  - o Wednesday, December 20, 2023, at 6:00 p.m.

# **ADJOURNMENT**

Chair Lin moved to adjourn the meeting at 7:39 p.m.

Valerie Gonzales
Audit Committee Secretary



# AGENDA STAFF REPORT

City of West Covina

**DATE:** 02/07/2024

**TO:** Audit Committee

FROM: Stephanie Sikkema, Finance Director

SUBJECT: ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT (ACFR) AND OTHER RELATED

REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### **RECOMMENDATION:**

It is recommended that the Audit Committee review the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report in final draft form for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **BACKGROUND:**

Annually, the Finance Department prepares and publishes the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") following the completion of an independent and certified audit. Attached is the June 30, 2023, ACFR (Attachment No. 1). This document is an extensive report summarizing the financial activities of the City that occurred from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023.

The ACFR is prepared in compliance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards. Pursuant to GASB guidelines, the City's ACFR is divided into three sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical. The Introductory section contains a Letter of Transmittal. This letter includes a brief overview of the City, the economic outlook, operational controls and major initiatives.

The Financial section contains the independent auditors' opinion letter, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), and the Basic Financial Statements. The audit firm of Van Lant & Fankhanel LLP has issued an unmodified ('clean') opinion on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023. This means that their examination, testing and audit procedures allowed them to conclude that the financial statements present fairly the financial position of the City. This is the best opinion the City can receive from its auditors.

The MD&A provides a narrative of how the financial report is presented and key highlights of some of the changes in financial position. The MD&A provides tables showing comparative information from the year ended June 30, 2022, to the year ended June 30, 2023.

The final section of the ACFR is the Statistical section. This section presents data useful in analyzing the City's financial and operational history for comparative purposes. Some of the statistics tracked include financial trends, revenue capacity, and debt capacity which are useful for evaluating the City's financial stability. Additional statistics include operating indicators.

### **DISCUSSION:**

# **Annual Comprehensive Financial Report**

The ACFR represents the City of West Covina's financial position at June 30, 2023 and includes financial statements for all of its component units.

# **Government Auditing Standards Letter**

The Government Auditing Standards Letter (Attachment No. 2) notes any identified deficiencies or weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting that could lead to material misstatements in the City's financial statements as well as any other compliance findings.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. The auditors did identify deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that they considered to be material weaknesses. These findings and management's response are discussed in Attachment No. 2. Furthermore, the results of the tests performed identified two significant deficiencies that are also discussed in Attachment No. 2.

#### **Audit Communication Letter**

The Audit Communication Letter (Attachment No. 3) provides certain information related to the audit of the City's financial records including the following:

- Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices The letter notes that City management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The letter indicates that there have been no significant changes in accounting policies or their application during the fiscal year. The letter also noted that there were no transactions entered into by the City during Fiscal Year 2022-23 for which there was a lack of authoritative guidance, and that all significant transactions were recorded in the proper accounting periods.
- Significant Difficulties Encountered during the Audit The letter communicates the auditors encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit
- Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements The letter communicates the auditors' responsibility to note all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit. The auditors noted no such misstatements that were material, either individually or in aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.
- Disagreements with Management The auditors are required to communicate any disagreements with management related to an accounting, reporting or auditing matter, whether resolved or not, in the Audit Communication Letter. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit for Fiscal Year 2022-23.

# **Community Financial Report**

The Community Financial Report (Attachment No. 4) is an extract of information from the ACFR specifically designed to be readily accessible and easily understandable to the general public and other interested parties without a background in public finance.

**Prepared by:** Maria-Luisa Olea, Assistant Finance Director

Additional Approval: Stephanie Sikkema, Finance Director

# **Fiscal Impact**

### **FISCAL IMPACT:**

Financial highlights of the fiscal year are noted in the Financial section of the ACFR and include the following:

### **City Wide**

As of June 30, 2023, the City's total net position (assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and less deferred inflows of resources) was \$6.6 million.

The City's total net position decreased \$4.6 million from the prior year. This is mostly due to the \$65.7 million net pension asset recognized in the prior year now being reflected as a net pension liability of \$44.6 million in long-term debt. Including the deferred outflows and inflows of pension related items, there is a net decrease of \$9.65 million. In addition, there was an increase of \$7.8 million in the claims payable liability, attributed primarily to the change in the estimated outstanding workers compensation losses for 2021-22 and prior.

The City's total governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$136.7 million, an increase of \$5.4 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year of \$131.3 million. The increase is comprised of changes in fund balance, primarily in the non-major Measure W fund for \$3.8 million. Of the \$136.7 million fund balance, \$3.4 million, or 2.5%, of this total is non-spendable (not available for new spending). The restricted fund balance categories of \$108.0 million, or 79.0%, is spendable for restricted purposes. The assigned fund balance of \$7.6 million, or 5.6%, represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes, but are not formally restricted or committed. The unassigned fund balance category of \$17.6 million, or 12.9%, represents the City's fund balance reserves.

### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$17.7 million, while total fund balance was \$21.0 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 26.4% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 31.5% of that same amount. The non-spendable portion of fund balance in the amount of \$3.4 million mainly consists of Land Held for Resale in the amount of \$3.0 million.

### **Attachments**

Attachment No. 1 - Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Attachment No. 2 - Government Auditing Standards June 30, 2023

Attachment No. 3 - Audit Communication Letter SAS 114 Communication June 30, 2023

Attachment No. 4 - Community Financial Report



ANNUAL
COMPREHENSIVE
FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2023

CITY OF WEST COVINA, CALIFORNIA www.westcovina.org



# CITY OF WEST COVINA, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Prepared by Finance Department

# City of West Covina, California Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2023

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# City of West Covina, California Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2023

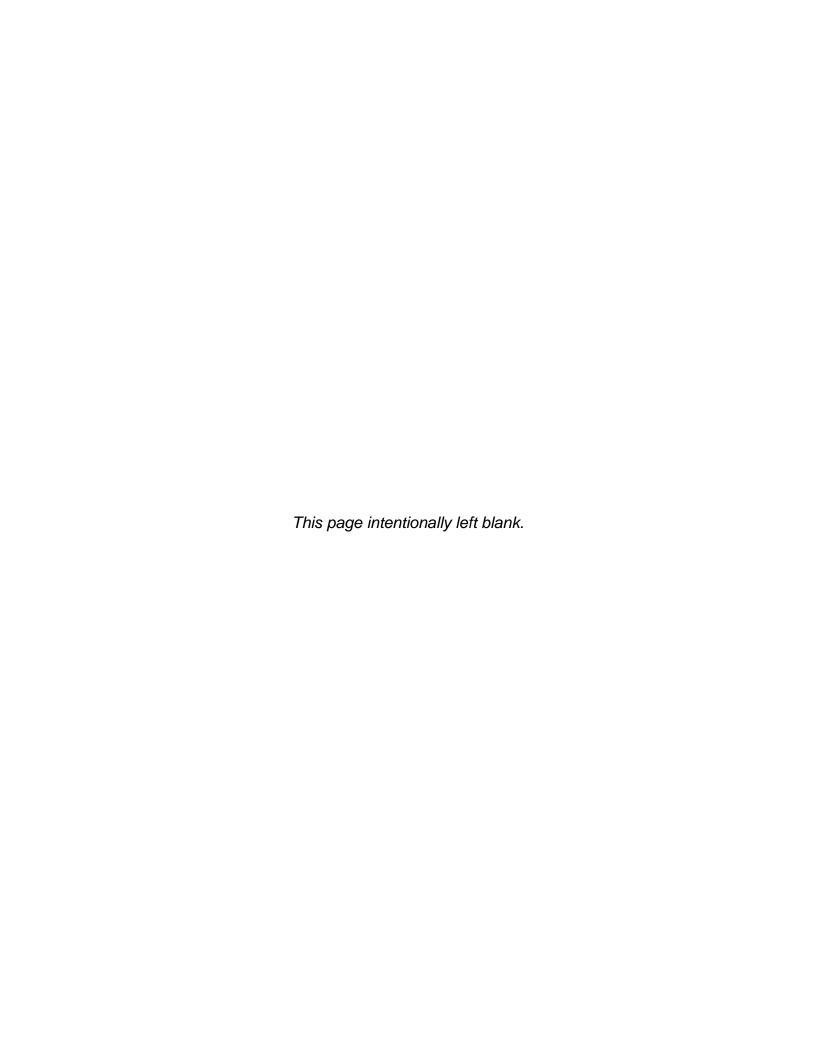
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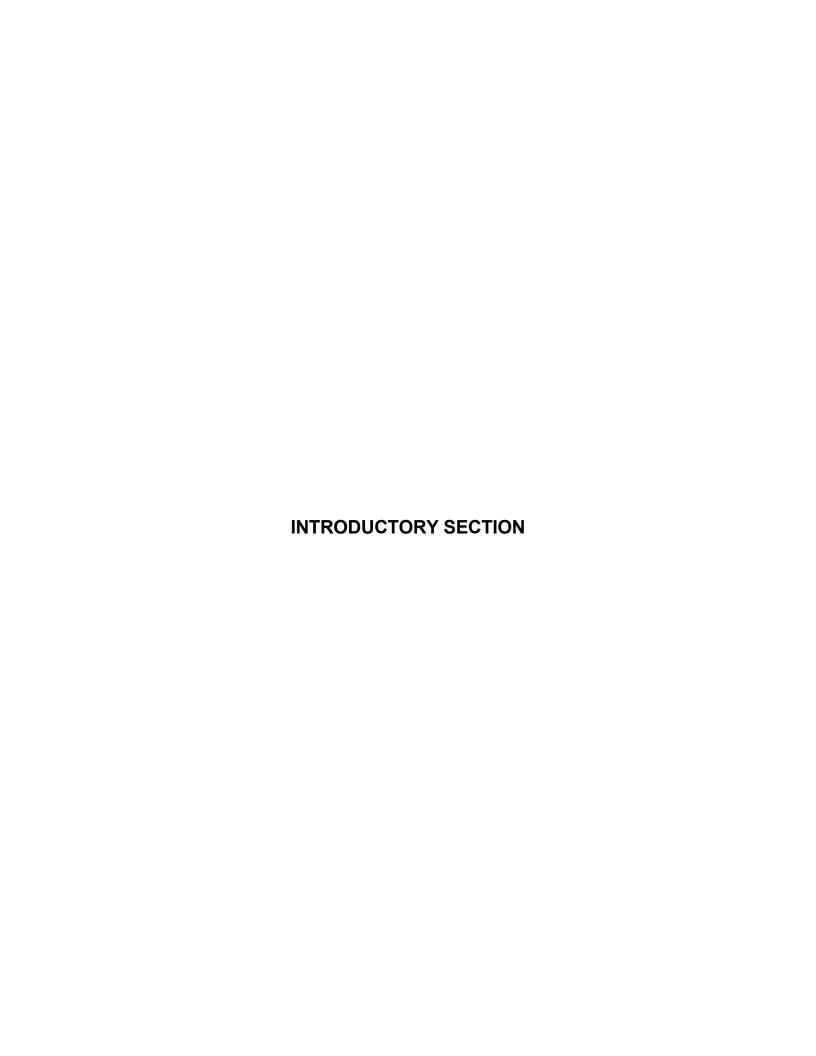
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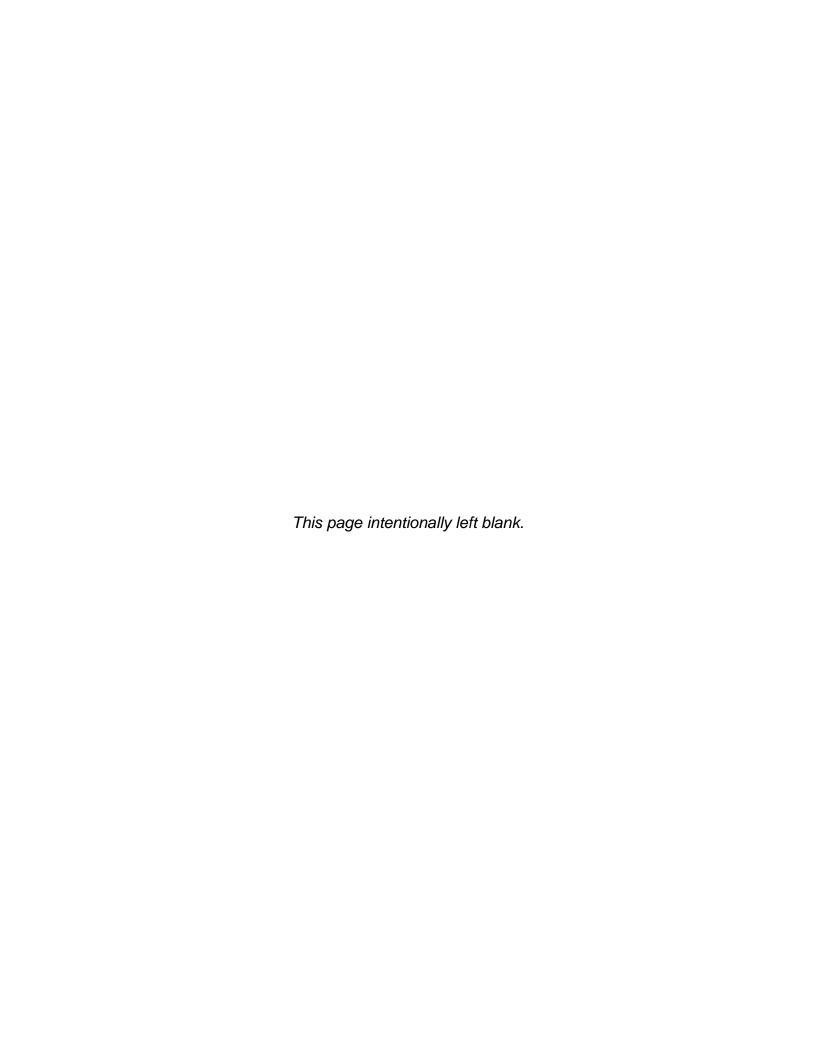
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# Finance Department

January 22, 2024

Members of the City Council, the City Manager, and the Citizens of the City of West Covina:

It is a pleasure to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of West Covina (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to both protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Van Lant & Fankhanel, LLP, a firm of certified public accountants. The auditors have issued an unmodified opinion on these financial statements. Their report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

### **Profile of the Government**

The City of West Covina is located in the San Gabriel Valley, 20 miles east of downtown Los Angeles and 15 miles north of Orange County. Incorporated as a general law city in 1923, the City's 16 square miles flourished with walnut groves and orange groves for many decades. The post-World War II building boom rapidly transformed the City, which experienced a significant population increase between 1950 and 1960, from less than 5,000 to more than 50,000 citizens. Subsequent to this rapid population increase, the City has continued to grow at a steady pace to a population of over 109,000. In recent years there has been a slight decline with a current population in excess of 105,000.

The City's location and access to major freeways makes West Covina close to many visitor attractions and an ideal business and commercial center. The City has over 32,000 housing units and offers the amenities of a big city location with a high standard of living for its community.

Under the Council-Manager form of government, the five City Council members are elected by districts to overlapping four-year terms. The City Council selects a Mayor from one of its members each November to serve a one-year term. The City Council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of the various departments.

The City provides a full range of services to its citizens, including police, fire and emergency medical; construction and maintenance of streets, traffic signalization and other infrastructure; planning and building safety; and social, recreational and cultural activities and events. The City offers sixteen parks, four community centers, a Sports Complex, and a county operated library. The City is financially accountable for the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Covina, a financing authority, and a housing authority, which are combined within the City's financial statements. Additional information regarding all three of these legally separate entities can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The annual budget serves as a foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City Council holds public hearings and adopts an annual budget for all funds. The budget appropriations are prepared by fund, function, and department. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments to assure adequate and proper standards of service. Budgetary revisions, including supplemental appropriations which increase total appropriations in individual funds must be approved by the City Council.

### **Economic Outlook and Major Objectives**

From early in its history, the City of West Covina has been noted as a city of beautiful homes. Through its General Plan, the City Council strives to maintain the City's high-quality residential base and living environment. The City's identity is defined by carefully designed entry point elements. landmark areas, and open space areas.

Known as the headquarters of the East San Gabriel Valley, the City strives to maintain a prosperous business and commercial climate. Despite the current challenging financial and economic environment, West Covina derives significant economic stability from the City's three major commercial districts: Plaza West Covina, Eastland Center, and The Lakes.

In December 2020, the California State Auditor identified several risks in the City's financial condition, including a major unfunded pension liability, general fund expenditures that have exceeded revenues, and high turnover and reductions in staff in recent years. The City of West Covina continues work to secure the financial future of the City while safeguarding the delivery of great public services. This requires stewardship and a willingness to consider all alternatives in service provision.

While the City has appeared to have recovered economically from the COVID-19 pandemic, a recession is anticipated. Through sound financial policies and procedures, the City has attempted to manage rising costs and dwindling revenues efficiently and effectively. This is not to say that significant challenges do not face the City going forward. Rising costs of materials and services continue to be of grave concern. The infrastructure needs of the City have been

long deferred. Additionally, the City has currently been utilizing the \$19 million in American Rescue Plan Act funds to address some of these needs.

As noted in our current fiscal year's finances, there is a General Fund balance of \$21 Million as the ending fund balance. Service levels are directly related to the income from which public expenses are met. The City has made some progress toward the goal of attaining fiscal sustainability and positioned the City for long-term financial success. As the City enters an economic downturn, fiscal prudence will need to be at the forefront.

# **Short-term and Long-term Financial Planning**

Annually, the City adopts a budget covering operating revenues and expenditures, labor usage, capital expenditures, and other sources and uses of funds. For financial planning purposes, the City conducts comprehensive citywide financial forecasting in conjunction with its revenue consultants and other sources. The latest forecast shows expenditures are increasing at a faster pace than revenues. The City has attempted to attain fiscal sustainability into the future by finding economies and efficiencies in its operations.

Like most California cities, West Covina has several unfunded liabilities. The biggest of these being the cost of employee pensions. Pension obligations and payments for the unfunded accrued liability (UAL) were expected to worsen each fiscal year. This fact prompted the City to issue Pension Obligation Bonds in July of 2020 to address the UAL and attain more favorable interest rates to address the pension problem. Other Post Employment Benefits liabilities account for the second largest cost. This liability continues to rise and will need to be addressed in the long term.

# **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the Department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. These are extremely challenging times for local government in which many difficult decisions must be made. Credit also must be given to City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Stephanie Sikkema Finance Director

# **CITY OF WEST COVINA**

# **CITY OFFICIALS**

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

# **CITY COUNCIL**

Rosario Diaz, Mayor Brian Tabatabai, Mayor Pro Tem Ollie Cantos, Councilman Letty Lopez-Viado, Councilwoman Tony Wu, Councilman

# **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

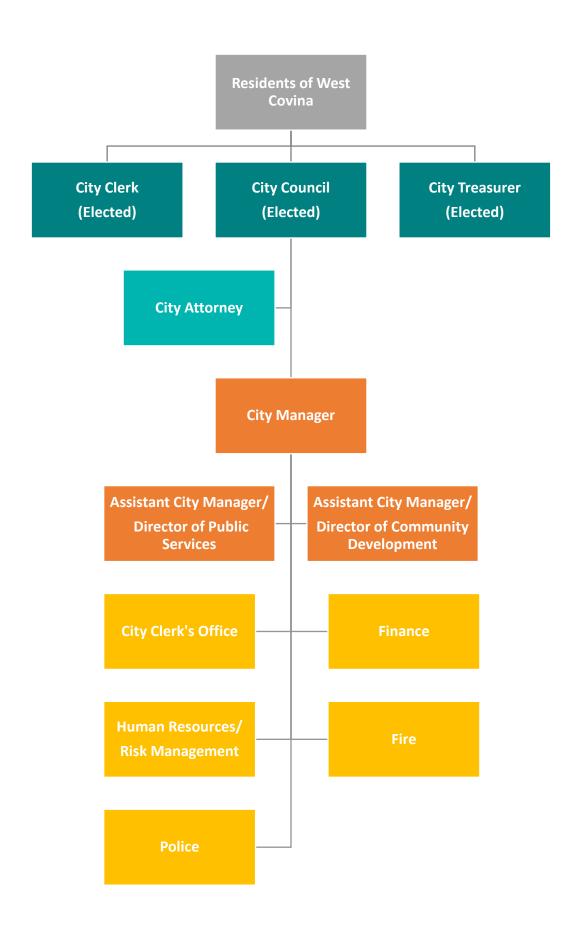
Nickolas S. Lewis, City Clerk Colleen B. Rozatti, City Treasurer

# **ACTING CITY MANAGER**

Paulina Morales

# **EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT TEAM**

Roxanne Lerma, Assistant City Manager
Thomas P. Duarte, City Attorney
Lisa Sherrick, Assistant City Clerk
Stephanie Sikkema, Finance Director & Acting Human Resources Director
Vincent Capelle, Fire Chief
Richard Bell, Police Chief





# Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of West Covina California

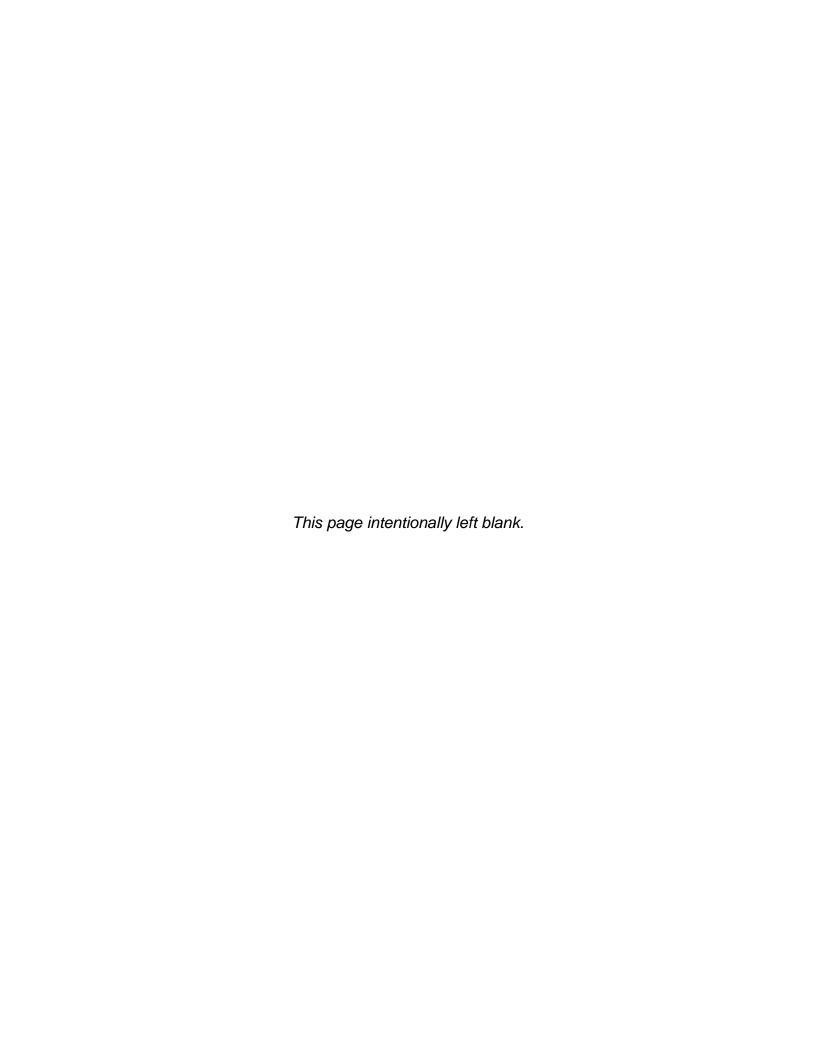
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO







# **Independent Auditor's Report**

The Honorable City Council City of West Covina, California

### Report on the Financial Statements

# **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of West Covina (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of West Covina, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cashflows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
  of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining statements and budgetary schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements, as listed in the table of contents, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated January 22, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

January 22, 2024

Van Laut + Fankhanel. 11P

Murrieta, CA

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the City of West Covina (the City) provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The information presented herein should be considered in conjunction with the transmittal letter and financial statements identified in the accompanying table of contents.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- As of June 30, 2023, the City's total net position (assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and less deferred inflows of resources) was \$6.6 million.
- The City's total net position decreased \$4.6 million from the prior year. This is mostly due to the \$65.7 million net pension asset recognized in the prior year now being reflected as a net pension liability of \$44.6 million in long-term debt. Including the deferred outflows and inflows of pension related items, there is a net decrease of \$9.65 million. In addition, there was an increase of \$7.8 million in the claims payable liability, attributed primarily to the change in the estimated outstanding workers compensation losses for 2021-22 and prior.
- The City's total governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$136.7 million, an increase of \$5.4 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year of \$131.3 million. The increase is comprised of changes in fund balance, primarily in the non-major Measure W fund for \$3.8 million. Of the \$136.7 million fund balance, \$3.4 million, or 2.5%, of this total is non-spendable (not available for new spending). The restricted fund balance categories of \$108.0 million, or 79.0%, is spendable for restricted purposes. The assigned fund balance of \$7.6 million, or 5.6%, represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes, but are not formally restricted or committed. The unassigned fund balance category of \$17.6 million, or 12.9%, represents the City's fund balance reserves.
- The City's business-type computer service enterprise activity (West Covina Service Group) had an operating gain for fiscal year (FY) 2022-23 of \$6,526, compared with a \$196,978 operating gain in FY 2021-22. The total net position for the computer service enterprise fund as of June 30, 2023 is \$241,833. The net position in the prior year was \$235,307.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for non-major governmental funds and internal service funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the governmentwide statements.
  - The *governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services like public safety were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.

- Proprietary funds statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the
  activities that are operated like a business, such as the West Covina Service Group,
  the City's computer service enterprise.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the fiduciary relationships like the custodial funds of the City in which the City acts solely as an agent or trustee for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include *notes* that provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

### Reporting the City as a Whole

The accompanying **government-wide financial statements** include two statements that present financial data for the City as a whole. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. The City's net position is one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax or sales tax base and the condition of the City's roads, to assess the overall health of the City.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services such as public safety, streets and roads, economic development and parks and recreation, are reported here. Sales taxes, property taxes, state subventions, and other revenues finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of the services accounted for in these funds. These activities include the City's computer service enterprise operation.

The government-wide financial statements include the West Covina Housing Authority, the West Covina Public Financing Authority, the Parking Authority of the City of West Covina and the West Covina Community Services Foundation (component units), along with the City of West Covina (the primary government). Although legally separate, these component units are important because the City is financially accountable for them.

The activities of the Successor Agency of the former redevelopment agency can be found in the Fiduciary Fund Section of the Financial Statements in the Private Purpose Trust Fund.

# Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

The **fund financial statements** provide detailed information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law or by bond covenants. However, City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting administrative responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, or other money (like grants received). The City's two kinds of funds – *governmental* and *proprietary* – use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other current financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship or differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliations on the pages following the fund financial statements in this report.
- Proprietary funds When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these
  services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the
  same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the
  Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds are the same as the businesstype activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and
  additional information, such as cash flows for proprietary funds. We use internal service
  funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies
  and services for the City's other programs and activities.

### Reporting the City's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The City is an agent for certain assets held for, and under the control of, other organizations and individuals. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate fiduciary funds. These activities are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of June 30, 2023, net position for the City was a balance of \$6.6 million. Compared to the prior year, the net position of the City decreased by \$4.6 million.

The City's net position of \$6.6 million is made up of three components: Net investment in Capital Assets, Restricted Net Position and Unrestricted Net Position. The largest portion of the City's net position, \$152.4 million, reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., infrastructure, land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to the community. As such, these assets are not available for spending. In addition, \$109.3 million of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$255.0 million due to the unfunded pension liability (GASB 68) for which the City has issued 2020 Lease Revenue Bonds; the balance of the bonds is \$196.5 million.

The table below reflects the Statement of Net Position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, with the comparative data for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

Table 1 Statement of Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total		
	2023	2022		2023	2022	2023	2022
Assets:							
Current and other assets	\$186,439,041	\$248,135,791	\$	291,899	\$ 482,211	\$186,730,940	\$248,618,002
Capital assets	193,577,149	196,089,095				193,577,149	196,089,095
Total assets	380,016,190	444,224,886		291,899	482,211	380,308,089	444,707,097
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Pension related	37,822,672	9,799,582		_	_	37,822,672	9,799,582
OPEB related	8,878,853	11,962,103		_	_	8,878,853	11,962,103
0. <u>11</u>	46,701,525	21,761,685		_	 _	46,701,525	21,761,685
Liabilities:							
Long-term debt outstanding	368,378,854	338,752,283		17,268	20,015	368,396,122	338,772,298
Other liabilities	26,715,769	28,829,273		32,798	226,889	26,748,567	29,056,162
Total liabilities	395,094,623	367,581,556		50,066	 246,904	395,144,689	367,828,460
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Pension related	785,967	67,639,168		_	_	785,967	67,639,168
OPEB related	17,602,036	12,522,363		_	_	17,602,036	12,522,363
Lease Related	6,834,555	7,257,992		_	_	6,834,555	7,257,992
	25,222,558	87,419,523		_	-	25,222,558	87,419,523
N ( B . %							
Net Position:							
Net investment in	450 007 050	450 000 400				450 007 050	450,000,400
capital assets	152,367,256	152,889,130		-	-	152,367,256	152,889,130
Restricted	109,315,672	98,381,004				109,315,672	98,381,004
Unrestricted	(255,282,394)	(240,284,642)		241,833	 235,307	(255,040,561)	(240,049,335)
Total net position	\$ 6,400,534	\$ 10,985,492	\$	241,833	\$ 235,307	\$ 6,642,367	\$ 11,220,799

# Changes in Net Position

The City's total revenues of \$125.6 million for governmental activities are \$4.6 million less than the expenses of \$130.0 million. The majority of the decrease is a result of higher expenses, the largest being public safety for the citywide increase to the net pension and claims payable liabilities.

A summary of the government-wide statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2023, with the comparative data for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

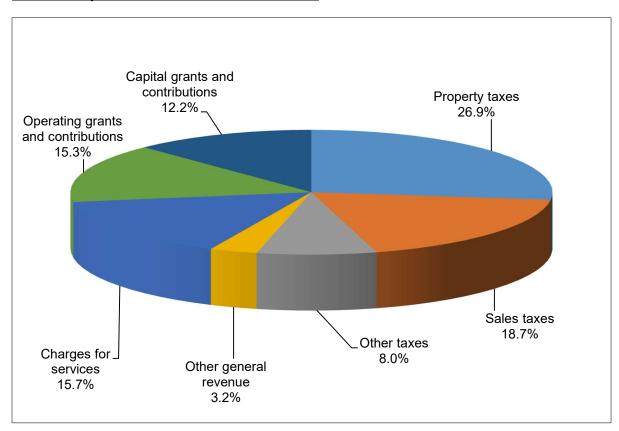
	Governmen	Governmental Activities		Type Activities	Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 19,678,784	\$ 15,120,436	\$ 686,731	\$ 916,458	\$ 20,365,515	\$ 16,036,894
Operating contributions and grants	18,983,157	29,598,365	-	-	18,983,157	29,598,365
Capital contributions and grants	15,354,938	17,666,351	-	-	15,354,938	17,666,351
General revenues:						
Property taxes	33,822,147	31,348,677	-	-	33,822,147	31,348,677
Sales taxes	23,526,119	23,101,668	-	-	23,526,119	23,101,668
Other taxes	10,053,724	9,527,917	-	-	10,053,724	9,527,917
Other general revenues	4,007,614	1,044,317	30	431	4,007,644	1,044,748
Total revenues	125,426,483	127,407,731	686,761	916,889	126,113,244	128,324,620
Expenses						
General government	19,222,882	3,700,172	-	-	19,222,882	3,700,172
Public safety	66,098,443	49,887,239	-	-	66,098,443	49,887,239
Public works	24,203,764	13,508,312	-	-	24,203,764	13,508,312
Community services	10,247,116	12,587,100	-	-	10,247,116	12,587,100
Community development	1,446,667	1,238,687	-	-	1,446,667	1,238,687
Interest expense	8,792,569	9,033,455	-	-	8,792,569	9,033,455
Computer service			680,235	719,911	680,235	719,911
Total expenses	130,011,441	89,954,965	680,235	719,911	130,691,676	90,674,876
Increase (decrease) in net position	(4,584,958)	37,452,766	6,526	196,978	(4,578,432)	37,649,744
Beginning net position	10,985,492	(26,467,274)	235,307	38,329	11,220,799	(26,428,945)
Ending net position	\$ 6,400,534	\$ 10,985,492	\$ 241,833	\$ 235,307	\$ 6,642,367	\$ 11,220,799

# **Governmental Activities**

Some of the more significant changes in the revenues and expenses of the City's governmental activities presented above are as follows:

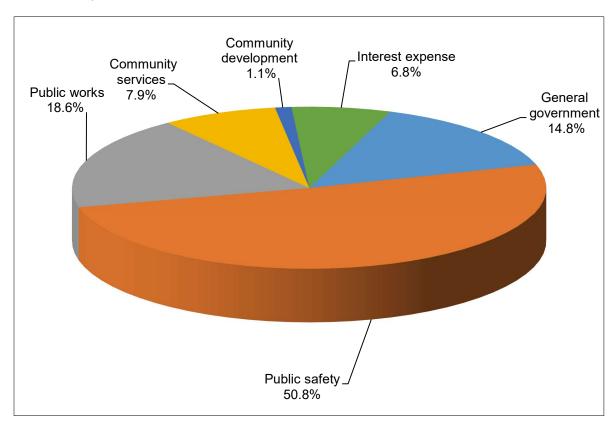
- Charges for services increased by \$4.6 million, primarily due to building permits and plan check review as result of an increase in construction activity for the year.
- Operating contributions and grants decreased by \$10.4 million, primarily due to an influx in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds received and expended in Fiscal Year 2021-22. The City received a total of \$19.6 million in ARPA in Fiscal Years 2020-21 and 2021-22. A total of \$9.2 million was expended and recognized as revenue in Fiscal Year 2021-22, whereas only \$1.9 million was expended and recognized as revenue in Fiscal Year 2022-23.
- Capital contributions and grants decreased by \$2.3 million, primarily due to a decrease in developer contributions in the Park Development Funds in the amount of \$4.0 million.
- Property taxes, the City's largest revenue source, increased \$2.5 million, or 7.9%, primarily due to an increase in the assessed valuation.
- Other general revenues increased by \$3.0 million, primarily due to increased realized interest income and a positive fair market value adjustment.
- There was an overall increase in expenses of \$42.2 million for general government, public safety and public works. This is primarily due to an increase in the net pension liability. In the prior year, the City reported a liability of \$5,797,238. There was an increase of reporting \$44,600,464 net pension liability as of June 30, 2023.

## Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



The most significant revenues of the governmental activities are property taxes (\$33.8 million), sales tax (\$23.5 million) and other taxes (\$10.1 million). Program revenues are \$54.2 million of the total revenues of the governmental activities, which include charges for services (\$19.7 million), operating contributions and grants (\$19.0 million), and capital grants and contributions (\$15.4 million).

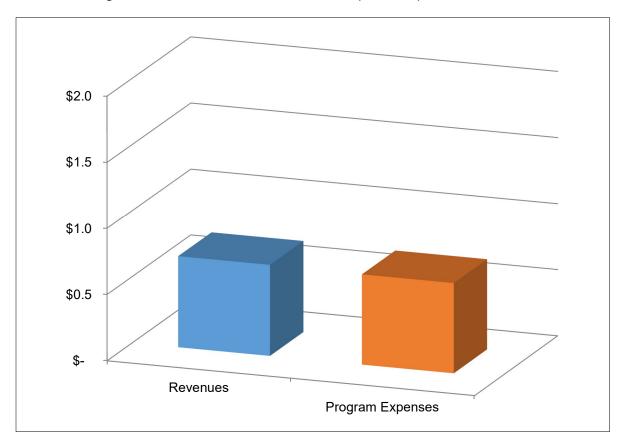
# Expenses by Function – Governmental Activities



The City's expenses cover a range of services whose expenses were as follows: Public safety (\$66.1 million), public works (\$24.2 million), community services (\$10.3 million), general government (\$19.2 million), interest expense (\$8.8 million) and community development (\$1.4 million). These expenses include pension related items, claims and capital outlays which are now reflected in the City-wide assets and liabilities.

## **Business-Type Activities**

The business-type activity is the West Covina Service Group, which provides dispatch and records management software and services to other police departments.



The business-type activity's expenses decreased by \$39,676, or 5.5%, from the prior fiscal year. Charges for services and other revenues decreased by \$230,128, or 25.1%, in FY 2022-23. The changes from the prior year resulted in a slight increase of net position of \$6,526. The West Covina Service Group has experienced less sales over the years.

#### **MAJOR FUNDS**

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to provide proper financial management of the City's resources and to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

### Major Governmental Funds

The **General Fund** is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$17.7 million, while total fund balance was \$21.0 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 26.4% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 31.5% of that same amount. The non-spendable portion of fund balance in the amount of \$3.4 million mainly consists of Land Held for Resale in the amount of \$3.0 million.

Total revenues, exclusive of fund transfers in, increased \$4.7 million while total operating expenditures, exclusive of fund transfers out, increased \$4.9 million. The reasons for significant changes in the revenues and expenditures of the City's General Fund from the prior year are as follows:

- Total taxes were up \$3.1 million (4.9%) from the prior year. Property taxes increased by \$2.7 million (8.8%) due to increased property assessments compared to the prior year.
- Licenses and permits were up \$1.9 million (67.8%) from the prior year, primarily due to building permits.

The **West Covina Housing Authority Fund** provides for low- and moderate-income activities that were previously provided by the redevelopment agency. The Authority has outstanding loans receivable of \$14.9 million. The fund holds \$23.2 million in restricted fund balance.

The **State Gas Tax Fund** accounts for tax collected on fuel to fund maintenance and repair of the States' highways and roads. The fund finished the fiscal year with a total fund balance of \$5.5 million.

The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund accounts for federal monies received for COVID-19 related expenses. The City has received \$19.6 million in funding and spent \$11.2 million as of June 30, 2023. The fund has \$8.4 million in unearned revenue.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGET**

There were numerous budget amendments throughout the fiscal year to adjust budget to actuals, but the net effect to the General Fund budget was \$5.9 million. Taxes in total exceeded the budget by \$5,140,200, primarily from secured property taxes received during the fiscal year. The City budgeted conservatively for these sources of revenue as it may fluctuate from year to year. The property tax revenue budget was adjusted to reflect the higher property tax due to higher assessed valuations. Budgeted expenditures were increased \$5.9 million primarily due to public safety salaries and benefits and public works' contract services.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total				
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Land	Ф	48.356.495	Ф	48.356.495	\$		\$	_	\$	48.356.495	\$	48,356,495
Buildings and improvements	Ψ	63.104.441	φ	62,884,032	φ	-	φ	-	φ	63,104,441	φ	62,884,032
Equipment and vehicles		8,930,667		9.592.447		<u>-</u>		-		8,930,667		9,592,447
Infrastructure		36.701.275		37.930.483		-				36.701.275		37,930,483
Rights of way		14,376,498		14,376,498		-		-		14,376,498		14,376,498
Construction in progress		22,107,773		22,949,140		-		-		22,107,773		22,949,140
						<del>-</del> _						
Total	\$	193,577,149	\$	196,089,095	\$		\$		\$	193,577,149	\$	196,089,095

The major additions to capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

- Construction in progress had a net decrease of \$0.8 million. The \$22.1 million currently in progress includes the following:
  - Azusa Sewer lift station upgrades (\$4.1 million)
  - Energy Efficient Project (\$7.8 million)
  - Residential Street Rehabilitation (\$2.9 million)
  - Fire Station Pre-Alerting System (\$183,000)
  - Senior Center Sliding Doors (\$100,000)
  - Fire Building Improvements (\$1.2 million)
  - Safety Portable & Mobile Rad (\$217,000)
  - Fire Station Repairs (\$607,000)
  - PSA For Health Dept. Services (\$245,000)
  - Microwave System Infrastructure (\$394,000)
  - Pumper Fire Trucks (Two) (\$2,062,000)
  - Ladder Truck (Quint) (\$1.8 million)
  - New Ambulances (\$154,000)
  - Citrus Ave Rehab (\$103,000)
  - City Hall Entry Signs (\$122,000)
  - HSIP Cycle 10 Improvements (\$110,000)
  - Workman Ave Rehab at Citrus (\$73,000)
- Completed fixed asset additions of \$7.8 million included:
  - Several street resurfacing throughout the City (\$3.6 million)
  - Play Playgrounds for 4 Parks in the City (\$545,600)
  - Friendship Park improvements (\$968,800)

- Traffic Signal at Cameron and Barranca (\$479,600)
- New Traffic Signal at La Puente Rd/Forecastle (\$139,000)
- Lark Ellen & Grove Center Pedestrian Imp (\$19,000)
- Sewer Main Replace Portion of Azusa Av (\$234,000)
- Sewer Main Replace Portion of Citrus (\$68,000)
- Dispatch Center New Roof (\$150,000)
- Pedestrian & Vehicle Safety Imp. 21 (\$511,000)
- Cortez Park Playground Improvements (\$365,000)
- City Hall 1St Floor Restroom Improv (\$126,000)
- Cameron Park Restroom Improvements (\$241,000)
- Walmerado Park Improvements (\$380,000)

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

#### **LONG-TERM DEBT**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had debt outstanding of \$368.4 million. Of this amount, \$231.7 million represents outstanding bonds and \$136.7 million represents other debt such as compensated absences payable, claims and judgments payable, capital lease obligations, and the net pension and OPEB liabilities. All of the outstanding bonds are lease revenue bonds secured by leases from the General Fund.

#### **Outstanding Bonds**

	Governmental Activities			Business-ty	ре Ас	tivities	Total		
		2023		2022	2023		2022	2023	2022
Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	231,690,193	\$	237,238,298	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 231,690,193	\$ 237,238,298
Notes Payable		6,947,007		7,525,925	-		-	6,947,007	7,525,925
Loans Payable		6,044,700		6,411,667	-		-	6,044,700	6,411,667
Compensated Absences		4,379,497		4,009,892	17,268		20,015	4,396,765	4,029,907
Net Pension Liability		44,600,464		5,797,238	-		-	44,600,464	5,797,238
Total OPEB Liability		54,205,612		65,096,109	-		-	54,205,612	65,096,109
Claims Payable		20,511,381		12,673,154	-		-	20,511,381	12,673,154
Total	\$	368,378,854	\$	338,752,283	\$ 17,268	\$	20,015	\$ 368,396,122	\$ 338,772,298

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

#### **CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director, at City of West Covina, 1444 West Garvey Avenue South, West Covina, California 91790.



# City of West Covina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	1 Otal
Cash and Investments	\$ 122,913,667	\$ -	\$ 122,913,667
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	19,385,340	_	19,385,340
Receivables:	10,000,010		10,000,010
Accounts	1,138,531	612,079	1,750,610
Taxes	5,583,644	-	5,583,644
Interest	925,530	_	925,530
Notes and Loans	14,902,965	_	14,902,965
Other	4,762,757	_	4,762,757
Due from Other Agencies	2,472,958	_	2,472,958
Leases	6,834,555	_	6,834,555
Internal Balances	413,540	(413,540)	-
Prepaid Items	2,112,516	93,360	2,205,876
Inventory	71,488	-	71,488
Advances to Successor Agency	,	_	,
Land Held for Resale	3,007,802	_	3,007,802
Restricted Cash and Investments	1,913,748	_	1,913,748
Net Pension Asset	-	_	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	84,840,766	_	84,840,766
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Deprecation	108,736,383	_	108,736,383
Total Assets	380,016,190	291,899	380,308,089
Total Assets	300,010,190	291,099	300,300,009
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
OPEB Related Items	8,878,853	_	8,878,853
Pension Related Items	37,822,672	_	37,822,672
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	46,701,525		46,701,525
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	11,345,134	30,814	11,375,948
Other Accrued Liabilities	2,194,692	1,984	2,196,676
Interest Payable	3,092,000	-	3,092,000
Deposits Payable	1,611,329	-	1,611,329
Unearned Revenue	8,472,614	-	8,472,614
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	17,567,169	17,268	17,584,437
Due in More Than One Year:			
Total OPEB Liability	54,205,612	-	54,205,612
Net Pension Liability	44,600,464	-	44,600,464
Notes, Loans, and Bonds Payable	252,005,609		252,005,609
Total Liabilities	395,094,623	50,066	395,144,689
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
OPEB Related Items	17,602,036		17,602,036
Pension Related Items	785,967	-	785,967
Lease Related	6,834,555	-	6,834,555
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	25,222,558		25,222,558
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	152,367,256	-	152,367,256
Restricted for:			
Affordable Housing	23,191,204	-	23,191,204
Debt Service	20,054,739	-	20,054,739
Pension Trust	16,069	-	16,069
Community Services	1,938,536	-	1,938,536
Public Safety	7,591,443	-	7,591,443
Public Works	56,523,681	-	56,523,681
Unrestricted	(255,282,394)	241,833	(255,040,561)
Total Net Position	\$ 6,400,534	\$ 241,833	\$ 6,642,367

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# City of West Covina Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenues			
		Charges	Operating	Capital	
		for	Grants and	Grants and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 19,222,882	\$ 1,192,555	\$ 1,957,515	\$ 17,496	
Public Safety	66,098,443	5,424,121	4,389,990	221,261	
Public Works	24,203,764	11,104,690	7,330,532	8,863,891	
Community Services	10,247,116	1,957,418	5,305,120	6,101,090	
Community Development	1,446,667	-		151,200	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	8,792,569				
Total Governmental Activities	130,011,441	19,678,784	18,983,157	15,354,938	
Business-type Activities:					
Computer Service	680,235	686,731			
Total Business-type Activities	680,235	686,731			
Total Primary Government	\$ 130,691,676	\$ 20,365,515	\$ 18,983,157	\$ 15,354,938	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

**Property Taxes** 

Sales Taxes

Franchise Taxes

**Transient Occupancy Taxes** 

Other Taxes

Other Revenues

Investment Income

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

# Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

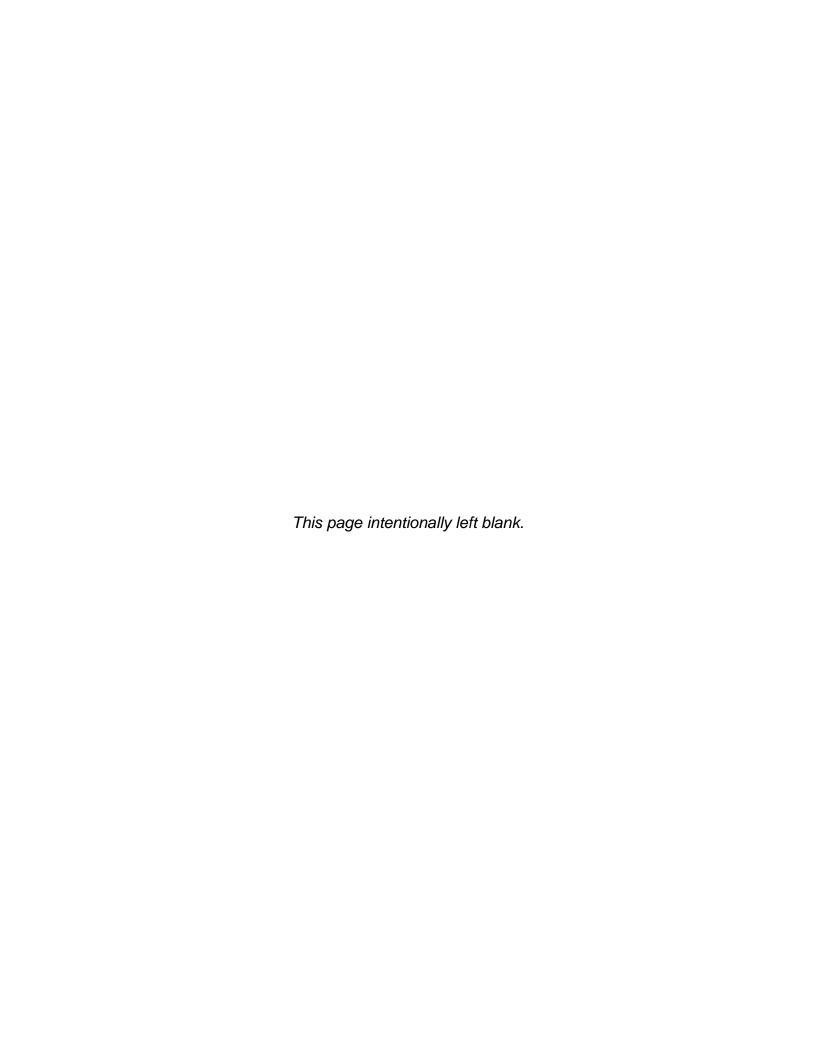
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ (16,055,316)	\$ -	\$ (16,055,316)
(56,063,071)	<u>-</u>	(56,063,071)
3,095,349	-	3,095,349
3,116,512	-	3,116,512
(1,295,467)	-	(1,295,467)
(8,792,569)	-	(8,792,569)
(75,994,562)		(75,994,562)
_	6,496	6,496
	6,496	6,496
(75,994,562)	6,496	(75,988,066)
33,822,147	-	33,822,147
23,526,119	-	23,526,119
5,237,769	-	5,237,769
1,809,656	-	1,809,656
3,006,299	-	3,006,299
1,988,435	-	1,988,435
2,019,179	30	2,019,209
71,409,604	30	71,409,634
(4,584,958)	6,526	(4,578,432)
10,985,492	235,307	11,220,799
\$ 6,400,534	\$ 241,833	\$ 6,642,367

# City of West Covina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

						Special	Reve	nue
		General	V	Vest Covina Housing Authority	F	Proposition A		State Gas Tax
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	10,067,949	\$	8,295,072	\$	3,366,912	\$	8,090,680
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	- 0,000,012	Ψ	-
Restricted Cash		1,623,398		6,305		_		_
Receivables, net:		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-,				
Accounts		1,106,907		_		_		_
Taxes		5,220,616		_		_		-
Interest		831,120		15,447		_		-
Notes and Loans		-		14,902,965		_		-
Other		3,872,469		-		_		668,800
Due from Other Agencies		-		-		-		-
Leases		6,834,555		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		515,871		-		-		-
Advances to Successor Agency		-		-		-		-
Avances to Other Funds		171,043		-		-		-
Prepaid Items		179,820		-		-		-
Land Held for Resale		3,007,802		-				
Total Assets	\$	33,431,550	\$	23,219,789	\$	3,366,912	\$	8,759,480
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	1,803,768	\$	19,609	\$	2,500,000	\$	3,147,438
Accrued Liabilities	•	1,559,491	•	8,976	*	_,,,,,,,,,	•	159,638
Deposits Payable		1,607,329		-		_		-
Unearned Revenue		35,286		_		_		-
Due to Other Funds		· -		_		_		-
Advances to Other Funds		-		-				_
Total Liabilities		5,005,874		28,585		2,500,000		3,307,076
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue		562,379		_		_		_
Lease Related		6,834,555		-				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		7,396,934						
FUND BALANCE (DEFICITS)								
Nonspendable		3,358,665		_		_		_
Restricted		16,069		23,191,204		866,912		5,452,404
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		17,654,008		-				
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		21,028,742		23,191,204		866,912		5,452,404
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	33,431,550	\$	23,219,789	\$	3,366,912	\$	8,759,480

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

		D	ebt Service			
					Non-major	
	ARPA	Ci	tywide Debt	G	overnmental Funds	Total
	AINEA	- 01	tywide Debt		i ulius	Total
\$	8,711,423	\$	594,186	\$	68,163,246	\$ 107,289,468
	-		19,385,340		<del>-</del>	19,385,340
	-		-		8,664	1,638,367
	_		_		31,624	1,138,531
	_		_		363,028	5,583,644
	_		78,963		, , ,	925,530
	-		-			14,902,965
	-		-		221,488	4,762,757
	-		-		2,451,203	2,451,203
	-		-			6,834,555
	-		-		-	515,871
	-		-		-	- 171,043
	_		_		90,943	270,763
	_		_		90,943	3,007,802
				-		0,00.,002
\$	8,711,423	\$	20,058,489	\$	71,330,196	\$ 168,877,839
\$	274,095	\$	3,750	\$	2,837,443	\$ 10,586,103
Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	466,189	2,194,294
	_		_		4,000	1,611,329
	8,437,328		-		-	8,472,614
	-		-		102,331	102,331
					171,043	171,043
	8,711,423		3,750		3,581,006	23,137,714
					1,647,557	2,209,936
	_		_		1,047,557	6,834,555
						0,001,000
					1,647,557	9,044,491
	-		-		90,943	3,449,608
	-		20,054,739		58,415,502	107,996,830
	-		-		7,617,849	7,617,849
					(22,661)	17,631,347
			20,054,739		66,101,633	136,695,634
\$	8,711,423	\$	20,058,489	\$	71,330,196	\$ 168,877,839



# City of West Covina Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Fund balances of governmental funds	Ş	136,695,634
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation	470,361,411 (277,477,833)	192,883,578
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds.		2,209,936
Interest Payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liabiltiy		_,,
in the funds.		(3,092,000)
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds Payable (including premiums)		(231,690,193)
Loans Payable		(6,044,700)
Compensated Absences		(4,372,333)
Notes Payable		(6,947,007)
Net Pension Liability		(44,600,464)
Total OPEB Liability		(54,205,612)
Amounts for deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to the City's Net Pension Liability are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		37,822,672
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		(785,967)
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		8,878,853
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		(17,602,036)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management, to individual funds.  The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds must be added to		
the statement of net position.		(2,749,827)
·	_	, , , ,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Net position of governmental activities

6,400,534

# City of West Covina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Special	Revenue
	General	West Covina Housing Authority	Proposition A	State Gas Tax
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 67,392,598	\$ -	\$ 3,107,213	\$ 2,446,155
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits	4,667,301	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures	902,570	-		-
Investment Income	554,096	446,195	29,121	116,285
Rental Income	1,024,929	-	-	- 0.740.545
Revenue from Other Agencies	1,505,457	-	-	2,740,515
Charges for Services	7,593,870	460 000	-	208
Other Revenues	2,037,330	169,200		
Total Revenues	85,678,151	615,395	3,136,334	5,303,163
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	5,227,963	-	-	3,462
Public Safety	51,913,603	262,166	-	-
Public Works	6,482,296	-		6,980,656
Community Services	2,586,282	007.000	2,547,918	005
Community Development	569,469	607,680	-	925
Debt Service:				
Principal Interest	-	-	-	-
interest		·		
Total Expenditures	66,779,613	869,846	2,547,918	6,985,043
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	10.000.500	(054.454)	500 440	(4.004.000)
over Expenditures	18,898,538	(254,451)	588,416	(1,681,880)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer In	10			567,200
Transfer for	(22,028,686)	-	-	507,200
Transier Out	(22,020,000)	· <del></del>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(22,028,676)	<u> </u>		567,200
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,130,138)	(254,451)	588,416	(1,114,680)
Fund Balances, Beginning	24,158,880	23,445,655	278,496	6,567,084
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 21,028,742	\$ 23,191,204	\$ 866,912	\$ 5,452,404

	Debt Service		
		Non-major Governmental	
ARPA	Citywide Debt	Funds	Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,227,357	\$ 84,173,323
-	-	7,001,653	7,001,653
-	-	-	4,667,301
-	-	- 007 700	902,570
-	895,648	837,708	2,879,053
1,931,560	1,432,557	169,323 4,431,700	1,194,252 12,041,789
1,931,300	1,432,337	417,746	8,011,824
_	-	2,715,954	4,922,484
			.,022, .0 .
1,931,560	2,328,205	26,801,441	125,794,249
4 540 000	44.005	100.011	7.050.004
1,519,060	11,895	490,244	7,252,624
335,000	-	4,562,395 11,928,308	57,073,164 25,391,260
77,500	-	3,532,574	8,744,274
77,500	_	268,593	1,446,667
		200,000	1,110,001
-	6,440,885	-	6,440,885
	8,916,689		8,916,689
1,931,560	15,369,469	20,782,114	115,265,563
	(13,041,264)	6,019,327	10,528,686
	13,148,540	3,166,197 (26,376)	16,881,947 (22,055,062)
	13,148,540	3,139,821	(5,173,115)
-	107,276	9,159,148	5,355,571
	19,947,463	56,942,485	131,340,063
\$ -	\$ 20,054,739	\$ 66,101,633	\$ 136,695,634

### **City of West Covina**

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds

\$ 5,355,571

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

Capital Expenditures	9,114,615
Depreciation Expense	(11,570,459)
Loss on Disposal	(149,667)

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

(367,766)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, government funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. The effect of these differences are as follows:

Principal Paid on Notes Payable	578,918
Principal Paid on Bonds Payable	5,495,000
Principal Paid on Loans Payable	366,967
Amortization of Premium on Lease Revenue Bonds	53,105

Accrued interest on bonds is not recorded in the governmental funds. This is the net change in accrued interest for the period.

71,015

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as governmental fund expenditures:

Net Change in Employee Leave Benefits	(372,623)
Net Change in Net Pension Liability	(38,803,226)
Net Change in Net Pension Asset	(65,722,733)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	10,890,497
Net Change in Deferred Outflows Pension Related Amounts	28,023,090
Net Change in Deferred Inflows Pension Related Amounts	66,853,201
Net Change in Deferred Outflows OPEB Related Amounts	(3,083,250)
Net Change in Deferred Inflows OPEB Related Amounts	(5,079,673)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

(6,237,540)

Change in net position of governmental activitie

\$ (4,584,958)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# City of West Covina Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Computer Service Enterprise Fun	Internal d Service Funds
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Investments	\$	- \$ 15,624,199
Restricted Cash and Investments		- 275,381
Accounts Receivable, Net	612,079	
Due from Other Agencies		21,755
Prepaids	93,360	
Inventories	705.406	71,488
Total Current Assets	705,439	17,834,576
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		- 693,571
Total Noncurrent Assets		693,571
Total Assets	705,439	18,528,147
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:	00.04	750.004
Accounts Payable	30,814	
Other Accrued Liabilities	1,984	
Due to Other Funds Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:	413,540	-
Compensated Absences	17,268	7,164
Claims Payable	17,200	7,046,745
Total Current Liabilities	463,606	
Total Guiterit Liabilities	+00,000	7,010,000
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Claims Payable		13,464,636
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		13,464,636
Total Liabilities	463,606	21,277,974
	·	
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	044.000	693,571
Unrestricted	241,833	
Total Net Position	\$ 241,833	\$ (2,749,827)

# City of West Covina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities		Governmental Activities	
	Computer Service Enterprise Fund		Internal Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services Other Revenues	\$	686,731 -	\$	5,636,803 102,658
Total Operating Revenue		686,731		5,739,461
OPERATING EXPENSES  Personnel Services Cost of Sales, Services, and Operations Depreciation Insurance and Claims Paid  Total Operating Expenses		128,639 551,596 - - - 680,235		197,894 1,616,779 208,459 15,137,127 17,160,259
Operating Income (Loss)		6,496		(11,420,798)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment Income Gain/ (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets  Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		30 - 30		10,143
Income Before Contributions and Transfers		6,526		(11,410,655)
Transfers In Transfers Out		- -		5,173,115 -
Change in Net Position		6,526		(6,237,540)
Total Net Position, Beginning		235,307		3,487,713
Total Net Position, Ending	\$	241,833	\$	(2,749,827)

# City of West Covina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

Cash Flows from Operating Activities         Cash Page (as Page 1)         Cash Flows from Operating Activities           Cash Received from Customers         \$ 74,662         \$ 5,718,756           Cash Received from User Departments         \$ 74,662         \$ 5,718,756           Cash Received from User Departments         (622,611)         (10,187,569)           Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services         (622,611)         (10,187,569)           Cash Paid to Employees for Services         (679,139)         (4670,447)           Net Cash from Operating Activities         (679,139)         (4670,447)           Net Cash From Noncapital Financing Activities         413,540         5,173,115           Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities         2         (302,024)           Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities         2         (302,024)           Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities         3         10,143           Net Cash From Capital and Related Financing Activities         3         10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         3         10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         3         10,143           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (265,569)         210,787           Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		Bus	iness-type	G	overnmental
Cash Flows from Operating Activities         Enterprise Fund         Internal Enterprise Fund           Cash Received from Customers         \$74,652         \$5,718,756           Cash Received from Use Departments         (622,611)         (101,87,569)           Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services         (622,611)         (101,87,569)           Cash Paid to Employees for Services         (131,180)         (201,634)           Net Cash from Operating Activities         (679,139)         (4,670,47)           Cash Flows from Moncapital Financing Activities         413,540         5,173,115           Net Cash Flows from Capital Assets         3         (302,024)           Seash Flows from Capital Assets         2         (302,024)           Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities         3         (302,024)           Recursion and Construction of Capital Assets         2         (302,024)           Net Cash from Investing Activities         3         10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         3         10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         2(265,569)         15,688,793           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         2(265,569)         15,688,793           Activities         3         6,496         15,898,580 <td< td=""><td></td><td colspan="2">Activities</td><td></td><td>Activities</td></td<>		Activities			Activities
Cash Flows from Operating Activities         Enterprise Fund         Service Funds           Cash Received from Customers         \$ 74,652         \$ .718,756           Cash Received from User Departments         6.22,611         \$ .718,756           Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services         (131,180         (201,634)           Cash Paid to Employees for Services         (131,180         (201,634)           Net Cash from Operating Activities         679,139         (4,670,447)           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         413,540         5,173,115           Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities         413,540         5,173,115           Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities         3         3(302,024)           Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities         3         10,143           Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities         3         10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         3         10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         3         10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         3         10,143           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (265,569)         210,787           Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year         \$         6,496 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					
Cash Flows from Operating Activities         \$ 74,652         \$ - 6           Cash Received from Customers         \$ 74,652         \$ - 7           Cash Received from User Departments         \$ 5,718,7568         \$ 622,611         \$ (10,187,569)           Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services         \$ (679,139)         \$ (201,634)           Net Cash From Operating Activities         \$ (679,139)         \$ (4,670,447)           Cash Frows from Operating Activities           Cash Received from Other Funds         \$ 413,540         \$ 5,173,115           Net Cash From Noncapital Financing Activities         \$ 413,540         \$ 5,173,115           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         \$ 2         \$ (302,024)           Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities         \$ 2         \$ (302,024)           Net Cash from Investing Activities         \$ 30         \$ 10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         \$ 30         \$ 10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         \$ 30         \$ 10,143           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 265,569         \$ 15,688,793           Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year         \$ 6,496         \$ 15,889,580           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Op				_	
Cash Received from Customers         \$ 74,652         \$	Cook Flows from Operating Activities	Ente	rprise Fund	S	ervice Funds
Cash Received from User Departments         5,718,756           Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services         (622,611)         (10,187,569)           Cash Paid to Employees for Services         (131,180)         (201,634)           Net Cash from Operating Activities         (679,139)         (4,670,447)           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         413,540         5,173,115           Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities         413,540         5,173,115           Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities         2         (302,024)           Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities         3         (302,024)           Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities         3         10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         30         10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         30         10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         30         10,143           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (265,569)         210,787           Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year         \$         \$         15,889,580           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         \$         6,496         \$ (11,420,798)           Opter Cash provided (Used) by	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	¢	74 652	Ф	
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services         (622,611) (101,87,569) (201,634)           Cash Paid to Employees for Services         (131,180) (201,634)           Net Cash from Operating Activities         (679,339) (4,670,447)           Cash Received from Other Funds         413,540         5,173,115           Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities         413,540         5,173,115           Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities         413,540         5,173,115           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         5         (302,024)           Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities         5         (302,024)           Net Cash from Investing Activities         3         10,143           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         265,569         210,787           Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year         \$         6,496         \$ 18,899,580           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         \$         6,496         \$ (11,420,798)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (		Ψ	74,032	Ψ	- 5 718 756
Cash Paid to Employees for Services         (131,180)         (201,634)           Net Cash from Operating Activities         (679,139)         (4,670,447)           Cash Received from Noncapital Financing Activities         413,540         5,173,115           Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities         413,540         5,173,115           Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities         -         (302,024)           Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets         -         (302,024)           Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities         -         (302,024)           Net Cash from Investing Activities         30         10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         30         10,143           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         265,569         210,787           Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year         265,569         15,688,793           Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year         \$6,496         \$11,420,798           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         \$6,496         \$(11,420,798)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (Used) by Operating activities         \$6,496         \$(11,420,798)           Depreciation         \$6,496         \$(11,420,798)         \$(10,609)	•		(622 611)		
Net Cash from Operating Activities         (679,139)         (4,670,447)           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         413,540         5,173,115           Net Cash Received from Other Funds         413,540         5,173,115           Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities         3413,540         5,173,115           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         -         (302,024)           Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities         -         302,024)           Net Cash from Investing Activities         30         10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         30         10,143           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (265,569)         210,787           Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year         265,569         15,688,793           Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year         \$         \$         \$ 15,889,580           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities           Operating income (loss)         \$         6,496         \$ (11,420,798)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:         \$         \$         \$ 208,459           Other Revenues         -         208,459         (Increase) Decrease in Accounts	• •		, ,		,
Cash Received from Other Funds         413,540         5,173,115           Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities         413,540         5,173,115           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         -         (302,024)           Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities         -         (302,024)           Net Cash from Investing Activities         30         10,143           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (265,569)         210,787           Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year         265,569         15,688,793           Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year         \$ 6,496         (11,420,798)           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         \$ 6,496         (11,420,798)           Operating income (loss)         \$ 6,496         (11,420,798)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:         \$ 208,459           Other Revenues         \$ 2         208,459           Other Revenues         \$ 2         20,705	• •				
Cash Received from Other Funds         413,540         5,173,115           Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities         413,540         5,173,115           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         -         (302,024)           Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities         -         (302,024)           Net Cash from Investing Activities         30         10,143           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (265,569)         210,787           Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year         265,569         15,688,793           Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year         \$ 6,496         (11,420,798)           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         \$ 6,496         (11,420,798)           Operating income (loss)         \$ 6,496         (11,420,798)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:         \$ 208,459           Other Revenues         \$ 2         208,459           Other Revenues         \$ 2         20,705	Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         . (302,024)           Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities         . (302,024)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities         . (302,024)           Interest on Investing Activities         30         10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         30         10,143           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (265,569)         210,787           Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year         265,569         15,688,793           Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year         \$ a.         \$ 15,899,580           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         \$ 6,496         (11,420,798)           Operating income (loss)         \$ 6,496         (11,420,798)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:         \$ 6,496         (11,420,798)           Depreciation         \$ 6,496         (11,420,798)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000)         (10,000) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>413,540</td><td></td><td>5,173,115</td></t<>			413,540		5,173,115
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities		413,540		5,173,115
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Cash Flows from Investing Activities         30         10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         30         10,143           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (265,569)         210,787           Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year         265,569         15,688,793           Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year         \$ -         \$ 15,899,580           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		-		(302,024)
Interest on Investments         30         10,143           Net Cash from Investing Activities         30         10,143           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (265,569)         210,787           Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year         265,569         15,688,793           Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year         \$         -         \$15,899,580           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         ***         **	Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities		-		(302,024)
Net Cash from Investing Activities         30         10,143           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (265,569)         210,787           Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year         265,569         15,688,793           Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year         \$ -         \$ 15,899,580           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         \$ 6,496         \$ (11,420,798)           Operating income (loss)         \$ 6,496         \$ (11,420,798)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:         \$ 5,496         \$ (11,420,798)           Depreciation         -         208,459           Other Revenues         -         -         -           Other Revenues         -         -         -           (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable         (612,079)         (20,705)           (Increase) Decrease in Inventory and Prepaid Items         123,282         (1,840,039)           Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable         (194,297)         568,149           Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable         (2,747)         (3,018)           Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences         (2,747)         (3,018)           Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments	Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (265,569)         210,787           Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year         265,569         15,688,793           Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year         \$ -         \$ 15,899,580           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         \$ 6,496         \$ (11,420,798)           Operating income (loss)         \$ 6,496         \$ (11,420,798)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:         \$ -         208,459           Other Revenues         -         208,459           Other Revenues         -         -         -           (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable         (612,079)         (20,705)           (Increase) Decrease in Use from Other Agencies         -         -         -           (Increase) Decrease in Inventory and Prepaid Items         123,282         (1,840,039)           Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable         (194,297)         568,149           Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities         206         (722)           Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences         (2,747)         (3,018)           Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments         7,838,227	Interest on Investments		30		10,143
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year \$265,569\$ 15,688,793  Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year \$15,899,580  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities  Operating income (loss) \$6,496\$ (11,420,798)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation \$208,459\$ Other Revenues \$208,459\$ (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (612,079) (20,705) (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Agencies (101,000) (10	Net Cash from Investing Activities		30		10,143
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year\$.\$ 15,899,580Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating ActivitiesOperating income (loss)\$ 6,496\$ (11,420,798)Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:Depreciation-208,459Other Revenues(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable(612,079)(20,705)(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Agencies(Increase) Decrease in Inventory and Prepaid Items123,282(1,840,039)Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable(194,297)568,149Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities206(722)Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences(2,747)(3,018)Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments-7,838,227	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(265,569)		210,787
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities  Operating income (loss) \$ 6,496 \$ (11,420,798)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation - 208,459 Other Revenues (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (612,079) (20,705) (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Agencies (Increase) Decrease in Inventory and Prepaid Items 123,282 (1,840,039) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable (194,297) 568,149 Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities 206 (722) Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences (2,747) (3,018) Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments - 7,838,227	Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		265,569		15,688,793
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities  Operating income (loss) \$ 6,496 \$ (11,420,798)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation - 208,459 Other Revenues (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (612,079) (20,705) (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Agencies (Increase) Decrease in Inventory and Prepaid Items 123,282 (1,840,039) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable (194,297) 568,149 Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities 206 (722) Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences (2,747) (3,018) Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments - 7,838,227	Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	_	\$	15,899,580
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation Other Revenues (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Agencies (Increase) Decrease in Inventory and Prepaid Items Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments  Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments  - 7,838,227	· · ·				
cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation - 208,459 Other Revenues (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Agencies (Increase) Decrease in Inventory and Prepaid Items 123,282 (1,840,039) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable (194,297) 568,149 Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities 206 (722) Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences (2,747) (3,018) Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments - 7,838,227	Operating income (loss)	\$	6,496	\$	(11,420,798)
Other Revenues         -					
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable(612,079)(20,705)(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Agencies(Increase) Decrease in Inventory and Prepaid Items123,282(1,840,039)Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable(194,297)568,149Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities206(722)Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences(2,747)(3,018)Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments-7,838,227	·		-		208,459
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Agencies(Increase) Decrease in Inventory and Prepaid Items123,282(1,840,039)Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable(194,297)568,149Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities206(722)Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences(2,747)(3,018)Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments-7,838,227			_		-
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory and Prepaid Items123,282(1,840,039)Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable(194,297)568,149Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities206(722)Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences(2,747)(3,018)Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments-7,838,227			(612,079)		(20,705)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable         (194,297)         568,149           Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities         206         (722)           Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences         (2,747)         (3,018)           Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments         -         7,838,227	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		100 000		- (4.940.030)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities206(722)Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences(2,747)(3,018)Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments-7,838,227					
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences (2,747) (3,018) Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments - 7,838,227	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		
Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments - 7,838,227	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				, ,
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		( <u>~</u> , ( ¬ ( )		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	(679,139)	\$	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# City of West Covina Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	Successor Agency Private-purpose Trust Fund	Pension Trust Funds	
ASSETS		•	007.004
Cash and Investments	\$ 2,743,526	\$	267,021
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	1,504,482		
Restricted Cash and Investments	6,514,513		-
Receivables, Net:			
Taxes	-		-
Interest	14,187		-
Accounts	<del>-</del>		-
Assessments	12,500		-
Due from City of West Covina	6,947,007		-
Land Held for Resale	54,279		
Total Assets	17,790,494		267,021
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	-		-
Accrued Liabilities	1,317		-
Interest Payable	59,646		-
Due to Other Governments	83,716		_
Advances from City of West Covina	-		-
Long-term Liabilities:			
Due to County Auditor Controller	6,947,007		-
Due within One Year	1,269,975		-
Due in More than One Year	92,901,396		
Total Liabilities	101,263,057		
NET POSITION			
Held in Trust for:			
Successor Agency	(83,472,563)		-
Pension Benefits	<u> </u>		267,021
	\$ (83,472,563)	\$	267,021

# City of West Covina Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Successor Agency Private-purpose Trust Fund		Pension Trust Funds	
ADDITIONS Contributions:				
Taxes and assessments collected for others	\$	4,488,574	\$	<u>-</u>
Employer Contributions	Ψ	-	Ψ	127,065
Investment Earnings:				,
Interest Income		95,141		23,564
Rental Income		62,500		
Total Additions		4,646,215		150,629
DEDUCTIONS				
Program Administration		1,780,006		-
Administrative Costs		4,993,609		14,632
Benefit Distributions		-		259,391
Interest and Fiscal Charges		225,103		
Total Deductions		6,998,718		274,023
Change in Net Position		(2,352,503)		(123,394)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		(81,120,060)		390,415
Net Position - End of Year	\$	(83,472,563)	\$	267,021



#### 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of West Covina, California (the City) have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

#### A) Financial Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated on February 23, 1923 under the general laws of the State of California. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units; entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City is considered to be financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of that organization's governing body and the City is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The City is also considered to be financially accountable for an organization if that organization is fiscally dependent (i.e., it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval from the City). In certain cases, other organizations are included as component units if the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that their exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Because each component unit meets the above-mentioned criteria, included within the financial reporting entity of the City are the City of West Covina Housing Authority, the West Covina Public Financing Authority, the Parking Authority of the City of West Covina, and the West Covina Community Services Foundation, Inc. A brief description of each component unit follows:

#### West Covina Housing Authority

The West Covina Housing Authority (the Housing Authority) was formed on January 17, 2012 and is responsible for the administration of providing affordable housing in the City. The Housing Authority is administered by a Board which consists of members of the City Council, and management of the City has operational responsibility for the Housing Authority. The transactions of the Housing Authority are reported as a special revenue fund and the Housing Authority is reported as a blended component unit of the City.

#### West Covina Public Financing Authority

The West Covina Public Financing Authority (the Authority) was created by a joint powers agreement between the City and the Community Development Commission of the City on June 1, 1990. The purpose of the Authority is to provide, through the issuance of debt, financing necessary for various capital improvements. The Authority is administered by the Board who are the members of the City Council. The Authority's sole source of income is installment sale, loan and lease payments received from the City and former Community Development Commission (the Commission) which are used to meet the debt service requirements on debt issues. The Authority is blended into the debt service fund of the City.

#### The Parking Authority of the City of West Covina

The Parking Authority of the City of West Covina (the Parking Authority) was formed under the provision of the government code of the State of California for the purpose of financing and constructing parking facilities for lease to the City. The City Council acts as the governing body of the Parking Authority and is able to impose its will on the Parking Authority. It is a component unit of the City, and the financial statements of the Parking Authority are included within the financial statements of the City using the blended method. The Parking Authority has been inactive since 1999.

#### 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The West Covina Community Services Foundation, Inc.

The West Covina Community Services Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) was established on July 26, 2005 as a nonprofit public benefit corporation. It was organized and operates exclusively for charitable purposes within the meaning of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Foundation is administered by the Board of Directors who are the members of the City Council. The Foundation is blended into the special revenue funds of the City.

Since the City Council serves as the governing board for these component units, all of the City's component units are considered to be blended component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are reported with the interfund data of the primary government. Except for the Housing Authority, these component units do not issue component unit financial statements.

Separate financial statements for the Housing Authority can be obtained from the City of West Covina, City Hall.

#### B) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The basic financial statements of the City are composed of the following:

- Government-wide Financial Statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to financial statements

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements:**

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government (including its blended component units). Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by the function to which they were allocated). However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

#### 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability rather than as an expenditure.

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar programs are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by providers have been met.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds; each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about the major funds individually and other governmental funds in the aggregate for governmental funds. Fiduciary statements represent assets held by the City in a custodial capacity for other individuals or organizations in the private purpose trust, pension trust, and custodial funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Measurable means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. Available means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period.

Revenue recognition is subject to the measurable and available criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. Significant revenues subject to the criteria include taxes, licenses and permits, and intergovernmental revenues. Exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). Locally imposed derived tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. Imposed non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. Government-mandated and voluntary non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

#### 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Revenues, expenditures, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Therefore, recognition of governmental fund type revenue represented by receivables is reported as deferred inflows of resources until they meet the "availability" criteria.

Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, revenue from other agencies, rental income, occupancy taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when cash is received by the government. The availability period for all revenues is 60 days.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as other financing sources rather than as a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures rather than as a reduction of a fund liability.

#### **Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds**

The City's enterprise and internal service funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, the proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their statement of net position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, taxes, and investment earnings result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the enterprise fund financial statements rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the enterprise fund financial statements rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the enterprise fund are reported as a reduction of the related liability rather than as an expenditure.

#### 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The City's fiduciary private purpose and pension trust funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The private purpose trust fund accounts for the assets held by the City for the Successor Agency to the former Community Development Commission of the City. The pension trust fund account for assets and activities of the Public Agency Retirement System Enhancement and Supplemental Retirement defined benefit pension plans. The City's fiduciary custodial accounts for assets held for the benefit of others. Because these funds are not available for use by the City, fiduciary funds are not included in the governmental-wide statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are combined and are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Fund Classifications

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources of the City, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund

The West Covina Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund is used to account for assets and related income received from the former Community Development Commission to be used for the administration of providing affordable housing in the City.

The *Proposition A Special Revenue Fund* accounts for the 0.5% sales tax collected in Los Angeles County which is used for transportation programs and projects.

The State Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund accounts for the City's proportionate share of gas tax monies collected by the State of California and Proposition 1B monies which are used for street construction and maintenance.

The ARPA Special Revenue Fund accounts for the grant funds received from the American Rescue Plan Act.

The *Citywide Debt Service Fund* accounts for the payments of principal, interest, and related costs on the City long-term debt issues.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Computer Service Enterprise Fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The City's enterprise fund is used to account for computer services provided by the Police Department to other public agencies.

#### 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Funds* are used to account for vehicle and equipment maintenance and replacement, for the City's self-insurance programs, and for retirement health savings plans for qualified City employees. Departments of the City are charged for the services provided or benefits received from these funds.

Fiduciary fund financial statements consist of a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City has two types of fiduciary funds, a custodial fund and a private-purpose trust fund. Agency funds are used to account for the assets held for distribution by the City as an agent for another entity for which the City has custodial responsibility and accounts for the flow of assets. Private-purpose trust funds account for resources of all other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments (i.e. unclaimed property/escheat property). Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund</u> – accounts for assets and liabilities transferred in fiscal year 2012 from the Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Covina to the Successor Agency Trust Fund.

<u>Pension Trust Fund</u> – These funds are used to account for the assets and activities of the Public Agency Retirement System Retirement Enhancement and Supplemental Retirement plans.

#### C) Cash and Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying balance sheet at fair value, except for certain certificates of deposit and investment contracts that are reported at cost because they are not transferable and they have terms that are not affected by changes in market interest rates.

Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment income* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment income* includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation or sale of investments.

The City pools cash and investments of all funds, except for assets held by fiscal agents. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as cash and investments. *Investment income* earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates, and have an original maturity date of 3 months or less. Cash equivalents represent the proprietary funds' share in the cash and investment pool of the City.

#### D) Inventories

Inventory is stated at average cost. Physical counts of inventory are taken on a cyclical basis during each fiscal year with perpetual records adjusted to actual at that time. The City uses the consumption method of accounting for inventory.

#### 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### E) Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors for costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements using the consumption method.

#### F) Notes and Loans Receivable

The accompanying financial statements report certain loans receivable for loans made to private developers, private homeowners, and other parties. Where applicable, an allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded to reflect management's best estimate of probable losses associated with non-repayment.

#### G) Property Taxes

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties up to 1% of assessed value, plus other increases approved by the voters. The property taxes go into a pool, and are then allocated to the cities based on complex formulas. Accordingly, the City accrues only those taxes which are received within 60 days after year end. The property tax calendar is as follows:

Prope	erty Tax Calendar	County Remittance Dates and Percentage		
Lien date	January 1	December	40% Advance	
Levy date	July 1	January	10% Advance	
Due date	November 1 and February 1	February	Collection No. 1	
Delinquent dates	December 10 and April 10	April	35% Advance	
		May	Collection No. 2	
		July	Collection No. 3	

#### H) Claims and Judgements

The City records a liability for litigation, judgments, and claims when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability (including incurred but not reported) has been incurred prior to yearend and the probable amount of loss (net of any insurance coverage) can be reasonably estimated. This liability is recorded in the internal service fund that accounts for the City's self-insurance activities.

#### I) Compensated Absences Payable

A liability is recorded for unused vacation and similar compensatory leave balances since the employees' entitlement to these balances are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that virtually all of these balances will be liquidated by either paid time off or payments upon termination or retirement.

A liability is recorded for unused sick leave balances only to the extent that it is probable that the unused balances will result in termination payments. This is estimated by including in the liability the unused balances of employees currently entitled to receive termination payment, as well as those who are expected to become eligible to receive termination benefits as a result of continuing their employment with the City. Other amounts of unused sick leave are excluded from the liability since their payment is contingent solely upon the occurrence of a future event (illness) which is outside the control of the City and the employee.

#### 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The General Fund and Computer Service Enterprise Fund typically have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

#### J) Capital Assets

Capital assets greater than \$5,000 and infrastructure greater than \$100,000 are capitalized and recorded at cost or at an estimated fair value of the assets at the time of acquisition where complete historical records do not exist. Contributed capital assets are valued at their acquisition value at the date of the contribution. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets include public domain infrastructure assets consisting of certain improvements other than buildings, including roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, medians, sewer and storm drains.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the assets in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements of the proprietary and the private-purpose trust funds. Depreciation starts the year following acquisition. For capital assets, depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets. The lives used for depreciation purposes of each capital asset class generally are:

#### **Governmental Activities**

Infrastructure - pavement	25 years
Infrastructure - other	20 - 75 years
Buildings	20 - 50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 - 50 years
Equipment and Vehicles	5 - 25 years

# **Business-type Activities**

Equipment and Machinery 5 - 25 years

#### K) Interest Payable

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, interest payable on long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred. In the Fund Financial Statements, proprietary fund types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

#### L) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The City has certain items that qualify for reporting in this category: deferred outflows relating to the City's net pension and OPEB liabilities.

#### 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports deferred inflows for certain items under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues related to taxes and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also reports deferred inflows relating to the net pension and OPEB liabilities.

#### M) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and Public Agency Retirement System plans (PARS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS and PARS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results for pensions must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used for CalPERS:

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2021 Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2022

Measurement Period (MP) July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

The following timeframes are used for PARS:

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2021 Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2022

Measurement Period (MP) July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

#### N) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used: June 30, 2021 Valuation Date; June 30, 2022 Measurement Date; and July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 Measurement Period.

#### O) Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position.

#### 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### P) Fund Balance

Nonspendable Fund Balance: These include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, e.g., the principal of an endowment fund. Examples of "not in spendable form" include inventory, prepaid amounts, long-term notes and loans, property held for resale and other items not expected to be converted to cash. However, if the proceeds from the eventual sale or liquidation of the items would be considered restricted, committed or assigned (as defined further on) then these amounts would be included in the restricted, committed or assigned instead of the nonspendable classification. A debt service reserve fund held by a trustee is an example of fund balance in nonspendable form that is classified as restricted instead of nonspendable since the reserve is eventually liquidated to make the final debt service principal payment.

Restricted Fund Balance: Amounts that have externally enforceable limitations on use. The limitations on use can be imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors as well as by constitutional provisions, enabling legislation, laws and government regulations.

Committed Fund Balance: Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance: Amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council (Council) has by resolution authorized the City Manager to assign fund balance. The Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. Additional formal action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment.

Unassigned Fund Balance: These are either residual positive net resources of the General Fund in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the other four categories, or negative balances. For all funds other than the General Fund, amounts expended in excess of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned, negative unassigned fund balance may be necessary to report.

#### **Q)** Fair Value Measurements

Certain assets and liabilities are required to be reported at fair value. The fair value framework provides a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements), as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies including:

#### 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are inactive; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. These unobservable inputs reflect the City's own assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). These unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the City's own data.

#### R) Leases

Lessor: The City is a lessor for noncancellable leases of land owned by the City. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.
- The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will
  remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are
  expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

### S) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2023 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 122,913,667
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	19,385,340
Restricted Cash and Investments	1,913,748
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	3,010,547
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	1,504,482
Restricted Cash and Investments	6,514,513
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 155,242,297

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

Cash on Hand	\$	17,960
Deposits with Financial Institutions	;	38,813,439
Investments	1	16,410,898

Total Cash and Investments \$155,242,297

#### Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code and the City's investment policy. This table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, if more restrictive) that addresses interest rate risk and concentrations of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City and investments in the City's retirement enhancement and supplemental retirement defined benefit pension trust funds that are in the Public Agency Retirement Plans (PARS Trust Pool), rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Investment Types	Authorized by Investment	Maximum	Maximum Percentage	Maximum Investment
Authorized by State Law	Policy	Maturity*	of Portfolio*	in One Issuer*
U.S. Treasury Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Government Sponsored		o you.o		
Agency Securities	Yes	5 years	None	None
Municipal Securities	Yes	5 years	30%	5%
Supranationals	Yes	5 years	30%	10%
Medium-Term Notes	Yes	5 years	30%	5%
Collateralized Certificate of Deposit	Yes	5 years	25%	25%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Yes	5 years	30%	30%
Banker's Acceptance	Yes	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	Yes	270 days	25%	5%
Asset Backed Securities	Yes	5 years	20%	20%
Money Market Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	20%	10%
Repurchase Agreements	Yes	100 days	20%	20%
County Pooled Investment Funds	Yes	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	Yes	N/A	None	\$75,000,000

<sup>\*</sup>Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

#### 2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

#### <u>Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements</u>

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are generally authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
Investment Types	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized by State Law	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Government Sponsored			
Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Municipal Securities	5 years	30%	None
Supranationals	5 years	30%	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Collateralized Certificate of Deposit	5 years	25%	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	5%
Money Market Mutual Funds	5 years	20%	10%
Repurchase Agreements	100 days	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None

#### <u>Investments Authorized by Pension Trust Agreements</u>

Investments of pension trust fund contributions held by the trustee are governed by the trust agreements. The City selected an investment strategy allowed by the trust agreements with the objective of providing current income and moderated capital appreciation. The strategic ranges for the investment strategy selected by the City are as follows:

5%	Cash
45%	Fixed Income
48.50%	Equities
1.50%	REIT

#### Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater is the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter-term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

## 2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Mate	urity (in Months)	
Investment Type	Total	12 Months Or Less	13 to 24 Months	25 to 60 Months
Los Angeles County Investment Pool	\$ 32,183,229	\$ 32,183,229	\$ -	\$ -
Local Agency Investment Fund	63,054,757	63,054,757	-	-
PARS Trust Pool	283,090	283,090	-	-
Held by Bond Trustees:				
Money Market Mutual Funds	20,889,822	20,889,822		
Total	\$ 116,410,898	\$ 116,410,898	\$ -	\$ -

## Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements and the actual rating as of year-end by Standard and Poor's or Moody's or Fitch for each investment type:

Investment Type	Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	AAA	Unrated
Los Angeles County Investment Pool	\$ 32,183,229	N/A	\$ -	\$ 32,183,229
Local Agency Investment Fund	63,054,757	N/A	-	63,054,757
PARS Trust Pool	283,090	N/A	-	283,090
Held by Bond Trustees:				
Money Market Mutual Funds	20,889,822	Α	20,889,822	
Total	\$ 116,410,898		\$ 20,889,822	\$ 95,521,076

## Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. There was no investment in any one issuer (other than U.S. Government Agencies, Supranationals, Money Market Funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments.

## Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

## 2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provisions for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. All the City's deposits are either federally insured or collateralized as of June 30, 2022. Investments held by bond trustee are selected under the terms of the applicable trust agreement. The trustee acquires the investment and holds the investment on behalf of the reporting government.

## Investment in County Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Los Angeles County Investment Pool (LACIP) that is regulated by the California Government Code and the Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors under the oversight of the Los Angeles County Treasurer-Tax Collector. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amount based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LACIP for the entire LACIP portfolio. The balance for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LACIP, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

## Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the Entity's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based on the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Information regarding LAIF's and the City's exposure to risk (credit, market, or legal) is not currently available.

#### Fair Value of Investments

Investments (except those that may be reported at amortized cost) are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements, are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. None of the investments held at year-end are subject to the fair value hierarchy.

## 3) INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

## Due to/from

The General Fund has loaned \$102,331 to non-major governmental funds, and \$413,540 to the enterprise fund to cover temporary cash deficits.

## 3) INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS - Continued

#### Advances to/from

Advances of \$171,043 between the General Fund and the Auto Plaza Improvement District non-major special revenue fund represent cash advanced for the replacement of the reader board sign at the Auto Plaza.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

		TRANSFERS IN									
	State					Non-major			Internal		
	G	General Gas Tax Citywide Go			Governmental S		Service				
TRANSFERS OUT		Fund		Fund Debt		Funds		Funds Funds		Total	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	567,200	\$ 13,148,540	\$	3,139,831	\$	5,173,115	\$ 22,028,686	
Non-major Governmental Funds		10		-			26,366			26,376	
	\$	10	\$	567,200	\$ 13,148,540	\$	3,166,197	\$	5,173,115	\$ 22,055,062	

The General Fund transferred \$567,200 to the State Gas Tax Fund for an SB1 project. The General Fund transferred \$13,148,540 to the Citywide Debt Service Fund for debt service payments. The General Fund transferred \$3,139,831 to the Non-major Governmental Funds for various projects and operating expenditures. The General Fund transferred \$5,173,115 to the Internal Service Fund for deficits in the self-insurance fund, and to establish the OPEB Internal Service Fund.

## 4) NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE

The following notes and loans receivable were outstanding as of June 30, 2023:

Housing Rehabilitation	\$ 353,888
First Time Homebuyer Loans	121,444
Housing Preservation Program	577,250
Home Improvement Program	653,861
Lark Ellen Towers	6,657,724
Executive Lodge Apartments Limited Partnership	6,627,488
West Covina Senior Villas, LLC	2,833,333
West Covina Senior Villas II, LP	8,513,885
Other Loans	608,196
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(12,044,104)
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 14,902,965

Several housing rehabilitation loans totaling \$353,888 have been made to qualified applicants using Community Development Block Grants received by the City and housing set-aside funds of the former Commission's redevelopment activities. These loans bear 5% interest and are repaid when title to the property changes. The City has included 5% of the balance in the allowance for doubtful accounts.

The Housing Authority has loans to first-time home buyers totaling \$121,444. Loans are secured by second trust deeds and bear interest at 5%. Principal and interest are deferred for five years and are due monthly in years 6 through 30. The City has included 28% of the balance in the allowance for doubtful accounts.

## 4) NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE - Continued

The Housing Authority also has housing preservation loans to qualified applicants using housing set-aside funds totaling \$577,250. Principal and interest are deferred for ten years; after the tenth year loans bear interest at 5%. Loans are repaid after the tenth year or when title to the property changes. The City has included 6% of the balance in the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Several housing improvement loans totaling \$653,861 have been made to qualified applicants. The loans are secured by second trust deeds. The City has not established an allowance for doubtful accounts for these loans.

In May 1997, the Commission loaned \$4,270,000 to Lark Ellen Towers. The loan was transferred to the Housing Authority from the dissolved former Commission. The loan is secured by a deed of trust. The loan accrues interest at 3% per annum and requires annual payments equal to the maximum of \$35,000 or 50% of net profits earned by the project. The outstanding principal and accrued interest as of June 30, 2023 was \$6,657,724.

In April 1998, the Commission loaned \$5,622,300 to Executive Lodge Apartments Limited Partnership (Promenade Apartments project). The loan was transferred to the Housing Authority from the dissolved former Commission. The loan is secured by a deed of trust. The loan was amended and restated on April 1, 2017, with principal of \$6,056,621 accruing interest at 2.82% compounded annually and requires annual payments equal to 50% of "Available Cash Flow". The outstanding principal and accrued interest as of June 30, 2023 was \$6,627,488.

In May 2002, the Commission loaned \$4,360,000 to West Covina Senior Villas, LLC. The loan is secured by a deed of trust. The loan does not accrue interest. The loan requires annual payments of \$141,667 through May 2032 that are forgiven by the City unless the borrower defaults on the agreement. The outstanding principal as of June 30, 2023 was \$2,833,333. The loan is likely to be forgiven; therefore, the City has included the entire balance in the allowance for doubtful accounts.

In May 2009, the Commission entered into an agreement with West Covina Senior Villas II, L.P. to provide \$8,600,000 for the acquisition of real property in the City and construction and maintenance of an approximately 65-unit apartment complex to be rented to low income and very low income senior citizens. The loan is secured by a deed of trust. The loan does not accrue interest and is forgiven so long as the borrower does not default on the loan. The outstanding principal as of June 30, 2023 was \$8,513,885. The loan is likely to be forgiven; therefore, the City has included the entire balance in the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Other notes consist of affordable housing loans of \$400,000. The notes do not accrue interest and are forgiven unless the borrower sells or refinances the property. Additionally, the balance included a note of \$208,196 for low income housing which accrues no interest and is forgivable if the owner maintains the low and moderate income housing status. The outstanding principal of these loans as of June 30, 2023 was \$608,196. The loans are likely to be forgiven; therefore, the City has included the entire balance in the allowance for doubtful accounts.

## 5) LAND HELD FOR RESALE

Land held for resale is valued at the lower of cost or the sales price per contract with the developer. The land held for resale at June 30, 2023 was comprised of land to be used as open space or a municipal golf course in the amount of \$3,007,802.

# 6) CAPITAL ASSETS

	Beginning			Ending
Governmental Activities:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 48,356,495	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,356,495
Rights of Way	14,376,498	-	-	14,376,498
Construction in Progress	22,949,140	6,989,797	(7,831,164)	22,107,773
Total Capital Assets, Not				
Being Depreciated	85,682,133	6,989,797	(7,831,164)	84,840,766
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	116,816,449	2,851,622	-	119,668,071
Equipment and Vehicles	39,291,974	2,338,259	(1,205,130)	40,425,103
Infrastructure - Pavement	199,555,383	3,602,078	-	203,157,461
Infrastructure - Other	24,323,113	1,466,047	(10,385)	25,778,775
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	379,986,919	10,258,006	(1,215,515)	389,029,410
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(53,932,417)	(2,631,213)	-	(56,563,630)
Equipment and Vehicles	(29,699,527)	(2,859,095)	1,064,186	(31,494,436)
Infrastructure - Pavement	(166,541,775)	(5,885,587)	-	(172,427,362)
Infrastructure - Other	(19,406,238)	(403,023)	1,662	(19,807,599)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(269,579,957)	(11,778,918)	1,065,848	(280,293,027)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	110,406,962	(1,520,912)	(149,667)	108,736,383
Governmental Activities, Capital Assets	\$ 196,089,095	\$ 5,468,885	\$ (7,980,831)	\$ 193,577,149

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities:

General Government	\$ 320,386
Public Safety	1,969,779
Public Works	7,985,911
Community Services	1,502,842
	\$ 11,778,918

	1	Beginning					Ending
Business-type Activities:	Balance		 Increases	Decreases		Balance	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Equipment and Vehicles	\$	1,059,120	\$ 	\$	(31,582)	\$	1,027,538
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Equipment and Vehicles		(1,059,120)	 		31,582		(1,027,538)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated					-		-
Business-type Activities, Capital Assets	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-

## 7) LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

		eginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance	_	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:		balance		Additions		Reductions	Dalance			One real
Direct Borrowing:	•				•	(==== = )				
Notes Payable	\$	7,525,925	\$	-	\$	(578,918)	\$	6,947,007	\$	578,918
Loans Payable		6,411,667		-		(366, 967)		6,044,700		260,867
2006 Lease Revenue Bonds	•	14,300,000		-		(660,000)		13,640,000		695,000
2018 Lease Revenue Bonds	2	21,320,000		-		(910,000)		20,410,000		950,000
Premium on Bonds		1,168,298		-		(53,105)		1,115,193		53,105
2020 Lease Revenue Bonds	20	00,450,000		-		(3,925,000)		196,525,000		4,210,000
Compensated Absences		4,009,892		3,978,817		(3,609,212)		4,379,497		3,772,534
Net Pension Liability		5,797,238		38,803,226		-		44,600,464		-
Total OPEB Liability	6	55,096,109		-		(10,890,497)		54,205,612		-
Claims Payable		12,673,154		7,838,227				20,511,381		7,046,745
Total	\$ 33	38,752,283	\$	50,620,270	\$	(20,993,699)	\$	368,378,854	\$	17,567,169
Business-type Activities:		_								
Compensated Absences	\$	20,015	\$	10,040	\$	(12,787)	\$	17,268	\$	17,268
Total	\$	20,015	\$	10,040	\$	(12,787)	\$	17,268	\$	17,268
10101	<u> </u>		$\stackrel{\Psi}{=}$	.0,010	<u> </u>	(12,707)	$\stackrel{\Psi}{=}$	.,,200	<u> </u>	.,,200

The liability for compensated absences, Total OPEB, and Net Pension are generally liquidated by the General Fund and internal service funds.

## Notes Payable - Direct Borrowing

## **Successor Agency Note**

On December 4, 2015, the City and Successor Agency entered into a settlement agreement with the California Department of Finance (DOF) regarding the Other Funds Due Diligence Review. The agreement requires the City to repay the Successor Agency \$11,578,351 for transfers that did not represent enforceable obligations. The Successor Agency will then remit these funds to the Los Angeles County Auditor-Controller for allocation to the affected taxing entities. The amount of the note must be repaid through biannual payments in the amount of \$289,459 each January 15th and June 15th until the loan is repaid in full on June 15, 2035. There is no interest charged on this repayment. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2023 was \$6,947,007. The following represents the future annual debt service requirements:

Fiscal Year Ending				
June 30,	Principal	Interest		 Total
2024	\$ 578,918	\$	192,605	\$ 771,523
2025	578,918		186,786	765,704
2026	578,918		179,661	758,579
2027	578,918		172,411	751,329
2028	578,918		165,877	744,795
2029 - 2033	2,894,590		618,776	3,513,366
2034 - 2035	1,157,827		45,500	 1,203,327
Totals	\$ 6,947,007	\$	1,561,616	\$ 8,508,623
				<u> </u>

## 7) LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

## **Energy Efficiency Loans Payable – Direct Borrowing**

## **Solar Equipment Loan**

In May 2021, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement for the acquisition and installation of certain energy conservation equipment and improvements (solar) with an aggregate principal borrowing of \$3,386,950. The proceeds are to be used to pay for the energy efficiency and conservation improvements as specified in the agreement. The payments bear interest at 3.60% and are due and payable semi-annually on May 13th and November 13th each year, maturing on May 13, 2041. The General Fund will generally be responsible for making the debt service payments annually.

## **Non-Solar Equipment Loans**

In May 2021, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement for the acquisition and installation of certain energy conservation equipment including lighting and HVAC (non-solar) with an aggregate principal borrowing of \$3,215,098. The proceeds are to be used to pay for the energy efficiency and conservation improvements as specified in the agreement. The payments bear interest at 3.05% and are due and payable semi-annually on May 13th and November 13th each year, maturing on May 13, 2036. The General Fund will generally be responsible for making the debt service payments annually. Annual debt service requirements follow:

Fiscal Year Ending					
June 30,	Prin	cipal	 Interest		Total
2024	\$ 2	60,867	\$ 199,894	\$	460,761
2025	2	83,681	191,234		474,915
2026	3	07,696	181,853		489,549
2027	3	10,249	171,878		482,127
2028	3	17,502	161,772		479,274
2029 - 2033	1,7	78,274	644,573		2,422,847
2034 - 2038	1,7	71,872	340,764		2,112,636
2039 - 2041	1,0	14,559	 64,670		1,079,229
Totals	6,0	44,700	1,956,638		8,001,338

#### **Lease Revenue Bonds**

## 2006 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A and B (Big League Dreams Project)

In September 2006, the City issued \$10,710,000 of Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A and \$7,295,000 of taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series B to provide financing for facilities and infrastructure related to the Big League Dreams sports park. The Series A bonds mature annually through June 1, 2036, in amounts ranging from \$80,000 to \$1,270,000, with interest rates that range from 4.0% to a maximum of 5.0% over the term of the bonds. The Series B bonds mature annually through June 1, 2036, in amounts ranging from \$115,000 to \$550,000, with interest rates that range from 5.39% to a maximum of 6.07% over the term of the bonds. The bonds are payable from lease payments as rental for certain public facilities. The reserve requirement was fully funded at June 30, 2023. The outstanding principal balance as of June 30, 2023 was \$13,640,000.

The following represents the future annual debt service requirements:

## 7) LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

Fiscal Year Ending

June 30,	Pr	incipal	Interest	Total	
2024	\$	695,000	\$ 736,880	\$ 1,431,880	
2025		730,000	699,295	1,429,295	
2026		770,000	659,802	1,429,802	
2027		820,000	618,100	1,438,100	
2028		860,000	573,622	1,433,622	
2029		905,000	526,930	1,431,930	
2030		950,000	477,775	1,427,775	
2031	1	,005,000	426,155	1,431,155	
2032	1	,060,000	371,518	1,431,518	
2033	1	,120,000	313,864	1,433,864	
2034	1	,180,000	252,942	1,432,942	
2035	1	,725,000	188,699	1,913,699	
2036	1	,820,000	96,885	1,916,885	
Totals	\$13	,640,000	\$ 5,942,467	\$19,582,467	

#### 2018 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A and B

On November 20, 2018, the City issued \$19,310,000 of Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A and \$4,855,000 of taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series B to provide financing for the advance refunding of the City's 2002 Lease Revenue Bonds Series A, 2004 Lease Revenue Bonds Series A&B, and the 2013 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series A. The Series A bonds mature annually through May 1, 2044, in amounts ranging from \$460,000 to \$125,000, with interest rates that range from 4.0% to a maximum of 5.0% over the term of the bonds. The Series B bonds mature annually through May 1, 2030, in amounts ranging from \$345,000 to \$500,000, with interest rates that range from 2.953% to a maximum of 4.469% over the term of the bonds. The bonds are payable from lease payments as rental for certain public facilities. The reserve requirement was fully funded as of June 30, 2023. The outstanding principal balance as of June 30, 2023 was \$20,410,000.

The following represents the future annual debt service requirements:

Fiscal Year Ending

June 30,	Principal		ncipal Interest		Total	
2024	\$ 950,000	\$	910,569	\$	1,860,569	
2025	990,000		866,750		1,856,750	
2026	1,040,000		820,871		1,860,871	
2027	1,085,000		772,151		1,857,151	
2028	1,135,000		721,118		1,856,118	
2029 - 2033	6,475,000		2,738,411		9,213,411	
2034 - 2038	8,050,000		1,130,200		9,180,200	
2039 - 2043	560,000		93,600		653,600	
2044	125,000		5,000		130,000	
Total	\$ 20,410,000	\$	8,058,670	\$	28,468,670	

## 7) LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

## 2020 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A

On July 23, 2020, the City issued \$204,095,000 of Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A (taxable) to provide financing to pay the City's unfunded pension liabilities to CalPERS, to establish a reserve fund, and pay issuance costs. The Series A bonds mature annually through August 1, 2044, in amounts ranging from \$3,645,000 to \$16,105,000, with interest rates that range from 1.747% to a maximum of 3.892% over the term of the bonds. The bonds are payable from lease payments as rental for certain public facilities. The reserve requirement was fully funded as of June 30, 2023. The outstanding principal balance as of June 30, 2023 was \$196,525,000. The following represents the future annual debt service requirements:

Fiscal Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 4,210,000	\$ 6,904,083	\$ 11,114,083
2025	4,525,000	6,813,563	11,338,563
2026	4,560,000	6,711,662	11,271,662
2027	4,900,000	6,596,630	11,496,630
2028	5,265,000	6,462,372	11,727,372
2029 - 2033	32,600,000	29,632,516	62,232,516
2034 - 2038	45,870,000	22,846,432	68,716,432
2039 - 2043	63,315,000	12,547,350	75,862,350
2044 - 2045	31,280,000	1,235,515	32,515,515
Total	\$196,525,000	\$ 99,750,123	\$296,275,123

## Claims Payable

Claims payable are typically paid from the City's Internal Service Self-Insurance Fund. There is no fixed payment schedule for claims liabilities.

#### Compensated Absences

The liability of \$4,379,497 represents the governmental activities portion of total unpaid vacation and compensation time earned by employees of the City. There is no fixed payment schedule for earned but unpaid compensated absences. The General Fund typically has been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences. The liability of \$17,268 represents the business-type activity portion of total unpaid vacation and compensation time earned by employees of the City. There is no fixed payment schedule for earned but unpaid compensated absences.

#### 8) SELF-INSURANCE

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to its operation, including losses associated with errors and omissions, injuries to employees and members of the public. The City's Internal Service Self-Insurance Fund is used to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss.

#### **Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement**

As of July 1, 2021, the City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority). The Authority is composed of 123 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq.

## 8) SELF-INSURANCE - Continued

The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The Authority began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

The City participates in the excess workers' compensation and excess general liability programs of the Authority.

## **Excess Liability Program**

Liability coverage includes auto liability, employment practices liability, public officials' errors and omissions, bodily injury, personal injury, third party property damage, advertising injury, and employee benefit administration liability. The City has a retained limit of \$1,000,000 per occurrence. The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. The coverage structure is composed of a combination of pooled self-insurance, reinsurance, and excess insurance. Additional information concerning the coverage structure is available on the Authority's website: <a href="https://cipia.org/coverage/risk-sharing-pools/">https://cipia.org/coverage/risk-sharing-pools/</a>.

## **Excess Workers' Compensation Program**

The City has a retained limit of \$1,000,000 per occurrence for workers' compensation claims. The Authority's pooled retention is \$1 million per occurrence with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$1 million. Coverage from \$1 million to \$5 million is purchased through reinsurance policies, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

#### **Purchased Insurance**

#### Pollution Legal Liability Insurance

The City of West Covina participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City of West Covina. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$250,000 deductible, with a limit of \$5 million per member.

#### Property Insurance

The City of West Covina participates in the All-Risk Property Protection Program. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. The City's property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City to the Authority. The total insured value of scheduled City property is \$97,026,667. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2,500 deductible.

## Crime Insurance

The City of West Covina participates in the Crime Insurance Program. Formerly called Blanket Fidelity Bond, this policy covers faithful performance, depositor's forgery, theft of money and securities, and computer fraud related to the transfer of money. The policy limit is \$3,000,000, and the deductible is \$2,500.

## 8) SELF-INSURANCE - Continued

## **Adequacy of Protection**

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2022-23.

## **Claims and Judgments**

The City accounts for uninsured, material claims and judgments and associated legal and administrative costs when it is probable that the liability claim has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Included therein are claims incurred but not reported, which consists of (a) known loss events expected to be presented as claims later, (b) unknown loss events that are expected to become claims, and (c) expected future development on claims already reported. This is based upon historical actual results that have established a reliable pattern supplemented by specific information about current matters. Small dollar claims and judgments are recorded as expenditures when paid.

The claims and judgments liability reported in the Internal Service Self-Insurance Fund is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims and judgments be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Claims and judgments payable, including estimated claims for incurred but not reported claims, amounted to \$20,511,381 as of June 30, 2023.

In the past three years, no claims for general liability or workers' compensation have exceeded the City's purchased insurance coverage.

Changes in the claims and judgments payable amounts for the past two fiscal years for the Self-Insurance Fund are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Beginning of Year	Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	End of Year		
2023	\$ 12,673,154	\$ 13,170,491	\$ 5,332,264	\$ 20,511,381		
2022	\$ 12,740,483	\$ 3,305,329	\$ 3,372,658	\$ 12,673,154		

#### 9) NON-CITY OBLIGATION DEBT

Emanate Health, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation (Corporation), has requested that the California Statewide Communities Development Authority (CSCDA) participate in the issuance of one or more series of revenue bonds (Bonds) in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$260,000,000, for the acquisition, construction, equipping, improvement, renovation, rehabilitation and/or remodeling of hospital, health care and related facilities (Project) to be owned and operated by the Corporation or one of its affiliates.

## 9) NON-CITY OBLIGATION DEBT - Continued

For each component of the Project, the issuance of the Bonds by the CSCDA must be approved by the applicable city in which the component of the Project is located before construction can begin. One component of the Project consists of the construction of two separate buildings at the Queen of the Valley Hospital campus located in West Covina.

On May 19, 2020, the City Council approved the issuance of the Bonds and Refunding Bonds by the CSCDA for the purposes of financing and/or refinancing the Project via the adoption of the resolution number 2020-26.

## 10) FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

The City's governmental fund balances at June 30, 2023, are presented below:

	General Fund	West Covina Housing Authority	Proposition A	State Gas Tax	ARPA	Citywide Debt	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable:	-							
Prepaid Items	\$ 179,820	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 90,943	\$ 270,763
Advances to Successor Agency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances to Other Funds	171,043	-	-	-	-	-	-	171,043
Land Held for Resale	3,007,802	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,007,802
Restricted for:								
Affordable Housing	-	23,191,204	-	-	-	-	-	23,191,204
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	20,054,739	-	20,054,739
Pension Trust	16,069	-	-	-	-		-	16,069
Community Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,175,983	1,175,983
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,582,820	7,582,820
Public Works	-	-	866,912	5,452,404	-	-	49,656,699	55,976,015
Assigned:								
Capital Improvement	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,617,849	7,617,849
Unassigned	17,654,008	-	-	-	-	-	(22,661)	17,631,347
Total Fund Balances	\$ 21,028,742	\$ 23,191,204	\$ 866,912	\$ 5,452,404	\$ -	\$ 20,054,739	\$ 66,101,633	\$ 136,695,634

## 11) DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following non-major governmental funds reported the following deficits in fund balances at June 30, 2023:

#### Special Revenue Funds:

Community Development Block Grant \$	2,357
Auto Plaza Improvement District	6,023
Community Services Foundation	14,281

The deficit of \$84,939 in the Community Development Block Grant Fund is the result of expenditures incurred prior to reimbursement from grantors. The deficit will be eliminated through future grant revenues. The Auto Plaza Improvement District deficit will be reduced as the fund pays back the advance from the General Fund. The deficit in the Community Services Foundation Fund will be eliminated through future revenues.

## 12) PENSION PLAN SUMMARY

The City currently has a total of two pension plans administered by CalPERS and two retirement enhancement plans administered by PARS. The pension plans consist of a miscellaneous agent plan and a safety agent plan (see Note 14 for a full description of the plans). The retirement enhancement plan consists of an EPMC replacement supplemental retirement plan and a supplemental retirement plan for executive staff and City Council (see Note 15 for a full description of the plans). The summary of the pension related liability, deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources are as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plan	Safety Plan	EPMC	EXEC	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 7,768,948	\$ 29,697,063	\$ 262,295	\$ 94,366	\$ 37,822,672
Deferred Inflows of Resources	499,615	141,830	144,522	-	785,967
Pension Liability/(Asset)	11,516,712	28,248,676	1,043,356	3,791,720	44,600,464

## 13) EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

#### **General Information about the Pension Plans**

Plan Descriptions: All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Miscellaneous and Safety Plans, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the plan are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided: The Plans are agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). A full description of the pension plans regarding number of employees covered, benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information are listed in the plans' June 30, 2021 Annual Actuarial Valuation Report (funding valuation). Details of the benefits provided can be obtained in Appendix B of the actuarial valuation report. This report and CalPERS' audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

## 13) EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - Continued

The Plans' provisions in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

		Miscellaneous						
	Prior to	On or after	Prior to	On or after				
Hire date	January 1, 2011	January 1, 2011	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013				
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 55	2.5% @ 55	2.0% @ 60	2% @ 62				
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service				
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life				
Retirement age	50-67+	50-67+	50-67+	52-67+				
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)				
Required employee contribution rates	0%	8.00%	7%	6.75%				
Required employer contribution rates	9.56% + \$760,894	9.56%	9.56%	9.56%				
		Safety						
	Prior to	Prior to	On or after					
Hire date	July 1, 2012	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013					
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57					
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service					
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life					
Retirement age	50 & up	50-55+	50-57+					
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	(1)	(1)	(1)					
Required employee contribution rates	9%	9%	12.75%					
Required employer contribution rates	20.64% + \$1,326,961	20.64%	20.64%					
(1) - Depending on years of service								

<sup>(1) -</sup> Depending on years of service

**Employees Covered:** At June 30, 2023 (June 30, 2021 valuation date), the following number of employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Inactive employees or beneficiaries		
currently receiving benefits	462	359
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet		
receiving benefits	298	73
Active employees	100	153
Total	860	585

Contributions: Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. It is the responsibility of the employer to make necessary accounting adjustments to reflect the impact due to any Employer-Paid Member Contributions or situations where members are paying a portion of the employer contribution.

<sup>\*</sup>New hires who are already enrolled in CalPERS are eligible for benefits under the Tier II, and other new hires are enrolled in the PEPRA rate plans.

## 13) EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - Continued

## **Net Pension Liability/(Asset)**

The City's net pension liability/(asset) for the Plans is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plans' fiduciary net position. The net pension liability/(asset) of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2022, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2022 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability/(asset) is shown below.

**Actuarial Assumptions:** The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method	entry-age normal
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.30%
Projected salary increase	(1)
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Mortality	(2)
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	(3)
Projected salary increase Investment rate of return Mortality	(1) 6.90% (2)

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds.
- (3) The lesser of contract COLA or 2.30% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.30% thereafter

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 2001 to 2019. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include generational mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

**Long-term Expected Rate of Return** - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

# 13) EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - Continued

	New Strategic	
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Return (1,2)
Global Equity - Cap Weighted	30%	4.54%
Global Equity - Non-Cap Weighted	12%	3.84%
Private Equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10%	1.56%
High Yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5%	2.48%
Private Debt	5%	3.57%
Real Assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	-5%	-0.59%

- (1) An expected inflation of 2.3% used for this period.
- (2) Figures are based on the 2021 Asset Liability Management study.

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF C was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

The changes in the Net Pension Liability for the Miscellaneous and Safety Plans are as follows:

	Miscellaneous					
	Increase (Decrease)					
	F	Pension Plan	Plan Fiduciary	I	Net Pension	
		Liability	Net Position	Liability/(Asset)		
Balance at June 30, 2021 (June 30, 2022 reporting date)	\$	165,455,322	\$ 180,056,172	\$	(14,600,850)	
Changes in the year:						
Service cost		1,102,405	-		1,102,405	
Interest on the total pension liability		11,240,257	-		11,240,257	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(2,165,000)	-		(2,165,000)	
Changes in assumptions		4,428,742	-		4,428,742	
Contributions from the employer		-	1,212,228		(1,212,228)	
Contributions from employees		-	671,818		(671,818)	
Net investment income		-	(13,283,040)		13,283,040	
Benefit payments, including refunds		(10,735,978)	(10,735,978)		-	
Administrative/other expense		-	(112,164)		112,164	
Net changes		3,870,426	(22,247,136)		26,117,562	
Balance at June 30, 2022 (June 30, 2023 reporting date)	\$	169,325,748	\$ 157,809,036	\$	11,516,712	

## 13) EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - Continued

Safety					
Increase (Decrease)					
Pension Plan Plan Fiduciary			١	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position		Lia	ability/(Asset)
\$	419,477,453	\$	470,599,336	\$	(51,121,883)
	6,180,932		-		6,180,932
	29,392,100		-		29,392,100
	860,268		-		860,268
	14,667,222		-		14,667,222
	-		4,920,292		(4,920,292)
	-		2,052,325		(2,052,325)
	-		(34,949,499)		34,949,499
	(24,245,865)		(24,245,865)		-
	-		(293,155)		293,155
	26,854,657		(52,515,902)		79,370,559
\$	446,332,110	\$	418,083,434	\$	28,248,676
		Pension Plan Liability \$ 419,477,453  6,180,932 29,392,100 860,268 14,667,222 - (24,245,865) - 26,854,657	Pension Plan Liability \$ 419,477,453 \$ 6,180,932 29,392,100 860,268 14,667,222 (24,245,865) - 26,854,657	Increase (Decrease   Pension Plan   Plan Fiduciary   Net Position     \$ 419,477,453   \$ 470,599,336     \$ 6,180,932   -     29,392,100   -     860,268   -     14,667,222   -     4,920,292   -     2,052,325   (34,949,499)     (24,245,865)   (24,245,865)     26,854,657   (52,515,902)	Increase (Decrease)   Pension Plan

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

	M	Miscellaneous		Safety
1% Decrease Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	5.90% 32,228,687	\$	5.90% 87,929,249
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	6.90% (14,600,850)	\$	6.90% 28,248,676
1% Increase Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	7.90% (30,977,525)	\$	7.90% (20,633,320)

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

## Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense/(income) of \$2,087,848 for the Miscellaneous Plan and \$8,418,776 for the Safety Plan. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows for the Miscellaneous and Safety Plans from the following sources:

## 13) EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - Continued

	Miscellaneous			Safety				
	Defe	rred Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows	Defe	erred Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows
	of	Resources	of I	Resources	of	Resources	of F	Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	1,541,102	\$	-	\$	5,590,927	\$	-
Differences between actual and expected experience		-		499,615		2,346,999		141,830
Changes in assumptions		1,022,017		-		10,222,609		-
Net differences between projected and actual								
earnings on plan investments		6,746,931				17,127,455		-
Total	\$	9,310,050	\$	499,615	\$	35,287,990	\$	141,830

The \$1,541,102 and \$5,590,927 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction/(increase) of the net pension liability/(asset) in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

		Deferred Outflows/Inflows of				
Year Ending		Resources, Net				
June 30,	Mi	Miscellaneous		Safety		
2024	\$	1,314,634	\$	7,573,620		
2025		673,905		6,727,415		
2026		204,719		1,897,489		
2027		5,076,075		13,356,709		
2028		-		-		
Thereafter		_		_		

**Payable to the Pension Plan:** The City had no outstanding contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### 14) PUBLIC AGENCY RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PARS)

## A) General Information about the EPMC Replacement Supplemental Pension Plan

## Plan Description and Benefits Provided

Effective November 1, 2007, the City established an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan to supplement the current CalPERS retirement benefits that is to be administered for the City by the Public Agency Retirement System (PARS), a third-party administrator. The plan meets the requirements of a pension trust under California Government Code. Phase II Systems is the PARS Trust Administrator. The plan does not issue separate financial reports.

The EPMC Replacement Plan was established to replace a long-standing benefit for city employees no longer allowed by CalPERS. The plan provides for a benefit in an amount equal to the member's years of service, times the member's final pay, times the CalPERS age factor, times .70% for miscellaneous employees (times .89% for safety employees). At the time of retirement, employees will make an election to receive either a lump sum payment or receive ongoing stipends over their lifetime.

## 14) PUBLIC AGENCY RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PARS) - Continued

Employees shall be eligible to receive benefits under this plan if he or she meets all of the following requirements under one of the following tiers:

#### Tier 1

- Full time miscellaneous employees on or after July 1, 2004 but hired prior to July 1, 2011.
- Classified as a department head or city council, employee represented by the Confidential Employees'
  Association, General Employees' Association, West Covina Maintenance and Crafts Employees'
  Association, Mid-Management Employees' Association and Non-Sworn Support Employees'
  Association.
- Has had compensable earnings under CalPERS impacted by CalPERS regulation, thereby causing a reduction in CalPERS benefits.
- At least fifty (50) years of age.
- Has completed at least one year of employment.
- Has terminated employment with the City and concurrently retired under
- CalPERS under a regular service retirement and remains in retired status under CalPERS.
- Has applied for benefits under this plan.

#### Tier 2

- Full time miscellaneous employees on or after July 1, 2004 but hired prior to July 1, 2011.
- Fire safety employee on or after July 1, 2004 but hired prior to July 1, 2012.
- Police management employee on or after July 1, 2004 but hired prior to December 31, 2012, or an
  employee hired prior to January 1, 2013 who promotes or transfers to police management position on
  or after January 1, 2013.
- Not represented by the West Covina Police Officers Association.
- Has had compensable earnings under CalPERS impacted by CalPERS regulation, thereby causing a reduction in CalPERS benefits.
- At least fifty (50) years of age.
- Has completed at least one year of employment
- Has terminated employment with the City and concurrently retired under CalPERS under a regular service retirement, and remains in retired status under CalPERS.
- Has applied for benefits under this plan.

**Contributions** - The City makes all contributions to these plans. Participants do not make any contributions. The actuarially required contribution is determined on the funding policy and most recent measurement available when the contribution for the reporting period was adopted. The City is funding the plan to pay the benefit payments payable each year. The City's contribution for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$51,212.

## 14) PUBLIC AGENCY RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PARS) - Continued

## **Employees Covered**

At June 30, 2021, the valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the plan:

	EPMC
Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	51
Inactives entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1
Active employees	57
Total	109

## **Net Pension Liability**

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2022, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

**Actuarial Assumptions** - The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	EPMC
Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	entry-age normal
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	5.75% at June 30, 2021
	5.75% at June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.50%
Mortality	CalPERS 2000-2019
	Experience Study
Mortality Improvement	Mortality projected fully
	generation with scale MP-2021

#### **Discount Rate**

GASB 67 and 68 generally require that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 67 and 68 will often require that the actuary performs complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values.

## 14) PUBLIC AGENCY RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PARS) - Continued

The following circumstances were included in the evaluation of sufficiency for the City:

- Annual contributions of 0.7% of payroll (closed group basis) are assumed (beginning with 2015/16).
- Benefit payments are annually withdrawn from the Trust until assets are exhausted and then benefit payments made directly by the City.
- All cash flows are assumed to occur on average halfway through the year.
- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 5.75%.
- The actuarial assumptions do not change.
- GASB 67 and 68 specify that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn
  the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods
  and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience
  which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is the actuary's opinion that a depletion date projection is not appropriate. Therefore, the discount rate is based on the projected portion of the Total Pension Liability funded by the Fiduciary Net Position in each future year. For the funded portion, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (5.75%) was used. For the unfunded portion, the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Go Index as of the June 30, 2022, measurement date (3.54%) was used. The discount rate used (3.54%) represents the single equivalent rate of return, as described under GASB 68 (paragraph 31).

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

The table bellows reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class:

	Target	<b>Expected Real</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	60%	4.56%
Fixed Income	35%	78.00%
Cash	5%	-0.50%
Total	100.00%	

The plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current retirees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is not projected to be sufficient. The City chose the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Index resulting in the use of a 3.54% discount rate (single equivalent rate of return) in calculating the pension liability.

## 14) PUBLIC AGENCY RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PARS) - Continued

## **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

The changes in the net pension liability for the Plan are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total	Plan	Fiduciary	Ne	et Pension
	Pen	sion Liability	Net	Position	Liab	oility/(Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2021 (June 30, 2022 reporting date)	\$	1,235,343	\$	71,013	\$	1,164,330
Changes in the year:						
Service cost		38,336		-		38,336
Interest on the total pension liability		28,982		-		28,982
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		-
Changes in assumptions		(148,744)		-		(148,744)
Contributions from the employer		-		51,428		(51,428)
Net investment income		-		(8,794)		8,794
Benefit payments, including refunds		(38,080)		(38,080)		-
Administrative/other expense				(3,086)		3,086
Net changes		(119,506)		1,468		(120,974)
Balance at June 30, 2022 (June 30, 2023 reporting date)	\$	1,115,837	\$	72,481	\$	1,043,356

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease	2.59%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,156,383
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	\$ 3.59% 1,043,356
1% Increase	4.59%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 948,993

## Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$95,204 for the Plan. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to the Plan from the following sources:

## 14) PUBLIC AGENCY RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PARS) - Continued

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of R	esources	of F	Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	51,212	\$	-
Differences between actual and expected experience		54,405		-
Changes in assumptions		152,870		144,522
Net differences between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments		3,808		-
Total	\$	262,295	\$	144,522

The \$51,212 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Ye	ar Ending			
J	une 30,			EPMC
	2024	9	5	25,167
	2025			24,669
	2026			22,860
	2027			6,586
	2028			(12,721)
TI	nereafter			_

**Payable to the Pension Plan:** The City had no outstanding contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

## B) Supplemental Retirement Plan for Executive Staff and City Council Pension Plan

## Plan Description and Benefits Provided

Effective November 1, 2007, the City established a agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan to supplement the current CalPERS retirement benefits that is to be administered for the City by with the Public Agency Retirement System (PARS), a third-party administrator. The plan meets the requirements of a pension trust under California Government Code. Phase II Systems is the PARS Trust Administrator. The plan does not issue separate financial reports and is closed to new hires.

This agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan is separated into three tiers.

Tier 1 (full-time non-safety Department Head and the City Manager) and Tier 2 (City Council) provides an additional retirement amount to miscellaneous department heads, City Manager and City Council in an amount equal to the amount of \$823 per month. This benefit amount increases each year by CPI, up to 2%. In order to be eligible for this benefit, participants must have five years of service with the City and must retire into PERS from the City.

## 14) PUBLIC AGENCY RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PARS) - Continued

Tier 3 (City Manager) provides an increased retirement benefit to a former City Manager consistent with the terms of his contract. It will convert the retirement formula for all years of prior CalPERS service at non-West Covina agencies to the CalPERS 2.5% @ 55 formula currently in place with the City of West Covina.

#### **Contributions**

All three tiers are combined for funding purposes in this plan. The City makes all contributions to these plans. Participants do not make any contributions. The actuarially required contribution is determined on a pay as you go funding policy and most recent measurement available when the contribution for the reporting period was adopted. The City is funding the plan to pay the benefit payments payable each year. The City's contribution for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$75,852.

## **Employees Covered**

At June 30, 2021, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the plan:

Cumplemental

	Supplemental
Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	11
Active employees	1
Total	12

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2022, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

	Supplemental
Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method	entry-age normal, closed to
	new entrants
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	3.60% at June 30, 2022
	2.23% at June 30, 2021
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increase	3.00%
Benefit Increase	2.00%
Mortality	CalPERS 2000 - 2019
	Experience Study
Investment Rate of Return	5.75%

## 14) PUBLIC AGENCY RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PARS) - Continued

#### **Discount Rate**

GASB 67 and 68 generally require that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 67 and 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values. GASB 67 (paragraph 43) and 68 (paragraph 29) do allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for the City:

- The City ceased contributions and withdrawals from the Trust. The City will pay benefits directly to retirees until the trust is sufficient, on an expected basis, to pay all remaining benefits.
- All cash flows are assumed to occur on average halfway through the year.
- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 5.25%.
- The actuarial assumptions do not change.
- GASB 67 and 68 specify that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn
  the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods
  and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience
  which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is the actuary's opinion that a depletion date projection is not appropriate. Therefore, the discount rate is based on the projected portion of the Total Pension Liability funded by the Fiduciary Net Position in each future year. For the funded portion, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (5.75%) was used. For the unfunded portion, the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Go Index as of the June 30, 2022, measurement date, (3.54%) was used. The discount rate used (3.60%) represents the single equivalent rate of return, as described under GASB 68 (paragraph 31).

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class:

	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	60%	4.56%
Fixed Income	35%	0.78%
Cash	5%	-0.50%
Total	100.00%	

## 14) PUBLIC AGENCY RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PARS) - Continued

The plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current retirees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is not projected to be sufficient. The City chose the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Index resulting in the use of a 3.54% discount rate (single equivalent rate of return) in calculating the pension liability.

## **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

The changes in the net pension liability, with a measurement date of June 30, 2022, for the Plan are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total	Pla	n Fiduciary	Net Pension		
	Pen	sion Liability	Ne	t Position	Lial	oility/(Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2021 (June 30, 2022 reporting date)	\$	5,093,359	\$	460,451	\$	4,632,908	
Changes in the year:							
Service cost		-		-		-	
Interest on the total pension liability		111,645		-		111,645	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		-	
Changes in assumptions		(921,653)		-		(921,653)	
Contributions from the employer		-		80,949		(80,949)	
Net investment income		-		(44,821)		44,821	
Benefit payments, including refunds		(173,697)		(173,697)		-	
Administrative/other expense				(4,948)		4,948	
Net changes		(983,705)		(142,517)		(841,188)	
Balance at June 30, 2022 (June 30, 2023 reporting date)	\$	4,109,654	\$	317,934	\$	3,791,720	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease	2.60%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 4,435,503
Current Discount Rate	3.60%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,791,720
1% Increase	4.60%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,274,321

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense/(credit) of (\$825,732). At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to the Plan from the following sources:

## 14) PUBLIC AGENCY RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PARS) - Continued

	Deferre	d Outflows	Deferred	Inflows
	of Re	sources	of Reso	ources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	75,852	\$	-
Net differences between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments		18,514		-
Total	\$	94,366	\$	

The \$75,852 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30,	Sup	plemental
2024	\$	2,910
2025		2,507
2026		(551)
2027		13,648
2028		-
Thereafter		-

**Payable to the Pension Plan:** The City had no outstanding contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

## 15) DEFINED CONTRIBUTION RETIREMENT PLAN

During the 1991-1992 fiscal year, the City established the West Covina Part-Time Retirement Plan, a defined contribution retirement plan, for all non-benefited, part-time employees in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457, to conform to Section 3121(b)(7)(F) of the Internal Revenue Code added by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990. The plan is administered by Nationwide Retirement Solutions. The plan was established by the authority of the City Council who retains the authority to amend the plan.

A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account and the returns earned on investments of the contributions.

Part-time, non-benefited, non-persable employees of the City must participate in the plan. During 2012-13, 195 part-time employees participated in the plan. All contributions to the plan vest immediately. An employee who leaves the City is entitled to all contributions and earnings applied to the individual's account through the date of separation, less legally required income tax withholding. Contribution levels into the deferred compensation plan were established by City Council resolution at 0% for the City and 7.5% for non-benefited, non-persable part-time employees.

## 15) DEFINED CONTRIBUTION RETIREMENT PLAN - Continued

During the year, total required and actual contributions amounted to \$77,581 and covered payroll for the year ended June 30, 2022 totaled \$1,034,404. No contributions were made by the City and employees contributed \$77,581 (7.72% of current covered payroll). Total plan assets at June 30, 2022 were \$880,170. Plan assets are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries and, therefore, are not included in the financial statements.

## 16) OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### **General Information About the OPEB Plan**

#### **Plan Descriptions**

**Medical** - The City administers a single-employer defined benefit plan which provides healthcare benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents in accordance with various labor agreements. City paid amounts are capped at varying amounts depending on employee's bargaining unit, as follows:

#### Police:

- \$1,005 per month for employees hired before July 1, 2012, with five years of sworn service or hired after July 1, 2012, with more than twenty years of sworn service
- PEMHCA minimum amount (\$149 and \$151 per month in calendar years 2022 and 2023, respectively) for employees hired after July 1, 2012, with less than twenty years of sworn service

#### Fire:

- o \$1,005 per month for employees hired before July 1, 2012, with five years of sworn service
- EMHCA minimum amount (\$149 and \$151 per month in calendar years 2022 and 2023, respectively) for employees hired after July 1, 2012

## Miscellaneous:

 PEMHCA minimum amount (\$149 and \$151 per month in calendar years 2022 and 2023, respectively).

**Life Insurance** - Eligible retirees, in accordance with various labor agreements, receive life insurance benefits from the City as follows:

- \$500 Confidential/Exempt, General, Maintenance and Non-Sworn Safety bargaining units
- \$10,000 Executive Management, Mid-Management, Police Management (retired after September 1, 2006), Fire Management and Fire bargaining units
- \$10,500 Police bargaining unit

**Employees Covered by Benefit Terms** - As of the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the Plan:

Active Employees	236
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefit:	7
Retirees or spouses of retirees currently receiving benefits	277
Total	520

## 16) OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

**Contributions** - The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council. The contribution required to be made under City Council and bargaining unit requirements is based on a pay-as-you-go basis (i.e. as medical insurance premiums become due). For fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City contributed \$2,509,808 to the plan, including \$2,074,938, for current premiums (100% of total premiums), and \$426,000 of implied subsidy premiums.

**Total OPEB Liability** - The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total OPEB liability determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2021, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Actuarial Cost

Mortality CalPERS 2000 - 2019 Experience Study
Health Care Trend Rate Non-Medicare - 6.5% for 2023, 3.75% ultimate

Medicare - 5.65% for 2023, 3.75% ultimate

PEMHCA Minimum Increase 4.0% Annually

Inflation Rate 2.50% Salary Changes 2.75%

Discount Rate 3.54% at June 30, 2022 2.16% at June 30, 2021

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.54% at June 30, 2022.

## **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

	-	Total OPEB ability (TOL)
Balance at June 30, 2022 (2021 Measurement Date)	\$	65,096,109
Changes in the year:		
Service cost		1,774,641
Interest on the total OPEB liability		1,418,451
Differences between expected and actual experience		-
Changes of assumptions		(11,680,203)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(2,403,386)
Net changes		(10,890,497)
Balance at June 30, 2023 (2022 Measurement Date)	\$	54,205,612

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	Discount Rate			Valuation	Di	scount Rate
	1% Lower Di		Discount Rate		1% Higher	
Total OPEB liability (asset)	\$	62,307,513	\$	54,205,612	\$	47,643,270

## 16) OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's Total OPEB would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Current						
	Healthcare Cost						
	1% Decrease Trend Rate		1	% Increase			
Total OPEB liability (asset)	\$	51,276,713	\$	54,205,612	\$	57,210,941	

## OPEB Expense and Recognition of Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The Plan Fiduciary Net Position was \$0 at the June 30, 2022 measurement date, as the City is not prefunding with an OPEB trust. The City does not have assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments is amortized using the straight-line method over 5 years, while all other amounts are amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of plan participants, which was 5.1 years as of the 2019 valuation date.

## **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense/(credit) of (\$217,766). The City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
OPEB Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date Changes of Assumptions Net differences between expected	\$ 2,509,808 6,369,045	\$ 11,908,771
and actual experience	-	5,693,265
Total	\$ 8,878,853	\$ 17,602,036

The \$2,509,808 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2022 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	
2024	\$ (2,359,521)
2025	(2,115,773)
2026	(4,612,354)
2027	(2,145,343)
2028	-
Thereafter	_

## 17) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- A) In 1989, in order to assist in the expansion of the Fashion Plaza shopping center, the City enacted an ordinance to allow the Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Covina (the predecessor to the West Covina Community Development Commission) to receive the sales tax generated as a result of the expansion project. At the same time, the City enacted an ordinance providing a credit for sales tax payable by the developer in the amount equal to the sales tax due to the redevelopment agency. These sales tax ordinances and related agreements between the City and the Agency essentially transferred the sales tax increment due to the Fashion Plaza expansion project from the City to the Agency.
- B) On July 25, 2005, the Board of Directors of the former West Covina Community Development Commission adopted Resolution No. 2005-50. By this resolution, the Board of Directors authorized the Commission to reimburse the City of West Covina over a period of 17 years for the sales tax revenue that had essentially been shifted from the City to the Agency. These budgeted interfund transfers between the primary government of the City of West Covina and the former Community Development Commission will be recorded in the fiscal year that they result in a flow of current financial resources, as required by the measurement focus prescribed for governmental funds. As a result of the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, the Department of Finance has deemed this agreement as an unenforceable obligation.
- C) Outstanding construction commitments at year-end were approximately \$1.2 million.

## 18) SUCCESSOR AGENCY DISCLOSURES

The assets and liabilities of the Commission's former non-housing redevelopment activities were transferred to the City in its fiduciary capacity as the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Covina on February 1, 2012, as a result of the dissolution of California redevelopment agencies. These assets and liabilities and any activities related to them are reported in the City's fiduciary private-purpose trust fund financial statements. Disclosures related to these assets and liabilities are as follows:

#### Due from the City of West Covina

As part of the dissolution process, AB1484 required the Successor Agency to have due diligence reviews of both the low and moderate-income housing funds and all other funds to be completed by October 15, 2012, and January 15, 2013, to compute the funds (cash) which were not needed by the Successor Agency to be retained to pay for existing enforceable obligations. The Successor Agency remitted \$1,891,166 to the County Auditor-Controller (CAC) on December 19, 2012, for the low and moderate-income housing funds due diligence review.

The due diligence review for all other funds was finalized with the final letter of determination issued by the DOF on April 24, 2013. The DOF determined that the principal and interest payments made by the former Community Development Commission totaling \$12,205,531 on various loans from the City of West Covina for the period January 1, 2011, to June 30, 2012, were on loans not made within the first two years of the formation of the former redevelopment agency. The DOF ordered the Successor Agency to remit \$11,578,351 to the CAC within five days from the date of the letter. City management, in consultation with its legal counsel, did not agree with the DOF's decision and filed a lawsuit to contest the decision. The City also did not remit the payments that were disallowed to the CAC. In December 2015, the City entered into a settlement agreement, which requires the City to repay the \$11,578,351 over a period of 20 years. See additional details on the long-term payable in Note 8. As the City repays the Successor Agency, the Successor Agency will remit the amounts collected to the CAC.

## 18) SUCCESSOR AGENCY DISCLOSURES - Continued

The City reported a long-term liability of \$6,947,007 (reported as part of notes payable) in governmental activities and a receivable of \$6,947,007 in the Successor Agency related to the DOF's determination at June 30, 2023.

### Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale is valued at the lower of cost or the sales price per contract with the developer. The land held for resale at June 30, 2023 was comprised of BKK Project in the amount of \$54,279.

## **Long-Term Liabilities**

Changes in long-term liabilities for the Successor Agency are as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	_	oue Within One Year
1996 Special Tax Bonds	\$	4,905,000	\$ -	\$ (4,905,000)	\$ -	\$	-
Tax Allocation Bonds:							
Series 2017, Refunding		6,835,000	-	(1,425,000)	5,410,000		1,255,000
Premium		179,698	-	(14,975)	164,723		14,975
Developer Agreement Payable		88,596,648	-	-	88,596,648		
Total	\$ ^	100,516,346	\$ -	\$ (6,344,975)	\$ 94,171,371	\$	1,269,975

## 2017 Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding Bonds

On February 14, 2017, the Successor Agency issued Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding bonds, Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt) and 2017B (Federally Taxable). These bonds refinanced the 1998 Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation Bonds Series A & B, the 2001 Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds, the 2002 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds and the 1999 Taxable Variable Rate Demand Tax Allocation Bonds.

The bonds are payable from and secured solely from the Trust Estate, which will consist primarily of principal and interest payments on the Local Obligations to be purchased by the Authority as set forth in the Agency Indenture. The interest on the Series A bonds is payable semiannually on September 1 and March 1 of each year at interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%. The principal of the Series A bonds is due annually throughout 2026, in amounts ranging from \$400,000 to \$670,000. The interest on the Series B bonds is payable semiannually on September 1 and March 1 of each year at interest rates ranging from 1% to 3.75%. The principal of the Series B bonds is due annually throughout 2032, in amounts ranging from \$145,000 to \$1,215,000. The reserve requirement was fully funded as of June 30, 2023. The principal balance of outstanding bonds at June 30, 2023 was \$5,410,000.

The future debt service requirements for the bonds are as follows:

## 18) SUCCESSOR AGENCY DISCLOSURES - Continued

Fiscal	Year	Ending

June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2024	\$ 1,255,000	\$ 160,406	\$ 1,415,406	
2025	1,290,000	117,281	1,407,281	
2026	1,200,000	78,007	1,278,007	
2027	145,000	58,409	203,409	
2028	415,000	48,700	463,700	
2029	425,000	33,469	458,469	
2030	435,000	17,344	452,344	
2031	150,000	6,375	156,375	
2032	95,000	1,781	96,781	
Totals	\$ 5,410,000	\$ 521,772	\$ 5,931,772	

## **Developer Agreement Payable**

On June 26, 1989, the Commission entered into an agreement with a developer to share certain future tax revenues generated by the Community Facilities District. Since 1992, the developer's share of revenues totaled \$55,372,039, the unpaid balance accrues interest at a rate of 10%. The Commission has made payments to the developer totaling \$21,678,037. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2023 was \$88,596,648. The Developer Advances are repaid by the Commission only from available funds in the Repayment Fund. The Repayment Fund is funded in any year the total of the Minimum Special, Tax and Agency Contributions exceeds the annual debt service on the Public Financing of the 1996 Special Tax Refunding Bonds. According to the Developer Agreement, the Agency Contributions terminate once the outstanding principal and accrued interest on these bonds are paid in full.

The bonds were paid in full on September 1, 2022. As of June 30, 2023, the Community Facilities District had a restricted cash balance of \$6,514,513. The City has engaged a consulting firm to provide a closeout report for the District's remaining funds to determine the appropriate disposition. Once complete, a detailed Closeout Analysis and Findings Report will be issued with a list of de delinquencies, the requirements for fund disposition, and the list of parcels and their refunds amount if applicable.

#### 19) LEASES

**Lease Receivable** - In prior fiscal years, the City entered into various land lease agreements with third parties to lease pieces of land owned by the City. The initial lease terms ranged from 5 to 30 years. The City currently receives monthly payments from all leases of \$42,064. The City recognized \$424,909 in lease revenue and \$83,299 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to the various leases. As of June 30, 2023, the City's receivable for lease payments was \$6,834,555. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease terms. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$6,834,555.

#### 20) IMPLEMENTATION OF GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

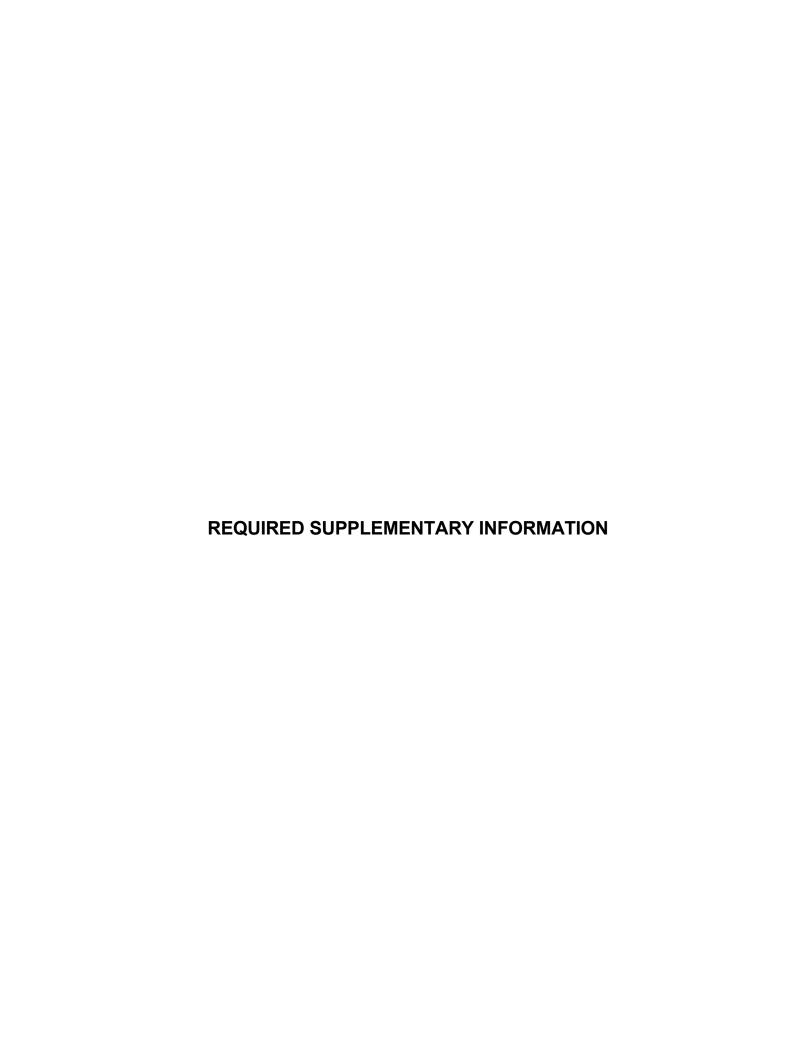
The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued the following Statements, which may affect the City's financial reporting requirements in the future:

Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends December 31, 2024.

## 21) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Following June 30, 2023, the City settled several of its open general liability claims. The City settled a wrongful termination claim with a former employee for \$275,000 in June 2023. Due to the timing, this claim was still on the outstanding claims listing as of June 30, 2023. Further, the City settled personal injury claim with an employee for \$450,000 in November 2023. Additionally, the City settled a bodily injury claim with a claimant for \$1,350,000 in November 2023. The City has \$1,000,000 in self-insured retention, leaving \$350,000 to be covered by the City's excess carrier.

In May 2023, a Los Angeles County jury awarded \$4.1 million to a former West Covina fire chief who sued the city for wrongful termination. The City has since filed post-trial motions with the court. The City has \$1,000,000 in self-insured retention for this claim, the remainder will be covered by the City's excess carrier.



# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Variance with
	Pudgoto	d Amounts	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
	Original		Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 61,574,300	\$ 66,714,500	\$ 67,392,598	\$ 678,098
Licenses and Permits	3,167,810	4,458,050	4,667,301	209,251
Fines and Forfeitures	1,023,290	597,690	902,570	304,880
Investment Income	316,600	556,600	554,096	(2,504)
Rental Income	1,134,100	1,134,100	1,024,929	(109,171)
Revenue from Other Agencies	2,326,293	1,073,693	1,505,457	431,764
Charges for Services	7,205,820	8,672,890	7,593,870	(1,079,020)
Other Revenues	2,004,995	2,090,285	2,037,330	(52,955)
Total Revenues	78,753,208	85,297,808	85,678,151	380,343
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	5,040,766	5,832,200	5,227,963	604,237
Public Safety	48,388,647	51,771,956	51,913,603	(141,647)
Public Works	4,877,447	6,635,515	6,482,296	153,219
Community Services	2,769,410	2,843,240	2,586,282	256,958
Community Development	676,983	598,704	569,469	29,235
Total Expenditures	61,753,253	67,681,615	66,779,613	902,002
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures	16,999,955	17,616,193	18,898,538	1,282,345
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	_	11	10	(1)
Transfers Out	(15,525,348)	(22,023,533)	(22,028,686)	(5,153)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(15,525,348)	(22,023,522)	(22,028,676)	(5,154)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,474,607	(4,407,329)	(3,130,138)	1,277,191
Fund Balances, Beginning	24,158,880	24,158,880	24,158,880	
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 25,633,487	\$ 19,751,551	\$ 21,028,742	\$ 1,277,191

# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - West Covina Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Am	nounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original Final					Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES	•	00.700	•	00 700	•	440.405	•	100 105	
Investment Income Other Revenues	\$	22,790	\$	22,790	\$	446,195	\$	423,405	
Other Revenues						169,200		169,200	
Total Revenues		22,790		22,790		615,395		592,605	
EXPENDITURES Current:									
Public Safety		251,072		251,072		262,166		(11,094)	
Community Development		888,031		888,031		607,680		280,351	
,		· .		·					
Total Expenditures		1,139,103		1,139,103		869,846		269,257	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over Expenditures		(1,116,313)		(1,116,313)		(254,451)		861,862	
·								<u> </u>	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In Transfers Out		-		-		-		-	
Hansiers Out				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,116,313)		(1,116,313)		(254,451)		861,862	
Fund Balance, Beginning		23,445,655		23,445,655		23,445,655			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	22,329,342	\$	22,329,342	\$	23,191,204	\$	861,862	

# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Proposition A Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Budgeted	l Amo			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	 Original		Final		Amounts			
REVENUES Taxes Investment Income Revenue from Other Agencies Charges for Services	\$ 2,241,100 1,120	\$	2,741,100 1,120	\$	3,107,213 29,121	\$	366,113 28,001 - -	
Total Revenues	2,242,220		2,742,220		3,136,334		394,114	
EXPENDITURES  Current: General Government Public Works Community Services	2,148,400		2,648,400		2,547,918		100,482	
Total Expenditures	 2,148,400		2,648,400		2,547,918		100,482	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 93,820		93,820		588,416		494,596	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	- -		- -		- -		- -	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							<u>-</u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance	93,820		93,820		588,416		494,596	
Fund Balance, Beginning	 278,496		278,496		278,496			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 372,316	\$	372,316	\$	866,912	\$	494,596	

# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - State Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original			Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES Taxes	\$	2,418,468	\$	2,418,468	\$	2,446,155	\$	27,687	
Investment Income Revenue from Other Agencies Charges for Services		6,690 3,060,426 789		6,690 3,060,426 789		116,285 2,740,515 208		109,595 (319,911) (581)	
Total Revenues		5,486,373		5,486,373		5,303,163		(183,210)	
EXPENDITURES Current:									
General Government Public Works Community Development		- 7,752,678 4,800		- 10,516,096 4,800		3,462 6,980,656 925		(3,462) 3,535,440 3,875	
Total Expenditures		7,757,478		10,520,896		6,985,043		3,535,853	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(2,271,105)		(5,034,523)		(1,681,880)		3,352,643	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		567,200 -		567,200 -		567,200 -		<u>-</u>	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		567,200		567,200		567,200			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,703,905)		(4,467,323)		(1,114,680)		3,352,643	
Fund Balance, Beginning		6,567,084		6,567,084	6,567,084		<u>-</u>		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	4,863,179	\$	2,099,761	\$	5,452,404	\$	3,352,643	

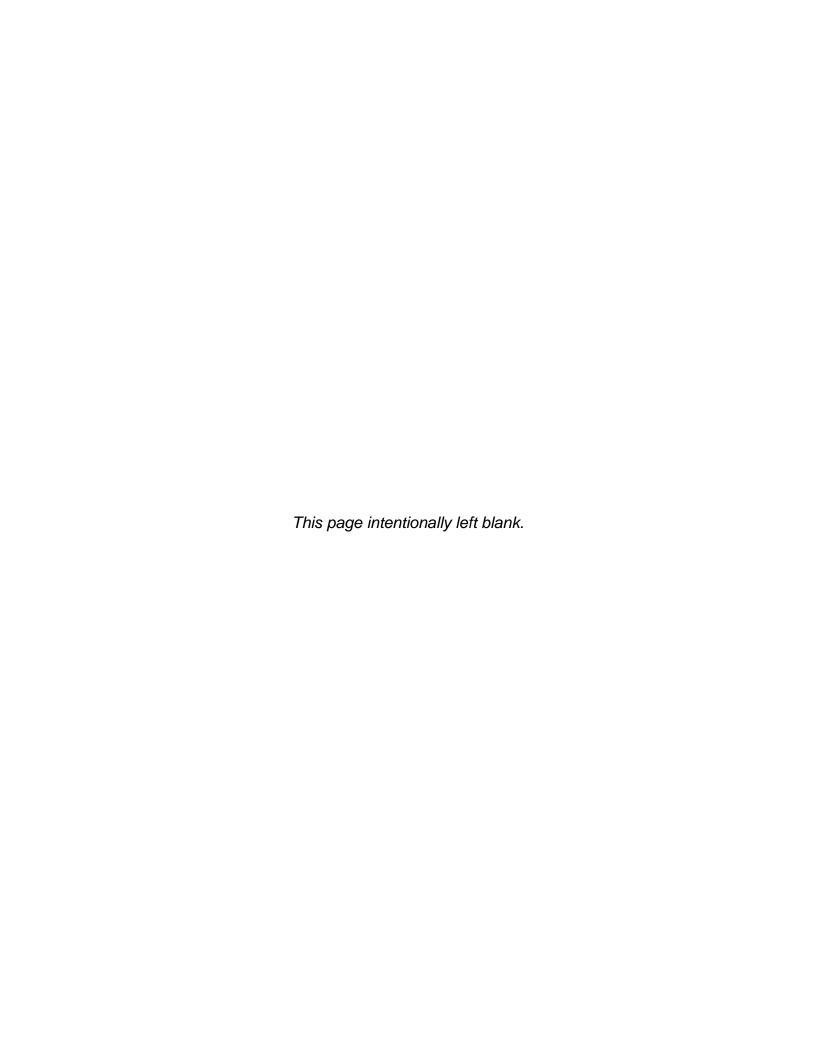
# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - ARPA Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES	•	•		•
Revenue from Other Agencies	\$ -	- \$	\$ 1,931,560	\$ 1,931,560
Total Revenues			1,931,560	1,931,560
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General Government	-	9,897,692	1,519,060	8,378,632
Public Safety	-	335,000	335,000	-
Community Services		140,000	77,500	62,500
Total Expenditures		10,372,692	1,931,560	8,441,132
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(10,372,692)		10,372,692
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	- -	-	-	- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(10,372,692)	-	10,372,692
Fund Balance, Beginning				
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ -	\$ (10,372,692)	\$ -	\$ 10,372,692

#### **BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental funds. The City's budget ordinance requires that in June of each year the City Manager to the City Council for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. As modified during public study sessions, the preliminary budget becomes the proposed budget. Following public hearings on the proposed budget, the final annual budget is adopted by the City Council in June of the fiscal year. After adoption of the final budget, transfers of appropriations within the general fund departments may be done by the City Manager. Budget transfers within a department/fund may be done by department heads. Budget modifications between funds and increases or decreases to a fund's overall budget must be approved by the City Council. Numerous properly authorized amendments are made during the fiscal year. Budgets are not adopted for the CASP Training Special Revenue Fund and the Future Street Improvements Capital Projects Fund.

Budgetary control is enhanced by integrating the budget into the general ledger accounts. Encumbrance accounting (e.g. purchase orders) is employed by the City.



Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Last 10 Years\* CalPERS Pension Plan - Miscellaneous

	Measurement Period									
Total Pension Liability		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Service cost	\$	1,102,405	\$	1,148,088	\$	1,230,251	\$	1,488,940	\$	1,598,999
Interest on total pension liability		11,240,257		11,357,041		11,161,901		11,031,185		10,735,301
Changes in assumptions		4,428,742		-		-		-		(792,110)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(2,165,000)		605,918		(956,094)		1,166,025		884,485
Benefit payments, including refunds		(10,735,978)		(10,630,997)		(9,824,549)		(9,388,384)		(9,225,744)
Net change in total pension liability		3,870,426		2,480,050		1,611,509		4,297,766		3,200,931
Total pension liability - beginning		165,455,322		162,975,272		161,363,763		157,065,997		153,865,066
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	169,325,748	\$	165,455,322	\$	162,975,272	\$	161,363,763	\$	157,065,997
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - employer	\$	1,212,228	\$	41,343,222	\$	3,588,307	\$	3,041,783	\$	2,610,696
Contributions - employee		671,818		489,857		658,924		597,814		785,970
Net investment income		(13,283,040)		33,695,359		5,681,537		7,327,093		9,216,240
Benefit payments		(10,735,978)		(10,630,997)		(9,824,549)		(9,388,384)		(9,225,744)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		=		=		-		(266)
Administrative/Other Expense		(112,164)		(115,152)		(162,590)		(80,969)		(172,889)
Other Miscellaneous Income/Expense		-								(328,320)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(22,247,136)		64,782,289		(58,371)		1,497,337		2,885,687
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		180,056,172		115,273,883		115,332,254		113,834,917		110,949,230
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	157,809,036	\$	180,056,172	\$	115,273,883	\$	115,332,254	\$	113,834,917
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	11,516,712	\$	(14,600,850)	\$	47,701,389	\$	46,031,509	\$	43,231,080
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		93.20%		108.82%		70.73%		71.47%		72.48%
Covered payroll	\$	9,447,250	\$	6,699,270	\$	7,843,755	\$	8,498,816	\$	12,173,646
Net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll		121.91%		-217.95%		608.14%		541.62%		355.12%

#### Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:

Benefit Changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30, 2018 valuation date. This applies to voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes in Assumptions: In 2022, the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15 percent to 6.90 percent. In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflected an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense.) In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

<sup>\*</sup> Pension schedules are intended to show information for ten years, additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Measurement Period										
2017		2016		2015		2014				
\$ 1,568,756	\$	1,395,164	\$	1,454,757	\$	1,653,769				
10,499,411		10,423,152		10,180,561		9,849,865				
8,138,458		-		(2,336,836)		-				
(1,086,666)		(568,485)		(134,455)		-				
(8,527,256)		(8,197,448)		(7,534,397)		(6,835,867)				
 10,592,703		3,052,383		1,629,630		4,667,767				
143,272,363		140,219,980		138,590,350		133,922,583				
\$ 153,865,066	\$	143,272,363	\$	140,219,980	\$	138,590,350				
\$ 2,449,585	\$	1,871,710	\$	1,507,469	\$	1,441,234				
788,064		819,011		714,712		921,495				
11,531,815		590,110		2,500,142		17,189,513				
(8,527,256)		(8,197,448)		(7,534,397)		(6,835,867)				
-		(4,880)		307		-				
(154,821)		(66,948)		(123,626)		-				
 -		-		-		-				
6,087,387		(4,988,445)		(2,935,393)		12,716,375				
 104,861,843		109,850,288		112,785,681		100,069,306				
\$ 110,949,230	\$	104,861,843	\$	109,850,288	\$	112,785,681				
\$ 42,915,836	\$	38,410,520	\$	30,369,692	\$	25,804,669				
72.11%		73.19%		78.34%		81.38%				
\$ 14,062,225	\$	9,349,710	\$	9,381,292	\$	10,025,879				
305.19%		410.82%		323.73%		257.38%				

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Last 10 Years\* CalPERS Pension Plan - Safety

	Measurement Period							
Total Pension Liability		2022		2021		2020		2019
Service cost	\$	6,180,932	\$	5,563,564	\$	5,180,535	\$	5,573,847
Interest on total pension liability		29,392,100		28,585,424		27,556,923		26,959,893
Changes in assumptions		14,667,222		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		860,268		4,243,730		(2,269,271)		706,038
Benefit payments, including refunds		(24,245,865)		(23,371,783)		(22,204,388)		(21,231,071)
Net change in total pension liability		26,854,657		15,020,935		8,263,799		12,008,707
Total pension liability - beginning		419,477,453		404,456,518		396,192,719		384,184,012
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	446,332,110	\$	419,477,453	\$	404,456,518	\$	396,192,719
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer	\$	4,920,292	\$	149,228,549	\$	12,592,111	\$	11,176,490
Contributions - employee		2,052,325		2,010,282		1,806,665		1,731,882
Net investment income		(34,949,499)		87,171,072		12,466,983		15,909,762
Benefit payments		(24,245,865)		(23,371,783)		(22,204,388)		(21,231,071)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		-		-		-
Administrative/Other Expense		(293,155)		(255,545)		(354,567)		(174,192)
Other Miscellaneous Income/Expense		_		_				568
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(52,515,902)		214,782,575		4,306,804		7,413,439
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		470,599,336		255,816,761		251,509,957		244,096,518
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	418,083,434	\$	470,599,336	\$	255,816,761	\$	251,509,957
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	28,248,676	\$	(51,121,883)	\$	148,639,757	\$	144,682,762
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		93.67%		112.19%		63.25%		63.48%
Covered payroll	\$	18,837,825	\$	17,133,244	\$	16,447,485	\$	16,283,859
Net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll		149.96%		-298.38%		903.72%		888.50%

#### Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:

Benefit Changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30, 2018 valuation date. This applies to voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes in Assumptions: In 2022, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.15 percent to 6.90 percent. In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflected an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense.) In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

<sup>\*</sup> Pension schedules are intended to show information for ten years, additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Measi	Irama	ant ⊔	arıad

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 5,300,363	\$ 5,376,792	\$ 4,729,431	\$ 4,604,800	\$ 4,824,545
26,141,448	25,330,388	24,899,740	24,117,128	23,426,151
(1,644,342)	21,000,606	-	(5,858,071)	-
2,470,547	(2,764,123)	(145,882)	(1,760,971)	-
(20,444,515)	(19,858,900)	(18,951,025)	(17,865,208)	(17,362,607)
11,823,501	29,084,763	10,532,264	3,237,678	10,888,089
 372,360,511	343,275,748	332,743,484	329,505,806	318,617,717
\$ 384,184,012	\$ 372,360,511	\$ 343,275,748	\$ 332,743,484	\$ 329,505,806
			_	
\$ 10,515,780	\$ 10,058,079	\$ 8,387,165	\$ 7,339,064	\$ 6,403,118
1,830,019	1,818,024	1,660,160	1,628,630	2,416,548
19,582,552	23,916,665	1,179,228	5,057,426	34,775,710
(20,444,515)	(19,858,900)	(18,951,025)	(17,865,208)	(17,362,607)
(568)	-	4,880	10,338	-
(364,120)	(321,946)	(137,683)	(254,287)	-
(691,471)	_			
10,427,677	15,611,922	(7,857,275)	(4,084,037)	26,232,769
233,668,841	 218,056,919	225,914,194	 229,998,231	203,765,462
\$ 244,096,518	\$ 233,668,841	\$ 218,056,919	\$ 225,914,194	\$ 229,998,231
\$ 140,087,494	\$ 138,691,670	\$ 125,218,829	\$ 106,829,290	\$ 99,507,575
63.54%	62.75%	63.52%	67.89%	69.80%
\$ 14,051,195	\$ 17,084,933	\$ 17,288,458	\$ 16,517,686	\$ 16,974,682
996.98%	811.78%	724.29%	646.76%	586.21%

#### Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Last 10 Years\* PARS Pension Plan - EPMC

	Measurement Period							
Total Pension Liability		2022	2021			2020	2019	
Service cost	\$	38,336	\$	26,943	\$	30,564	\$	29,665
Interest on total pension liability		28,982		31,913		41,806		46,211
Changes in assumptions		(148,744)		38,703		146,898		90,640
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		10,382		-		45,697
Benefit payments, including refunds		(38,080)		(81,760)		(103,008)		(80,968)
Net change in total pension liability		(119,506)		26,181		116,260		131,245
Total pension liability - beginning		1,235,343		1,209,162		1,092,902		961,657
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	1,115,837	\$	1,235,343	\$	1,209,162	\$	1,092,902
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer	\$	51,428	\$	52,666	\$	56,957	\$	62,350
Contributions - employee		-		-		-		-
Net investment income		(8,794)		18,413		2,908		6,567
Benefit payments		(38,080)		(81,760)		(103,008)		(80,968)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		-		-		-
Administrative/Other Expense		(3,086)		(6,231)		(10,788)		(769)
Other Miscellaneous Income/Expense						-		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,468		(16,912)		(53,931)		(12,820)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		71,013		87,925		141,856		154,676
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	72,481	\$	71,013	\$	87,925	\$	141,856
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,043,356	\$	1,164,330	\$	1,121,237	\$	951,046
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		6.50%		5.75%		7.27%		12.98%
·	¢.		¢.		¢.		¢.	
Covered Payroll	\$	6,238,365	\$	7,202,240	\$	10,222,450	\$	14,447,921
Net pension liability as percentage of covered employee payroll		16.72%		16.17%		10.97%		6.58%

#### Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:

Benefit Changes: None.

Changes in Assumptions: In 2022, the discount rate was updated to 3.59% In 2021, the discount rate was updated to 2.31%. In 2020, the discount rate was updated to 2.67 percent. In 2019, the discount rate was updated to 3.90% and the mortality improvement scale was updated to Scale MP- 2019. In 2018, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.86 percent. In 2017, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 3.90 percent to 4.98 percent. In 2016, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 3.50 percent to 3.90 percent. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 4.80 percent to 3.50 percent. In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 4.80 percent discount rate.

<sup>\*</sup> Pension schedules are intended to show information for ten years, additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

		<b>D</b>
NADOCH	ramant	Period

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 29,701	\$ 35,733	\$ 40,000	\$ 36,000	\$ 36,000
46,463	35,268	32,000	28,000	36,000
10,475	(85,060)	(37,000)	200,000	-
-	98,508	-	(72,000)	-
(56,554)	 (42,877)	(91,000)	 (9,000)	 (64,000)
30,085	41,572	(56,000)	183,000	8,000
 931,572	890,000	946,000	 763,000	 755,000
\$ 961,657	\$ 931,572	\$ 890,000	\$ 946,000	\$ 763,000
		_		
\$ 60,056	\$ 61,019	\$ 56,000	\$ 56,000	\$ 65,000
_	-	· -	-	-
8,234	10,029	(1,000)	3,000	12,000
(56,554)	(42,877)	(91,000)	(9,000)	(64,000)
-	-	-	-	-
(775)	(9,456)	(1,000)	(7,000)	(3,000)
-	-	-	-	-
10,961	18,715	(37,000)	43,000	10,000
 143,715	125,000	162,000	119,000	109,000
\$ 154,676	\$ 143,715	\$ 125,000	\$ 162,000	\$ 119,000
\$ 806,981	\$ 787,857	\$ 765,000	\$ 784,000	\$ 644,000
16.08%	15.43%	14.04%	17.12%	15.60%
\$ 15,855,534	n/a	\$ 13,388,000	n/a	n/a
5.09%	n/a	5.71%	n/a	n/a

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Last 10 Years\* PARS Pension Plan - Executive Staff

				Measurem	ent F	Period		
Total Pension Liability		2022		2021		2020		2019
Service cost	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,068	\$	11,963
Interest on total pension liability		111,645		113,650		143,620		133,267
Changes in assumptions		(921,653)		81,046		879,137		281,983
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		168,573		-		477,904
Benefit payments, including refunds		(173,697)		(171,237)		(155,804)		(152,749)
Net change in total pension liability		(983,705)		192,032		881,021		752,368
Total pension liability - beginning		5,093,359		4,901,327		4,020,306		3,267,938
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	4,109,654	\$	5,093,359	\$	4,901,327	\$	4,020,306
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer	\$	80,949	\$	79,364	\$	77,814	\$	78,102
Contributions - employee		-		-		-		-
Net investment income		(44,821)		96,424		15,031		31,817
Benefit payments		(173,697)		(171,237)		(155,804)		(152,749)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		-		-		-
Administrative/Other Expense		(4,948)		(5,903)		(9,475)		(3,109)
Other Miscellaneous Income/Expense		-		-		-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(142,517)		(1,352)		(72,434)		(45,939)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		460,451		461,803		534,237		580,176
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	317,934	\$	460,451	\$	461,803	\$	534,237
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	3,791,720	\$	4,632,908	\$	4,439,524	\$	3,486,069
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		7.74%		9.04%		9.42%		13.29%
, ,	¢.		φ		ф		ф	
Covered Payroll	\$	-	\$	269,287	\$	219,555	\$	179,572
Net pension liability as percentage of covered employee payroll		n/a		1720.44%		2022.06%		1941.32%

#### Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:

Benefit Changes: None.

Changes in Assumptions: In 2022, the discount rate was updarted to 3.60%. In 2021, the discount rate was updated to 2.23% and the mortality improvement scale was updated to Scale MP-2021. In 2020, the discount rate was updated to 2.36%. In 2019, the discount rate was updated to 3.63% and the mortality improvement scale was updated to Scale MP-2019. In 2018, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.16 percent. In 2017, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 6.25 percent to 3.95 percent. In 2016, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 5.55 percent to 4.70 percent. In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 5.55 percent discount rate.

<sup>\*</sup> Pension schedules are intended to show information for ten years, additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Measurement Period

2018	2017	 2016	 2015	2014
\$ 12,235	\$ 20,388	\$ 30,000	\$ 116,000	\$ 112,000
130,692	161,327	141,000	178,000	168,000
(101,877)	803,038	(455,000)	346,000	-
-	(111,492)	-	(643,000)	-
 (139,056)	(136,317)	 (137,000)	 (104,000)	 (82,000)
(98,006)	736,944	(421,000)	(107,000)	198,000
 3,365,944	2,629,000	 3,050,000	 3,157,000	 2,959,000
\$ 3,267,938	\$ 3,365,944	\$ 2,629,000	\$ 3,050,000	\$ 3,157,000
 	_	_		
\$ 74,100	\$ 73,467	\$ 78,000	\$ 78,000	\$ 59,000
-	-	-	-	-
36,931	49,861	9,000	13,000	75,000
(139,056)	(136,317)	(137,000)	(104,000)	(82,000)
-	-	-	-	-
(3,379)	(8,431)	(4,000)	(6,000)	(6,000)
	 	 _	 	 -
(31,404)	(21,420)	(54,000)	(19,000)	46,000
 611,580	633,000	 687,000	 706,000	 660,000
\$ 580,176	\$ 611,580	\$ 633,000	\$ 687,000	\$ 706,000
\$ 2,687,762	\$ 2,754,364	\$ 1,996,000	\$ 2,363,000	\$ 2,451,000
17.75%	18.17%	24.08%	22.52%	22.36%
\$ 172,512	n/a	\$ 143,000	n/a	n/a
1558.01%	n/a	1395.80%	n/a	n/a

# Schedule of Contributions – Last 10 Years\* Agent Multiple-employer Plan – Miscellaneous Plan

Fiscal Year	ontractually Required ontributions	Re	entributions in elation to the Actuarially Determined	Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2023	\$ 1,541,102	\$	(1,541,102)	\$ -	\$ 6,394,459	24.10%
2022	1,212,353		(1,212,353)	-	7,100,111	17.08%
2021	3,887,907		(41,343,286)	(37,455,379)	6,699,270	617.13%
2020	3,588,349		(3,588,349)	-	7,843,755	45.75%
2019	3,041,539		(3,041,539)	-	8,498,816	35.79%
2018	2,610,696		(2,610,696)	-	12,173,646	21.45%
2017	2,449,585		(2,449,585)	-	14,062,225	17.42%
2016	1,871,710		(1,871,710)	-	9,349,710	20.02%
2015	1,507,469		(1,507,469)	-	9,381,292	16.07%

### Schedule of Contributions – Last 10 Years\* Agent Multiple-employer Plan – Safety Plan

_	Fiscal Year	ontractually Required ontributions	Re	ontributions in elation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	Contributi Deficienc (Excess	y/	Covered Payroll	as a	butions a % of vered yroll
	2023	\$ 5,590,927	\$	(5,590,927)	\$	-	\$ 19,136,013		29.22%
	2022	4,920,803		(4,920,803)		-	18,840,380		26.12%
	2021	14,008,612		(149,096,249)	(135,087,	637)	17,133,244		81.76%
	2020	12,592,730		(12,592,730)		-	16,447,485		76.56%
	2019	11,174,096		(11,174,096)		-	16,289,859		68.60%
	2018	10,515,780		(10,515,780)		-	14,051,195		74.84%
	2017	10,058,079		(10,058,079)		-	17,084,933		58.87%
	2016	8,387,165		(8,387,165)		-	17,288,458		48.51%
	2015	7,339,064		(7,339,064)		-	16,517,686		44.43%

<sup>\*</sup> Pension schedules are intended to show information for ten years, additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

### Schedule of Plan Contributions PARS Pension Plan - EPMC Last 10 Years\*

Fiscal Year	F	ntractually Required ntributions	Rela Ad De	ributions in ation to the ctuarially atermined atributions	Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)		Covered Payroll		Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
2023	\$	251,000	\$	(51,212)	\$	199,788	\$	8,046,588	0.64%
2022		173,000		(51,428)		121,572		6,238,365	0.82%
2021		173,000		(52,666)		120,334		7,202,240	0.73%
2020		134,000		(56,957)		77,043		10,222,450	0.56%
2019		134,000		(62,350)		71,650		14,447,921	0.43%
2018		104,000		(60,056)		43,944		n/a	n/a
2017		105,000		(66,000)		39,000		n/a	n/a
2016		105,000		(59,000)		46,000		13,737,000	0.43%
2015		82,000		(56,000)		26,000		n/a	n/a

# Schedule of Plan Contributions PARS Pension Plan - Executive Staff Last 10 Years\*

Fiscal Year	R	ntractually Required ntributions	Rela Ad De	ributions in ation to the ctuarially etermined ntributions	D	ontribution eficiency/ Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
2023	\$	774,000	\$	(75,852)	\$	698,148	\$ -	n/a
2022		487,000		(80,949)		406,051	202,292	40.02%
2021		488,000		(79,364)		408,636	269,281	29.47%
2020		313,000		(77,814)		235,186	219,555	35.44%
2019		314,000		(78,102)		235,898	179,572	43.49%
2018		278,000		(74,100)		203,900	n/a	n/a
2017		279,000		(73,000)		206,000	96,000	76.04%
2016		439,000		(78,000)		361,000	n/a	n/a
2015		439,000		(78,000)		361,000	n/a	n/a

<sup>\*</sup> Pension schedules are intended to show information for ten years, additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

# Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Last 10 Years\*

	Measurement Period									
Total OPEB Liability		2022		2021		2020		2019		
Service cost	\$	1,774,641	\$	2,306,792	\$	1,575,501	\$	1,545,500		
Interest on total OPEB liability		1,418,451		1,704,367		2,156,480		2,285,257		
Changes in assumptions		(11,680,203)		(3,773,434)		13,555,256		2,887,380		
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(8,698,716)		-		(1,738,131)		
Benefit payments, including refunds		(2,403,386)		(2,513,526)		(2,509,638)		(2,384,056)		
Net change in total OPEB liability		(10,890,497)		(10,974,517)		14,777,599		2,595,950		
Total OPEB liability - beginning		65,096,109		76,070,626		61,293,027		58,697,077		
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	54,205,612	\$	65,096,109	\$	76,070,626	\$	61,293,027		
Covered Employee payroll	\$	36,002,475	\$	33,956,907	\$	33,069,467	\$	26,672,215		
Total OPEB liability as percentage of covered - employee payroll		150.56%		191.70%		230.03%		229.80%		

#### Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:

Benefit Changes: None.

<sup>\*</sup> OPEB schedules are intended to show information for ten years, additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Measurem	ent l	Period
2018		2017
\$ 1,619,250	\$	1,913,541
2,158,673		1,889,517
(2,524,608)		(7,040,369)
-		-
(2,470,254)		(2,467,893)
(1,216,939)		(5,705,204)
59,914,016		65,619,220
\$ 58,697,077	\$	59,914,016
\$ 28,239,505	\$	26,527,000
207.85%		225.86%



# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Citywide Debt Service Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Investment Income Revenue from Other Agencies	\$ 36,790 1,432,557	\$ 895,648 1,432,557	\$ 858,858 
Total Revenues	1,469,347	2,328,205	858,858
EXPENDITURES			
Current: General Government Public Safety	12,000	11,895 -	105
Debt Service: Principal Interest	6,436,073	6,440,885	(4,812) 6,238
	8,922,927	8,916,689	
Total Expenditures	15,371,000	15,369,469	1,531
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(13,901,653)	(13,041,264)	860,389
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In Transfers Out	13,177,600 	13,148,540	(29,060)
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)	13,177,600	13,148,540	(29,060)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(724,053)	107,276	831,329
Fund Balance, Beginning	19,947,463	19,947,463	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 19,223,410	\$ 20,054,739	\$ 831,329



#### Special Revenue Funds

#### **Drug Enforcement Rebate**

This fund accounts for the City's portion of revenue received from drug asset seizures. The revenue is used to enhance the police programs.

#### Air Quality Improvement

This fund accounts for the City's portion of motor vehicle registration fees collected under AB 2766. This fee was levied to fund programs to reduce air pollution from mobile sources such as cars, trucks and buses. Money is distributed to the cities based on population, and additional discretionary grants are made based on specific requests.

#### **Proposition C**

This fund accounts for gasoline taxes which are restricted for transportation programs and projects.

#### **Police Donations**

This fund accounts for donations received and expenditures related to various police programs.

#### Transportation Development Act

This fund accounts for regional Transportation Development Act funds received from Los Angeles County which are used for local streets and roads.

#### AB939

This fund accounts for programs to reduce solid waste deposits in local landfills, pursuant to AB939.

#### Various Grants

This fund accounts for various Federal, State of California, and local grants that are restricted to expenditures for specific programs and projects.

#### Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)

This fund accounts for the activities of the Community Development Block Grant received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

#### Inmate Welfare

This fund accounts for any money, refund, rebate or commission received from a telephone call from inmates while incarcerated to meet the requirements of California Penal Code: Part 3; Title 4; Chapter 1; Section 4025. The monies are to be expended for the benefit, education, and welfare of inmates confined within the jail. Any funds that are not needed for the welfare of the inmates may be expended for the maintenance of the jail facilities.

#### **Public Safety Augmentation**

This fund accounts for sales tax revenue legally restricted for public safety. Revenue is used to augment police operations.

#### COPS/SLESA

This fund accounts for revenue from the State restricted for supplementing police operations.

#### Park CESF

This fund is to account for coronavirus emergency supplemental funding received and expenditures in preventing, preparing for, and responding to the event.

#### Special Revenue Funds - Continued

#### Maintenance District #1

The City levies special benefit assessments and property taxes upon property within defined districts. Through the Los Angeles County Tax Collector, assessments are placed on the property owner's annual tax bill. These funds are used to maintain and improve the open spaces within the districts by providing landscape maintenance.

#### Maintenance District #2

The City levies special benefit assessments and property taxes upon property within defined districts. Through the Los Angeles County Tax Collector, assessments are placed on the property owner's annual tax bill. These funds are used to maintain and improve the open spaces within the districts by providing landscape maintenance.

#### Coastal Sage Shrub

This community facilities district was formed to provide for the restoration and ongoing maintenance of sensitive environmental habitat within the development area of a former landfill, including habitat for endangered species such as the California gnatcatcher (Polioptila californica).

#### Maintenance District #4

The City levies special benefit assessments and property taxes upon property within defined districts. Through the Los Angeles County Tax Collector, assessments are placed on the property owner's annual tax bill. These funds are used to maintain and improve the open spaces within the districts by providing landscape maintenance.

#### Maintenance District #6

The City levies special benefit assessments and property taxes upon property within defined districts. Through the Los Angeles County Tax Collector, assessments are placed on the property owner's annual tax bill. These funds are used to maintain and improve the open spaces within the districts by providing landscape maintenance.

#### Maintenance District #7

The City levies special benefit assessments and property taxes upon property within defined districts. Through the Los Angeles County Tax Collector, assessments are placed on the property owner's annual tax bill. These funds are used to maintain and improve the open spaces within the districts by providing landscape maintenance.

#### Citywide Maintenance District

Revenue for the fund comes from annual special benefit assessments from property owners who benefit from covered improvements. This fund provides the majority of funding for the City's street lighting system and street tree program.

#### Sewer Maintenance

This fund supports the City's street sweeping program and maintenance of the City's sewer system. The City also provides services to the City of Covina through this fund.

#### Auto Plaza Improvement District

This fund is an assessment district supported by six of West Covina's automobile dealers to fund the construction, maintenance and operations of a reader board adjacent to Interstate 10.

#### Special Revenue Funds - Continued

#### General Plan Update

This fund accounts for the General Plan and Zoning Code Update Surcharge which is designated to be used for future plan updates.

#### Measure W

This fund accounts for the special parcel tax on all property owners in Los Angeles County approved November 2018. This tax raises funds to pay for stormwater projects including the infrastructure and any associated programs to capture, treat and recycle rainwater.

#### Charter PEG

This fund accounts for monies received from the City's cable television franchisee for a one-time litigation settlement and for cable-related capital expenditures.

#### Art in Public Places

This fund accounts for development fees paid in lieu of acquisition and installation of approved artwork in a development with expenditures restricted to acquisition, installation, maintenance and repair of artworks at approved sites.

#### West Covina Community Services Foundation

This fund accounts for activity of the West Covina Community Services Foundation, a 501(c) (3) nonprofit organization.

#### Measure R

This fund accounts for sales tax revenues collected in Los Angeles County to provide transportation related projects and programs.

#### Measure M

Under Measure M, the City receives a portion of a ½ cent sales tax levied in Los Angeles County to provide transportation related projects and programs. The City uses Measure M Funds for certain capital projects or transportation projects such as street rehabilitation and reconstruction, traffic monitoring systems, and congestion management and planning.

#### **Community Corrections**

This fund is a used to account for grant activity from the Board of State and Community Corrections.

#### Measure H

This funding accounts for funding received and expenditures related to prevent and combat homelessness.

#### **CASP Training**

This fund accounts for funding received and expenditure incurred to support jailer mental health awareness training programs.

#### **Sportsplex**

This fund accounts for activity at the West Covina Sportsplex, a recreation facility which amenities include softball fields, a pavilion, playgrounds, and restaurants.

#### Capital Projects Funds

#### City Capital Projects

This fund accounts for all capital expenditures not being accounted for in the capital projects described below or in other fund types.

#### **Construction Tax**

This fund accounts for monies received from developers based on the construction of dwelling units and used primarily to construct public domain assets.

#### Information Technology

The funds paid into this fund are to be used for information technology capital outlay projects.

#### **Development Impact Fees**

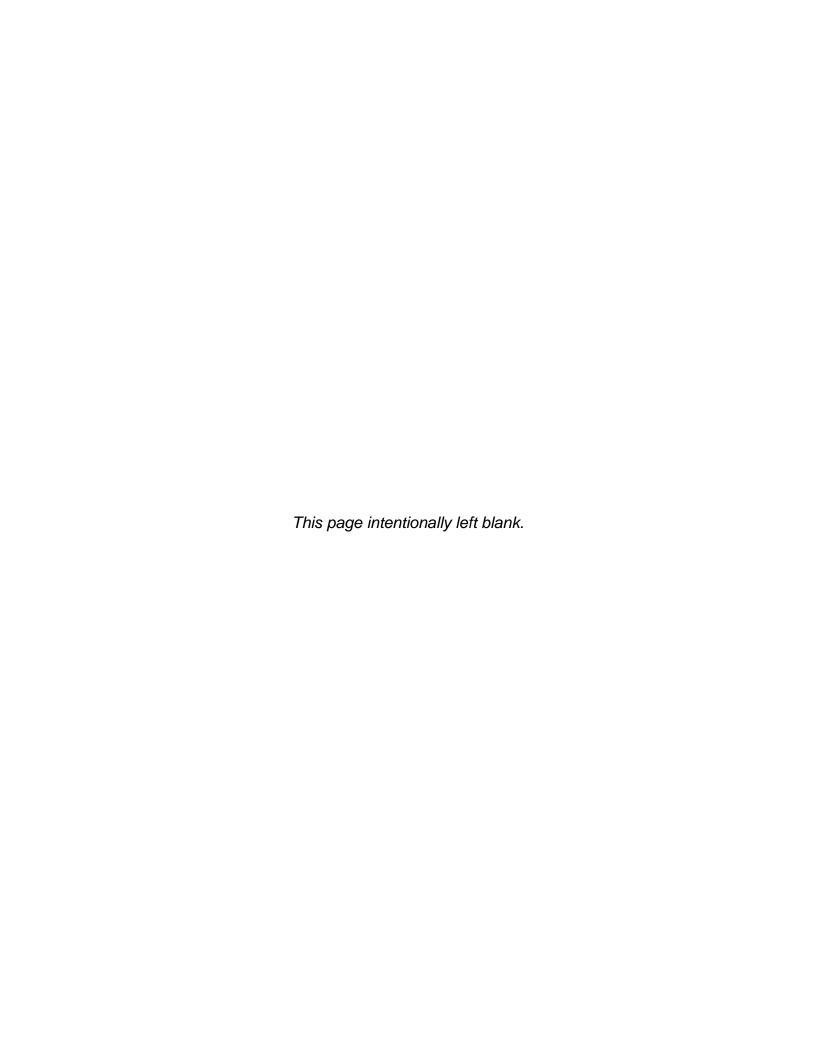
This fund accounts for fees received from residential developers to help fund the purchase/replacement of vehicles/equipment along with the repairs and improvements of city facilities.

#### Park Development

This fund accounts for park fees received from residential developers to be used for new park construction.

#### **Future Street Improvements**

This fund accounts for monies paid in-lieu of street rehabilitation improvements.



## City of West Covina Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

				Special	Rev	enue			
	E	Drug nforcement		Air Quality	F	Proposition		Police	
		Rebate		provement		·C	Donations		
ASSETS									
Cash and Investments	\$	5,780,157	\$	331,124	\$	2,651,151	\$	31,296	
Restricted Cash and Investments		-		-		-		-	
Receivables, net:									
Accounts Taxes		-		-		-		-	
Other		_		36,101		_		_	
Due from Other Agencies		-		-		4,721		_	
Prepaid Items		-		-		, <u>-</u>		-	
Total Assets	\$	5,780,157	\$	367,225	\$	2,655,872	\$	31,296	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	145,511	\$	-	\$	327,978	\$	-	
Other Accrued Liabilities		-		-		933		-	
Deposits Payable Due to Other Funds		-		-		_		-	
Advances from Other Funds		-		_		_		_	
Total Liabilities		145,511				328,911			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable Revenue				-					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources									
FUND BALANCE (DEFICITS)									
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-	
Restricted		5,634,646		367,225		2,326,961		31,296	
Assigned		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned				-					
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		5,634,646		367,225		2,326,961		31,296	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows									
and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	5,780,157	\$	367,225	\$	2,655,872	\$	31,296	

						ial Revenue	•					
nsportation relopment Act		AB939		Various Grants	De	ommunity velopment ock Grant		nmate Velfare	Au	Public Safety gmentation	CO	PS/SLESA
\$ -	\$	1,228,178	\$	571,733 -	\$	- 4,664	\$	8,623	\$	512,491 -	\$	12,594 -
- - 75,945	-		31,624 - 2,628		- - 67,148			-		- 173,203 -		- - -
 <u>-</u>		<u> </u>		1,037,654		35,333		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-
\$ 75,945	\$	1,228,178	\$	1,643,639	\$	107,145	\$	8,623	\$	685,694	\$	12,594
\$ 8,563 - -	\$	856 815	\$	132,218 196,058	\$	18,839 1,632	\$	-	\$	114,106 10,422	\$	10,158 2,436
25,498		-		- -		76,833 -		-		-		-
34,061		1,671		328,276		97,304				124,528		12,594
				261,864		12,198						
 				261,864		12,198						
- 41,884		- 1,226,507		1,053,499		- -		- 8,623		- 561,166		
<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		(2,357)		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
41,884		1,226,507		1,053,499		(2,357)		8,623	561,166			
\$ 75,945	\$	1,228,178	\$	1,643,639	\$	107,145	\$	8,623	\$	685,694	\$	12,594

Continued

## City of West Covina Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds - Continued June 30, 2023

					Spec	cial Revenue	)			
		ntenance strict #1		aintenance District #2	Со	astal Sage Shrub		aintenance District #4		intenance istrict #6
ASSETS										
Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Receivables, net:	\$ 3	3,892,524	\$	1,050,986	\$	493,343	\$	2,190,538	\$	314,436 -
Accounts		_		-		-		_		-
Taxes		14,248		3,341		-		13,697		2,590
Other		· -		´ <u>-</u>		_		· -		, <u>-</u>
Due from Other Agencies Prepaid Items		-		- -		- -		- -		- -
Total Assets	\$ 3	3,906,772	\$	1,054,327	\$	493,343	\$	2,204,235	\$	317,026
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	14,157	\$	1,727	\$	3,699	\$	160,728	\$	5,632
Other Accrued Liabilities	Ψ	5,954	Ψ	471	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,245	Ψ	308
Deposits Payable		- 0,001				_		1,240		-
Due to Other Funds		_		_		_		_		_
Advances from Other Funds		-	_							
Total Liabilities		20,111		2,198		3,699		161,973		5,940
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue				<u>-</u> _						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-						_		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICITS)										
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_		_
Restricted	3	3,886,661		1,052,129		489,644		2,042,262		311,086
Assigned		-		-,002,120		-		_,0,_0_		-
Unassigned		-						-		
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	3	3,886,661		1,052,129		489,644		2,042,262		311,086
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows										
and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 3	3,906,772	\$	1,054,327	\$	493,343	\$	2,204,235	\$	317,026

	Revenue

-			Citywide			cial Revenue uto Plaza	<del>;</del>	General					
Maintenance District #7			aintenance	Sewer		provement		Plan		Measure	Charter		
			District	Maintenance		District		Update		W	PEG		
\$	442,053	\$	977,276	\$ 11,607,854	\$	134,765	\$	1,143,227	\$	4,645,601	\$	13,165	
	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	
	5,151		27,369	90,381		33,048		-		-		-	
	-		-	-		-		_		_		_	
	-		_	-		-		-		1,347,540		-	
	-		-			-		-		-		-	
\$	447,204	\$ 1,004,645		\$ 11,698,235	\$	167,813	\$	\$ 1,143,227		5,993,141	\$	13,165	
_		_			_		_		_		_		
\$	4,734	\$	299,263	\$ 354,474	\$	2,793	\$	218	\$	23,842	\$	-	
	313		896	206,846		-		-		-		-	
	_		_	- -		_		_		-		_	
						171,043		-					
	5,047		300,159	561,320		173,836		218		23,842			
	_		_			_				_			
								_		1,347,540			
										1 247 540			
-					-					1,347,540			
	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	
	442,157		704,486	11,136,915		-		1,143,009		4,621,759		13,165	
	-		-	-		- (6.022)		-		-		-	
-			<u> </u>		-	(6,023)							
	442,157	_	704,486	11,136,915		(6,023)		1,143,009		4,621,759	_	13,165	
\$	447,204	\$	1,004,645	\$ 11,698,235	\$	167,813	\$	1,143,227	\$	5,993,141	\$	13,165	
_					_			<u> </u>			_		

Continued

## City of West Covina Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds - Continued June 30, 2023

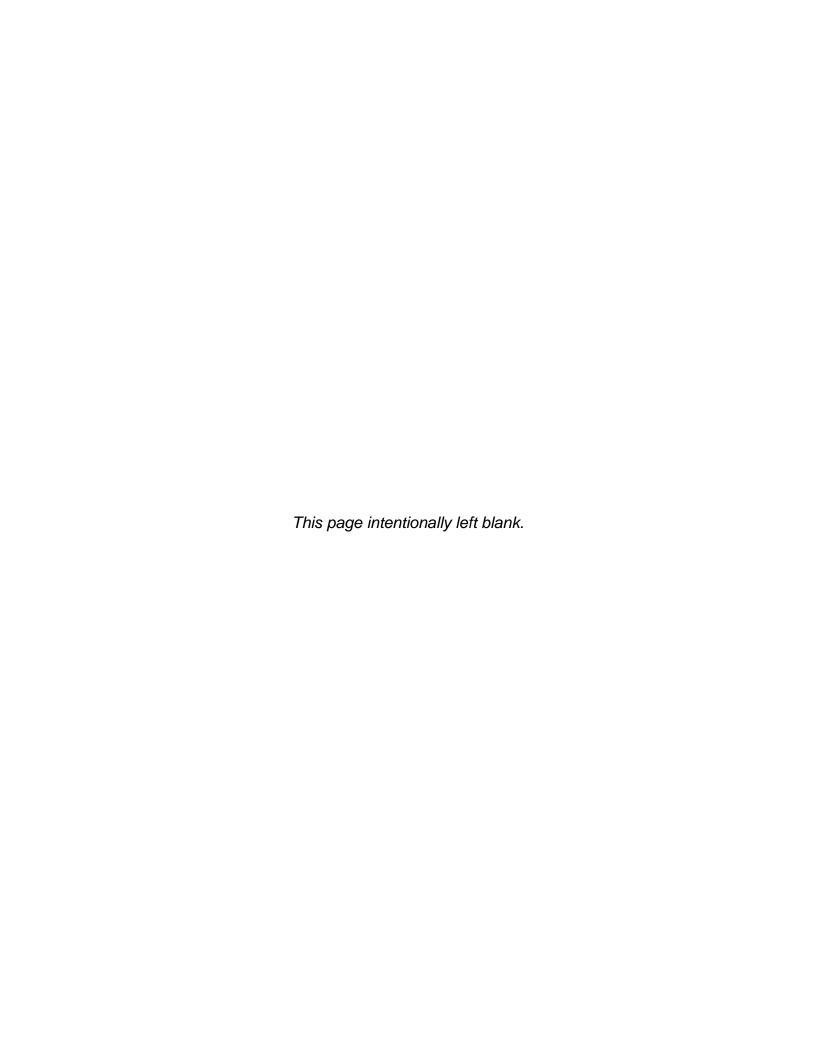
	Special Revenue									
		Art in Public Places	West Covina Community Services Found.		Measure R		Measure M		Community Corrections	
ASSETS										
Cash and Investments	\$	705,700	\$	62,675	\$	4,963,967	\$	7,389,707	\$	-
Restricted Cash and Investments Receivables, net:		4,000		-		-		-		-
Accounts		-		-		-		-		-
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		37,829		-		-		-
Due from Other Agencies		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Items				90,943						-
Total Assets	\$	709,700	\$	191,447	\$	4,963,967	\$	7,389,707	\$	-
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	114,785	\$	331,496	\$	197,177	\$	_
Other Accrued Liabilities		_		-		6,182		-		_
Deposits Payable		4,000		-		_		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		_		-		-
Advances from Other Funds		-						-		-
Total Liabilities		4,000		114,785		337,678		197,177		_
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable Revenue		-	. —					-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-						-		-
FUND BALANCE (DEFICITS)										
Nonspendable		-		90,943		-		-		-
Restricted		705,700		-		4,626,289		7,192,530		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		(14,281)				-		-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		705,700		76,662		4,626,289		7,192,530		-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows										
and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	709,700	\$	191,447	\$	4,963,967	\$	7,389,707	\$	-

		Spec	cial Revenue	)		Capital Projects									
M	Measure H		CASP Training Fund		Sportsplex		City		Construction Tax		formation echnology	Development Impact Fees			
\$	25,943	\$	127,368	\$	77,434	\$	8,106,763	\$	240,773	\$	448,573	\$	645,654		
	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		
	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		
	_		1,837		_		-		_		_		_		
	-		-		-		-		-		25,955		-		
							-						-		
\$	25,943	\$	129,205	\$	77,434	\$	8,106,763	\$	240,773	\$	474,528	\$	645,654		
\$	18,224 -	\$	-	\$	50,009 27,425	\$	484,661 4,253	\$	-	\$	78 -	\$	11,517 -		
	-		-		- -		, -		-		-		-		
							-						-		
	18,224				77,434		488,914				78		11,517		
			_				_				25,955		-		
											25,955		_		
	- 7,719		- 129,205		-		-		- 240,773		- 448,495		- 634,137		
			-		-		7,617,849		10,770		-		-		
	_						-						-		
	7,719		129,205				7,617,849		240,773		448,495		634,137		
\$	25,943	\$	129,205	\$	77,434	\$	8,106,763	\$	240,773	\$	474,528	\$	645,654		

Continued

## City of West Covina Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds - Continued June 30, 2023

		Capital			
	D	Park evelopment	Imp	Future Street provements	Total
ASSETS		'			
Cash and Investments	\$	6,907,402	\$	428,172	\$ 68,163,246
Restricted Cash and Investments Receivables, net:		-		-	8,664
Accounts		-		-	31,624
Taxes		-		-	363,028
Other		-		-	221,488
Due from Other Agencies		-		-	2,451,203
Prepaid Items		-		-	90,943
Total Assets	\$	6,907,402	\$	428,172	\$ 71,330,196
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 2,837,443
Other Accrued Liabilities		_		-	466,189
Deposits Payable		_		-	4,000
Due to Other Funds		_		-	102,331
Advances from Other Funds		-		_	171,043
Total Liabilities					3,581,006
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue		<u> </u>			1,647,557
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources					1,647,557
FUND BALANCE (DEFICITS)					
Nonspendable		-		-	90,943
Restricted		6,907,402		428,172	58,415,502
Assigned		-		-	7,617,849
Unassigned					(22,661)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		6,907,402		428,172	66,101,633
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	6,907,402	\$	428,172	\$ 71,330,196



# **City of West Covina**

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue									
	Drug Enforcement Rebate	Air Quality Improvement	Proposition C	Police Donations						
REVENUES	\$ -	Φ.	Ф 2.202.484	Ф.						
Taxes Special Assessments	<b>D</b> -	\$ -	\$ 2,302,181	\$ -						
Investment Income	85,643	6,468	39,421	496						
Rental Income	-	-	-	-						
Revenue from Other Agencies	1,319,675	177,616	54,567	-						
Charges for Services	-	-	17,920	-						
Other Revenues	52,500	17,000		2,320						
Total Revenues	1,457,818	201,084	2,414,089	2,816						
EXPENDITURES Current:										
General Government Public Safety	- 1,797,610	-	-	- 4,696						
Public Works	1,797,010	- 423,321	457,968	4,090						
Community Services	<u>-</u>		1,593,417	-						
Community Development			16,188							
Total Expenditures	1,797,610	423,321	2,067,573	4,696						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures	(339,792)	(222,237)	346,516	(1,880)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	42,225 		_ 	<u>-</u>						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	42,225									
Net Change in Fund Balances	(297,567)	(222,237)	346,516	(1,880)						
Fund Balances - Beginning	5,932,213	589,462	1,980,445	33,176						
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 5,634,646	\$ 367,225	\$ 2,326,961	\$ 31,296						

					Spec	cial Revenue						
Transportation Development Act		AB939	Various Grants		Co De	ommunity velopment ock Grant	Inmate Welfare		Public Safety Augmentation		COPS/SLESA	
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	982,866	\$	-
	-	17,303		- 19,779		-		134		13,227		2,574
	- 75,945	-		1,984,608		- 467,495		-		-		272,766
	<u>-</u>	220,042		19,082	- 55,491			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-
	75,945	237,345		2,023,469		522,986		134		996,093		275,340
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	34,061	- 77,733 54		725,420 296,898 474,426		100 49,829 356,596		1,500 -		1,145,272 -		704,286 -
	<u> </u>			112,811		33,879						
	34,061	 77,787		1,609,555		440,404		1,500		1,145,272		704,286
	41,884	 159,558		413,914		82,582		(1,366)		(149,179)		(428,946)
	- (10)	 - -		42,095 (26,365)		- -		- -		- -		- -
	(10)			15,730								-
	41,874	159,558		429,644		82,582		(1,366)		(149,179)		(428,946)
	10	1,066,949		623,855		(84,939)		9,989		710,345		428,946
\$	41,884	\$ 1,226,507	\$	1,053,499	\$	(2,357)	\$	8,623	\$	561,166	\$	-

Continued

#### City of West Covina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue									
	Maintenance District #1					Coastal Sage Shrub		Maintenance District #4		intenance istrict #6
REVENUES Taxes Special Assessments Investment Income Rental Income	\$	704,806 - 55,774	\$	234,663 - 14,761	\$	107,649 - 7,153	\$	995,517 32,300	\$	- 155,758 4,445
Revenue from Other Agencies Charges for Services Other Revenues		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -
Total Revenues		760,580		249,424		114,802		1,027,817		160,203
EXPENDITURES  Current:  General Government										
Public Safety		-		-		-		-		-
Public Works Community Services		255,368		80,999		60,684		1,158,615		126,120
Community Development										
Total Expenditures		255,368		80,999		60,684		1,158,615		126,120
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		505,212		168,425		54,118		(130,798)		34,083
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		- -		- -		- -		- -		<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		505,212		168,425		54,118		(130,798)		34,083
Fund Balances - Beginning		3,381,449		883,704		435,526		2,173,060		277,003
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	3,886,661	\$	1,052,129	\$	489,644	\$	2,042,262	\$	311,086

 Special Revenue							
aintenance District #7	Citywide Maintenance District	Sewer Maintenance	Auto Plaza Improvement District	General Plan Update	Measure W	Charter PEG	
\$ - 172,568 6,257	\$ - 1,826,113 16,486	\$ 392,790 3,851,697 161,492	\$ 116,694 - 2,447	\$ - - -	\$ 2,706,375 - 51,119	\$ - - 201	
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	399,826 	- - - 1,259,987	- - -	
178,825	1,842,599	4,405,979	119,141	399,826	4,017,481	201	
- - 122,983 - -	2,433,125 325 24	2,322 2,847,084 - 73	- - - 49,367	- - - -	259,161 - -	- - - -	
 122,983	2,433,474	2,849,479	49,367		259,161		
 55,842	(590,875)	1,556,500	69,774	399,826	3,758,320	201	
55,842	(590,875)	1,556,500	69,774	399,826	3,758,320	201	
 386,315	1,295,361	9,580,415	(75,797)	743,183	863,439	12,964	
\$ 442,157	\$ 704,486	\$ 11,136,915	\$ (6,023)	\$ 1,143,009	\$ 4,621,759	\$ 13,165	

Continued

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue									
	Art in Public Places		West Covina Community Services Found.		Measure R		Measure M		Community Corrections	
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,726,138	\$	1,952,632	\$	-
Special Assessments		-		-		-		-		-
Investment Income		10,572		-		71,094		104,158		-
Rental Income		-		-		-		-		-
Revenue from Other Agencies		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-		-
Other Revenues		188,845		213,374			_	-		
Total Revenues		199,417		213,374		1,797,232		2,056,790		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government		-		220,407		-		-		-
Public Safety		-		66,648		-		-		-
Public Works		-		-		905,233		501,357		-
Community Services		-		84,076		300,701		-		-
Community Development		-		56,251				-		
Total Expenditures		-		427,382		1,205,934		501,357		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		199,417		(214,008)		591,298		1,555,433		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers Out		-					_			(1)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-								(1)
Net Change in Fund Balances		199,417		(214,008)		591,298		1,555,433		(1)
Fund Balances - Beginning		506,283		290,670		4,034,991		5,637,097		1
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	705,700	\$	76,662	\$	4,626,289	\$	7,192,530	\$	-

	Spec	ial Revenue	)		Capital Projects						
 Measure H		CASP Training Fund	Sportsple	×	City	Construction Tax			formation chnology		velopment pact Fees
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	563	\$	-	\$	-
266 -		- - - 21,413	169,3	- 23	- - -		3,823 -		- -		- -
 57,615 - 59,891		21,413	9	- 08	- -		- - -		- - 191,243		- 263,913
 117,772		21,413	170,2	31			4,386		191,243		263,913
- 114,541 - - -		- - - -	722,9	- - - 179 -	236,988 - 1,272,140 - -		- 17,100 - -		32,849 - - - -		- - 181,673 - -
 114,541			722,9	79	1,509,128		17,100		32,849		181,673
 3,231		21,413	(552,7	48)	(1,509,128)		(12,714)		158,394		82,240
- -		- -	556,8	77	2,525,000		- -		- -		- -
 			556,8	77	2,525,000						
3,231		21,413	4,1	29	1,015,872		(12,714)		158,394		82,240
4,488		107,792	(4,1	29)	6,601,977		253,487		290,101		551,897
\$ 7,719	\$	129,205	\$		\$ 7,617,849	\$	240,773	\$	448,495	\$	634,137

Continued

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Capital		
	Park	Future Street	
	Development	Improvements	Total
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,227,357
Special Assessments	Ψ -	Ψ -	7,001,653
Investment Income	110,315	_	837,708
Rental Income	-	_	169,323
Revenue from Other Agencies	-	-	4,431,700
Charges for Services	-	-	417,746
Other Revenues		171,358	2,715,954
Total Revenues	110,315	171,358	26,801,441
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General Government	_	_	490,244
Public Safety	-	_	4,562,395
Public Works	366,856	_	11,928,308
Community Services	-	_	3,532,574
Community Development			268,593
Total Expenditures	366,856		20,782,114
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	(256,541)	171,358	6,019,327
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	-	_	3,166,197
Transfers Out			(26,376)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			3,139,821
Net Change in Fund Balances	(256,541)	171,358	9,159,148
Fund Balances - Beginning	7,163,943	256,814	56,942,485
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 6,907,402	\$ 428,172	\$ 66,101,633

# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Drug Enforcement Rebate Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Investment Income Revenues from Other Agencies Other Revenues	\$ 5,060 500,000	\$ 85,643 1,319,675 52,500	\$ 80,583 819,675 52,500
Total Revenues	505,060	1,457,818	952,758
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Public Safety	3,189,229	1,797,610	1,391,619
Total Expenditures	3,189,229	1,797,610	1,391,619
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(2,684,169)	(339,792)	2,344,377
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	42,230 	42,225 	(5)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	42,230	42,225	(5)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,641,939)	(297,567)	2,344,372
Fund Balance, Beginning	5,932,213	5,932,213	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 3,290,274	\$ 5,634,646	\$ 2,344,372

# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Air Quality Improvement Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	E	Final Actual Budget Amounts		Variance - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Investment Income	\$	410	\$	6,468	\$	6,058
Revenue from Other Agencies		138,500		177,616		39,116
Other Revenues		17,000		17,000		
Total Revenues		155,910		201,084		45,174
EXPENDITURES						
Current: Public Works		602,000		423,321		178,679
Tublic Works		002,000		720,021		170,079
Total Expenditures		602,000		423,321		178,679
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over Expenditures		(446,090)		(222,237)		223,853
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In		_		_		_
Transfers Out		_		_		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		<u>-</u>		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(446,090)		(222,237)		223,853
Fund Balance, Beginning		589,462		589,462		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	143,372	\$	367,225	\$	223,853

# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Proposition C Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 1,918,600	\$ 2,302,181	\$ 383,581		
Investment Income	3,280	39,421	36,141		
Revenue from Other Agencies	-	54,567	54,567		
Charges for Services		17,920	17,920		
Total Revenues	1,921,880	2,414,089	492,209		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:	F00 700	457.000	404.040		
Public Works Community Services	562,780 1,795,769	457,968 1,593,417	104,812 202,352		
Community Development	7,800	16,188	(8,388)		
			(0,000)		
Total Expenditures	2,366,349	2,067,573	298,776		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	(444,469)	346,516	790,985		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	-	-	-		
Transfers Out					
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	(444,469)	346,516	790,985		
Fund Balance, Beginning	1,980,445	1,980,445			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 1,535,976	\$ 2,326,961	\$ 790,985		

# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Police Donations Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES						
Investment Income Other Revenues	\$ 	60 -	\$ 	496 2,320	\$ 	436 2,320
Total Revenues		60		2,816		2,756
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public Safety		11,916		4,696		7,220
Total Expenditures		11,916		4,696		7,220
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(11,856)		(1,880)		9,976
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		- -		- -		<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Net Change in Fund Balances		(11,856)		(1,880)		9,976
Fund Balance, Beginning		33,176		33,176		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	21,320	\$	31,296	\$	9,976

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Transportation Development Act Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Investment Income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Revenue from Other Agencies	70,000	75,945	5,945
Total Revenues	70,000	75,945	5,945
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Public Works	140,000	34,061	105,939
Total Expenditures	140,000	34,061	105,939
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(70,000)	41,884	111,884
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	-	-	_
Transfers Out	(10)	(10)	
Total Other Financing	(4.5)	(4.5)	
Sources (Uses)	(10)	(10)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(70,010)	41,874	111,884
Fund Balance, Beginning	10	10	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ (70,000)	\$ 41,884	\$ 111,884

# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - AB 939 Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget	Variance - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Investment Income	\$ 1,530	\$ 17,303	\$ 15,773	
Other Revenues	281,000	220,042	(60,958)	
Total Revenues	282,530	237,345	(45,185)	
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public Works Community Services	78,612 	77,733 54_	879 (54)	
Total Expenditures	78,612	77,787	825	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	203,918	159,558	(44,360)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		<u>-</u>		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	203,918	159,558	(44,360)	
Fund Balance, Beginning	1,066,949	1,066,949		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 1,270,867	\$ 1,226,507	\$ (44,360)	

# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Various Grants Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Actual Budget Amounts		Variance - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Investment Income	\$ 1,140	\$ 19,779	\$ 18,639
Revenue from Other Agencies	11,640,653	1,984,608	(9,656,045)
Other Revenues	2,000	19,082	17,082
Total Revenues	11,643,793	2,023,469	(9,620,324)
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Public Safety	952,434	725,420	227,014
Public Works	13,017,146	296,898	12,720,248
Community Services	490,800	474,426	16,374
Community Development	500,000	112,811	387,189
Total Expenditures	14,960,380	1,609,555	13,350,825
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
over Expenditures	(3,316,587)	413,914	3,730,501
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	42,100	42,095	(5)
Transfers Out	(26,370)	(26,365)	5
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)	15,730	15,730	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,300,857)	429,644	3,730,501
Fund Balance, Beginning	623,855	623,855	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ (2,677,002)	\$ 1,053,499	\$ 3,730,501

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget	Variance - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES			
Investment Income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Revenues from Other Agencies	2,234,395	467,495	(1,766,900)
Other Revenues	50,000	55,491	5,491
Total Revenues	2,284,395	522,986	(1,761,409)
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Public Safety	100	100	-
Public Works	891,274	49,829	841,445
Community Services Community Development	1,125,291 403,847	356,596 33,879	768,695 369,968
Community Development	403,047	33,079	309,900
Total Expenditures	2,420,512	440,404	1,980,108
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
over Expenditures	(136,117)	82,582	218,699
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	-	-	-
Transfers Out			
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(136,117)	82,582	218,699
Fund Balance, Beginning	(84,939)	(84,939)	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ (221,056)	\$ (2,357)	\$ 218,699

# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Inmate Welfare Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Final Budget				Variance - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	•			40.4	•	404	
Investment Income Charges for Services	\$	1,500	\$ ——	134 	\$	134 (1,500)	
Total Revenues		1,500		134		(1,366)	
EXPENDITURES							
Current: Public Safety		1,500		1,500			
Total Expenditures		1,500		1,500			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures				(1,366)		(1,366)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		-		-		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(1,366)		(1,366)	
Fund Balance, Beginning		9,989		9,989		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	9,989	\$	8,623	\$	(1,366)	

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Public Safety Augmentation Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 836,200	\$ 982,866	\$ 146,666
Investment Income	410	13,227	12,817
Total Revenues	836,610	996,093	159,483
EXPENDITURES			
Current: Public Safety	1,189,145	1,145,272	43,873
Total Expenditures	1,189,145	1,145,272	43,873
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(352,535)	(149,179)	203,356
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out			<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(352,535)	(149,179)	203,356
Fund Balance, Beginning	710,345	710,345	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 357,810	\$ 561,166	\$ 203,356

# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - COPS/SLESA Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Final Actual Budget Amounts		Variance - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	Φ	۰	0.574	Φ.	4 444
Investment Income Revenue from Other Agencies	\$ 1,1 270,0	30 \$ 000	2,574 272,766	\$ 	1,444 2,766
Total Revenues	271,1	130	275,340		4,210
EXPENDITURES					
Current: Public Safety	704,3	305	704,286		19
Total Expenditures	704,3	305	704,286		19
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(433,1	175)	(428,946)		4,229
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		- -	<u>-</u>		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	(433,1	75)	(428,946)		4,229
Fund Balance, Beginning	428,9	946	428,946		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ (4,2	229) \$		\$	4,229

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Maintenance District #1 Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget		
REVENUES			
Taxes Investment Income	\$ 651,900 5,030	\$ 704,806 55,774	\$ 52,906 50,744
Total Revenues	656,930	760,580	103,650
EXPENDITURES			
Current: Public Works	617,210	255,368	361,842
Total Expenditures	617,210	255,368	361,842
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	39,720	505,212	465,492
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	- -		<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	39,720	505,212	465,492
Fund Balance, Beginning	3,381,449	3,381,449	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 3,421,169	\$ 3,886,661	\$ 465,492

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Maintenance District #2 Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget		
REVENUES Taxes Investment Income	\$ 257,000 1,250	\$ 234,663 14,761	\$ (22,337) 13,511
Total Revenues	258,250	249,424	(8,826)
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Public Works	230,983	80,999	149,984
Total Expenditures	230,983	80,999	149,984
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	27,267	168,425	141,158
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	27,267	168,425	141,158
Fund Balance, Beginning	883,704	883,704	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 910,971	\$ 1,052,129	\$ 141,158

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Coastal Sage Shrub Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget				Variance - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Taxes Investment Income	\$	110,000 690	\$	107,649 7,153	\$	(2,351) 6,463
Total Revenues		110,690		114,802		4,112
EXPENDITURES						
Current: Public Works		66,880		60,684		6,196
Total Expenditures		66,880		60,684		6,196
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		43,810		54,118		10,308
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Net Change in Fund Balances		43,810		54,118		10,308
Fund Balance, Beginning		435,526		435,526		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	479,336	\$	489,644	\$	10,308

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Maintenance District #4 Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget		
REVENUES			
Special Assessments Investment Income	\$ 996,266 3,350	\$ 995,517 32,300	\$ (749) 28,950
Total Revenues	999,616	1,027,817	28,201
EXPENDITURES			
Current: Public Works	1,345,338	1,158,615	186,723
Total Expenditures	1,345,338	1,158,615	186,723
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(345,722)	(130,798)	214,924
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(345,722)	(130,798)	214,924
Fund Balance, Beginning	2,173,060	2,173,060	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 1,827,338	\$ 2,042,262	\$ 214,924

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Maintenance District #6 Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Special Assessments Investment Income	\$	154,700 380	\$	155,758 4,445	\$	1,058 4,065
Total Revenues		155,080		160,203		5,123
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public Works		186,369		126,120		60,249
Total Expenditures		186,369		126,120		60,249
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(31,289)		34,083		65,372
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		- -		- -		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				<u>-</u> ,		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(31,289)		34,083		65,372
Fund Balance, Beginning		277,003		277,003		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	245,714	\$	311,086	\$	65,372

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Maintenance District #7 Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget				Variance - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Special Assessments	\$	173,744	\$	172,568	\$	(1,176)
Investment Income	Ψ	560	Ψ —	6,257	Ψ	5,697
Total Revenues		174,304		178,825		4,521
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public Works		194,966		122,983		71,983
Total Expenditures		194,966		122,983		71,983
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(20,662)		55,842		76,504
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		- -		- -		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(20,662)		55,842		76,504
Fund Balance, Beginning		386,315		386,315		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	365,653	\$	442,157	\$	76,504

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Citywide Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Special Assessments	\$ 1,910,110	\$ 1,826,113	\$ (83,997)
Investment Income	1,680	16,486	14,806
Total Revenues	1,911,790	1,842,599	(69,191)
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Public Works	2,687,663	2,433,125	254,538
Community Services	400	325	75
Community Development		24	(24)
Total Expenditures	2,688,063	2,433,474	254,589
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(776,273)	(590,875)	185,398
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	-	-	-
Transfers Out			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(776,273)	(590,875)	185,398
Fund Balance, Beginning	1,295,361	1,295,361	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 519,088	\$ 704,486	\$ 185,398

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Sewer Maintenance Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 254,200	\$ 392,790	\$ 138,590
Special Assessments	3,500,000	3,851,697	351,697
Investment Income Charges for Services	15,330 -	161,492 -	146,162 -
Total Davisson	2 700 520	4 405 070	626.440
Total Revenues	3,769,530	4,405,979	636,449
EXPENDITURES			
Current: Public Safety	17,996	2,322	15,674
Public Galety Public Works	7,634,001	2,847,084	4,786,917
Community Development		73	(73)
Total Expenditures	7,651,997	2,849,479	4,802,518
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
over Expenditures	(3,882,467)	1,556,500	5,438,967
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	-	-	-
Transfers Out			
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,882,467)	1,556,500	5,438,967
Fund Balance, Beginning	9,580,415	9,580,415	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 5,697,948	\$11,136,915	\$ 5,438,967

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Auto Plaza Improvement District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget		Actual Amounts		riance - Positive egative)
REVENUES Taxes Investment Income	\$ 115,600 270	\$	116,694 2,447	\$	1,094 2,177
Total Revenues	115,870		119,141		3,271
EXPENDITURES					
Current: Community Development	 120,171		49,367		70,804
Total Expenditures	 120,171		49,367		70,804
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 (4,301)		69,774		74,075
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	 - -		- -		<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,301)		69,774		74,075
Fund Balance, Beginning	(75,797)		(75,797)		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ (80,098)	\$	(6,023)	\$	74,075

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Plan Update Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget		
REVENUES Charges for Services Investment Income	\$ - -	\$ 399,826 	\$ 399,826 
Total Revenues		399,826	399,826
EXPENDITURES			
Current: Community Development	500,000		500,000
Total Expenditures	500,000		500,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(500,000)	399,826	899,826
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(500,000)	399,826	899,826
Fund Balance, Beginning	743,183	743,183	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 243,183	\$ 1,143,009	\$ 899,826

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Measure W Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Taxes Investment Income Investment Income	\$ 1,397,400 900 	\$ 2,706,375 51,119 1,259,987	\$ 1,308,975 50,219 1,259,987
Total Revenues	1,398,300	4,017,481	2,619,181
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Public Works	1,209,011	259,161	949,850
Total Expenditures	1,209,011	259,161	949,850
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	189,289	3,758,320	3,569,031
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	189,289	3,758,320	3,569,031
Fund Balance, Beginning	863,439	863,439	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 1,052,728	\$ 4,621,759	\$ 3,569,031

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Charter PEG Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		ctual Pos		ance - sitive gative)
REVENUES	_		_					
Taxes Investment Income	\$	20	\$	- 201	\$	- 181		
Total Revenues		20		201		181		
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General Government								
Total Expenditures								
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		20		201		181		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		- -		<u>-</u>		- -		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Net Change in Fund Balances		20		201		181		
Fund Balance, Beginning		12,964		12,964				
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	12,984	\$	13,165	\$	181		

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Art in Public Spaces Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget				
REVENUES Investment Income Other Revenues	\$ 250	\$ 10,572 188,845	\$ 10,322 188,845		
Total Revenues	250	199,417	199,167		
EXPENDITURES					
Current: Public Works	199,998	<u> </u>	199,998		
Total Expenditures	199,998		199,998		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(199,748)	199,417	399,165		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u>.</u>	- 			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	(199,748)	199,417	399,165		
Fund Balance, Beginning	506,283	506,283			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 306,535	\$ 705,700	\$ 399,165		

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - West Covina Community Svcs. Found. Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget		
REVENUES			
Investment Income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other Revenues	109,562	213,374	103,812
Total Revenues	109,562	213,374	103,812
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General Government	220,000	220,407	(407)
Public Safety	79,835	66,648	13,187
Community Services	217,000	84,076	132,924
Community Development	50,000	56,251	(6,251)
Total Expenditures	566,835	427,382	139,453
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
over Expenditures	(457,273)	(214,008)	243,265
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In			
Transfers Out			<u> </u>
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(457,273)	(214,008)	243,265
Fund Balance, Beginning	290,670	290,670	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ (166,603)	\$ 76,662	\$ 243,265

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Measure R Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Taxes Charges for Services	\$ 1,351,700	\$ 1,726,138	\$ 374,438
Investment Income	6,200	71,094	64,894
Total Revenues	1,357,900	1,797,232	439,332
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Public Works Community Services	2,223,505 448,451	905,233 300,701	1,318,272 147,750
Total Expenditures	2,671,956	1,205,934	1,466,022
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(1,314,056)	591,298	1,905,354
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,314,056)	591,298	1,905,354
Fund Balance, Beginning	4,034,991	4,034,991	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 2,720,935	\$ 4,626,289	\$ 1,905,354

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Measure M Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Taxes Investment Income	\$ 1,531,800 7,900	\$ 1,952,632 104,158	\$ 420,832 96,258
Total Revenues	1,539,700	2,056,790	517,090
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Works Community Services	2,420,226 	501,357 	1,918,869
Total Expenditures	2,420,226	501,357	1,918,869
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(880,526)	1,555,433	2,435,959
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(880,526)	1,555,433	2,435,959
Fund Balance, Beginning	5,637,097	5,637,097	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 4,756,571	\$ 7,192,530	\$ 2,435,959

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Community Corrections Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Final Budget \$ -		Actual Amounts		ance - sitive ative)
REVENUES Investment Income Revenue from Other Agencies	\$			- -	\$	- -
Total Revenues						
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety						
Total Expenditures						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		- (1)		- (1)		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1)		(1)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1)		(1)		-
Fund Balance, Beginning		1_		1_		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$		\$		\$	

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Measure H Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Actual Budget Amounts						Actual		Р	riance - ositive egative)
REVENUES Investment Income Revenue from Other Agencies Other Revenues	\$	- 62,000 59,891	\$	266 57,615 59,891	\$	266 (4,385)				
Total Revenues		121,891		117,772		(4,119)				
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety Community Services		121,891 <u>-</u>		114,541 <u>-</u>		7,350 <u>-</u>				
Total Expenditures		121,891		114,541		7,350				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures				3,231		3,231				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		- -		- -		- -				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		3,231		3,231				
Fund Balance, Beginning		4,488		4,488						
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	4,488	\$	7,719	\$	3,231				

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Sportsplex Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget										ariance - Positive Negative)
REVENUES											
Investment Income	\$	30	\$	-	\$ (30)						
Rental Income Other Revenues		370,900 42,900		169,323 908	 (201,577) (41,992)						
Total Revenues		413,830		170,231	 (243,599)						
EXPENDITURES Current:											
Public Works		-		-	-						
Community Services		843,413		722,979	120,434						
Total Expenditures		843,413		722,979	 120,434						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(429,583)		(552,748)	 (123,165)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		523,663 <u>-</u>		556,877 -	33,214						
Total Other Financing											
Sources (Uses)		523,663		556,877	33,214						
Net Change in Fund Balances		94,080		4,129	(89,951)						
Fund Balance, Beginning		(4,129)		(4,129)	 						
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	89,951	\$	_	\$ (89,951)						

### City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - City Capital Projects Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Act Budget Amo		Variance - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	•	•	•
Investment Income Charges for Services	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - 
Total Revenues			
EXPENDITURES			
Current: General Government Public Works	1,006,320 6,712,987	236,988 1,272,140	769,332 5,440,847
Total Expenditures	7,719,307	1,509,128	6,210,179
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(7,719,307)	(1,509,128)	6,210,179
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	2,524,000	2,525,000	1,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,524,000	2,525,000	1,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,195,307)	1,015,872	6,211,179
Fund Balance, Beginning	6,601,977	6,601,977	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 1,406,670	\$ 7,617,849	\$ 6,211,179

# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Construction Tax Capital Projects Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Taxes	\$ -	\$ 563	\$ 563
Investment Income	440	•	3,383
Total Revenues	440	4,386	3,946
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Public Works	20,000	17,100	2,900
Total Expenditures	20,000	17,100	2,900
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(19,560	) (12,714)	6,846
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	-		<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(19,560	) (12,714)	6,846
Fund Balance, Beginning	253,487	253,487	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 233,927	\$ 240,773	\$ 6,846

## **City of West Covina**

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Information Technology Capital Projects Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Revenue from Other Agencies Other Revenues	\$ - 80,900	\$ - 191,243	\$ - 110,343
Total Revenues	80,900	191,243	110,343
EXPENDITURES			
Current: General Government	425,851	32,849	393,002
Total Expenditures	425,851	32,849	393,002
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(344,951)	158,394	503,345
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(344,951)	158,394	503,345
Fund Balance, Beginning	290,101	290,101	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ (54,850)	\$ 448,495	\$ 503,345

# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Development Impact Fees Capital Projects Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Investment Income Other Revenues	\$ - 285,200	\$ - 263,913	\$ - (21,287)	
Total Revenues	285,200	263,913	(21,287)	
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public Works	431,402	181,673	249,729	
Total Expenditures	431,402	181,673	249,729	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(146,202)	82,240	228,442	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(146,202)	82,240	228,442	
Fund Balance, Beginning	551,897	551,897		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 405,695	\$ 634,137	\$ 228,442	

# City of West Covina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Park Development Capital Projects Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Investment Income Other Revenues	\$ 5,060 1,971,900	\$ 110,315 	\$ 105,255 (1,971,900)
Total Revenues	1,976,960	110,315	(1,866,645)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Works Community Services	366,856 	366,856 	_ 
Total Expenditures	366,856	366,856	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	1,610,104	(256,541)	(1,866,645)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>-</u> _	
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,610,104	(256,541)	(1,866,645)
Fund Balance, Beginning	7,163,943	7,163,943	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 8,774,047	\$ 6,907,402	\$ (1,866,645)



## City of West Covina Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

The internal service funds are used to account for goods and services provided by one City department to other City departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

#### Fleet Management

This fund provides maintenance on materials and supplies for City vehicles and other gasoline or diesel powered equipment.

#### Self-Insurance

This fund accounts for the use of funds that are charged to departments for the administration and payment of claims under the City's self-insured general liability and workers' compensation programs.

#### Retiree Health Savings Plan

This fund accounts for the set aside lump sum benefits for retiring employees.

#### Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

This fund is used to allocate OPEB costs for employees.

#### Vehicle Replacement

This fund provides for replacement of City vehicles.

### City of West Covina Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2023

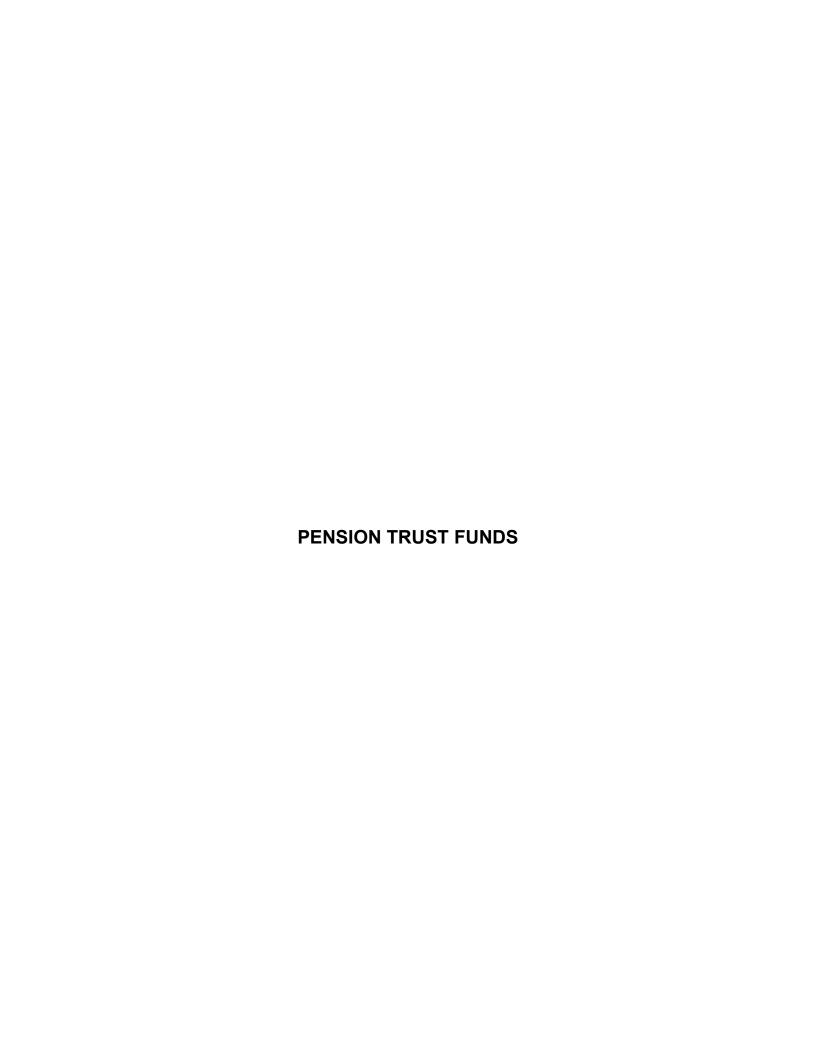
	Fleet Management Self-Insurance		Retiree Health Savings Plan	OPEB	Vehicle Replacement	Totals
ASSETS Current Assets:						
Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Prepaids	\$ 357,099 - 20,705	\$ 12,634,672 275,381 1,050 1,841,753	\$ 347,658 - - -	\$ 1,787,000 - - -	\$ 497,770 - - -	\$ 15,624,199 275,381 21,755 1,841,753
Inventories	71,488					71,488
Total Current Assets	449,292	14,752,856	347,658	1,787,000	497,770	17,834,576
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	131,644	<del>-</del> _		<del>-</del> _	561,927	693,571
Total Noncurrent Assets	131,644				561,927	693,571
Total Assets	580,936	14,752,856	347,658	1,787,000	1,059,697	18,528,147
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Other Accrued Liabilities Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:	144,903 398	562,581 -	-	-	51,547 -	759,031 398
Compensated Absences Claims Payable	7,164	7,046,745	- -	- -		7,164 7,046,745
Total Current Liabilities	152,465	7,609,326		<u> </u>	51,547	7,813,338
Noncurrent Liabilities: Claims Payable		13,464,636	<del>-</del> _	<del>-</del> _		13,464,636
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		13,464,636				13,464,636
Total Liabilities	152,465	21,073,962			51,547	21,277,974
NET POSITION  Net Investment in Capital Assets  Unrestricted	131,644 296,827	(6,321,106)	347,658	1,787,000	561,927 446,223	693,571 (3,443,398)
Total Net Position	\$ 428,471	\$ (6,321,106)	\$ 347,658	\$ 1,787,000	\$ 1,008,150	\$ (2,749,827)

# City of West Covina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Ма	Fleet Management		Self-Insurance		Retiree Health Savings Plan		OPEB		Vehicle Replacement		Totals
OPERATING REVENUES										•		
Charges for Services	\$	1,641,862	\$	3,994,941	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,636,803
Other Revenues		64,176		937						37,545		102,658
Total Operating Revenues		1,706,038		3,995,878	_					37,545		5,739,461
OPERATING EXPENSES												
Personnel Services		193,994		-		3,900		-		-		197,894
Cost of Sales, Services and Operations		1,515,225		93,388		-		-		8,166		1,616,779
Depreciation		21,836		-		-		-		186,623		208,459
Insurance and Claims Paid		-		15,137,127		-				-		15,137,127
Total Operating Expenses		1,731,055		15,230,515		3,900		<u>-</u>		194,789		17,160,259
Operating Income (Loss)		(25,017)		(11,234,637)	_	(3,900)				(157,244)		(11,420,798)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest Income Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		- -		- -		5,323 -		- -		4,820 -		10,143 -
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					_	5,323				4,820		10,143
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers		(25,017)		(11,234,637)		1,423		-		(152,424)		(11,410,655)
Transfers In Transfers Out		<u>-</u>		2,672,115		- -		1,787,000		714,000 -		5,173,115 <u>-</u>
Change in Net Position		(25,017)		(8,562,522)		1,423		1,787,000		561,576		(6,237,540)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		453,488		2,241,416	_	346,235				446,574		3,487,713
Net Position - End of Year	\$	428,471	\$	(6,321,106)	\$	347,658	\$	1,787,000	\$	1,008,150	\$	(2,749,827)

## City of West Covina Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Ma	Fleet anagement	5	Self-Insurance_		etiree Health Savings Plan	OPEB	R	Vehicle Replacement	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from User Departments Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Paid to Employees for Services	\$	1,685,333 (1,507,859) (197,734)	\$	3,995,878 (8,723,091)	\$	- - (3,900)	\$ - - -	\$	37,545 43,381 -	\$ 5,718,756 (10,187,569) (201,634)
Net Cash from Operating Activities		(20,260)	_	(4,727,213)		(3,900)	 		80,926	 (4,670,447)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Other Funds			_	2,672,115			1,787,000		714,000	 5,173,115
Net Cash from Noncapital and Related Financing Activities			_	2,672,115			 1,787,000		714,000	 5,173,115
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets  Net Cash from Capital and		<u> </u>	_	-		-	 	-	(302,024)	 (302,024)
Related Financing Activities			_				 		(302,024)	 (302,024)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest Received		-				5,323	<u>-</u>		4,820	 10,143
Net Cash from Investing Activities		<u>-</u>	_			5,323	 -		4,820	 10,143
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(20,260)		(2,055,098)		1,423	1,787,000		497,722	210,787
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of the Year		377,359	_	14,965,151		346,235	 		48	 15,688,793
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of the Year	\$	357,099	\$	12,910,053	\$	347,658	\$ 1,787,000	\$	497,770	\$ 15,899,580
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities:										
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(25,017)	\$	(11,234,637)	\$	(3,900)	\$ -	\$	(157,244)	\$ (11,420,798)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:										
Depreciation Miscellaneous Income Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		21,836 -		-		-	-		186,623 -	208,459
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(20,705)		-		-	-		-	(20,705)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory and Prepaid Items Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		1,714 5,652		(1,841,753) 510,950		-	-		- 51,547	(1,840,039) 568,149
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities		(722)		510,950		-	-		51,54 <i>1</i>	(722)
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable		(3,018)		-		-	-		-	(3,018)
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable			_	7,838,227	_		 	_		 7,838,227
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$	(20,260)	\$	(4,727,213)	\$	(3,900)	\$ -	\$	80,926	\$ (4,670,447)



## City of West Covina Pension Trust Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **PENSION TRUST FUNDS**

Pension Trust Funds are used to account for monies required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans.

#### Retirement Enhancement Defined Benefit Pension Trust Fund

This fund accounts for the assets and activities of the Public Agency Retirement System Enhancement Plan.

#### Supplemental Retirement Defined Benefit Pension Trust Fund

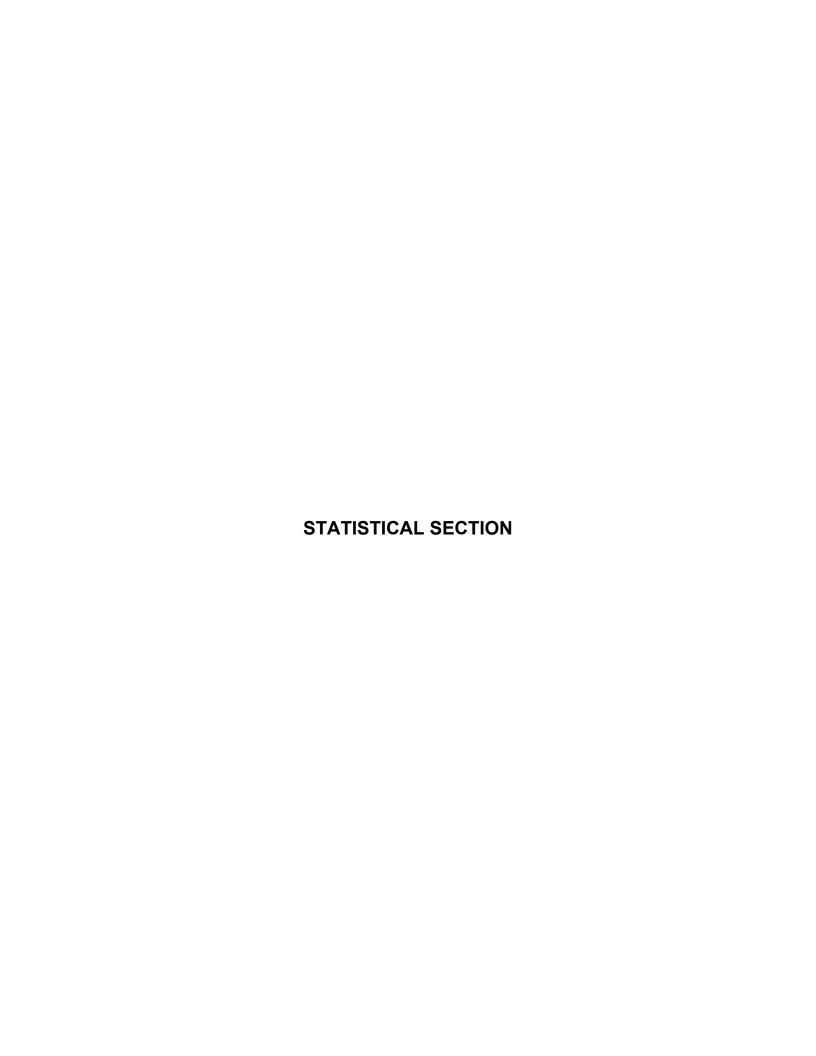
This fund accounts for the assets and activities of the Public Agency Supplemental Retirement Plan.

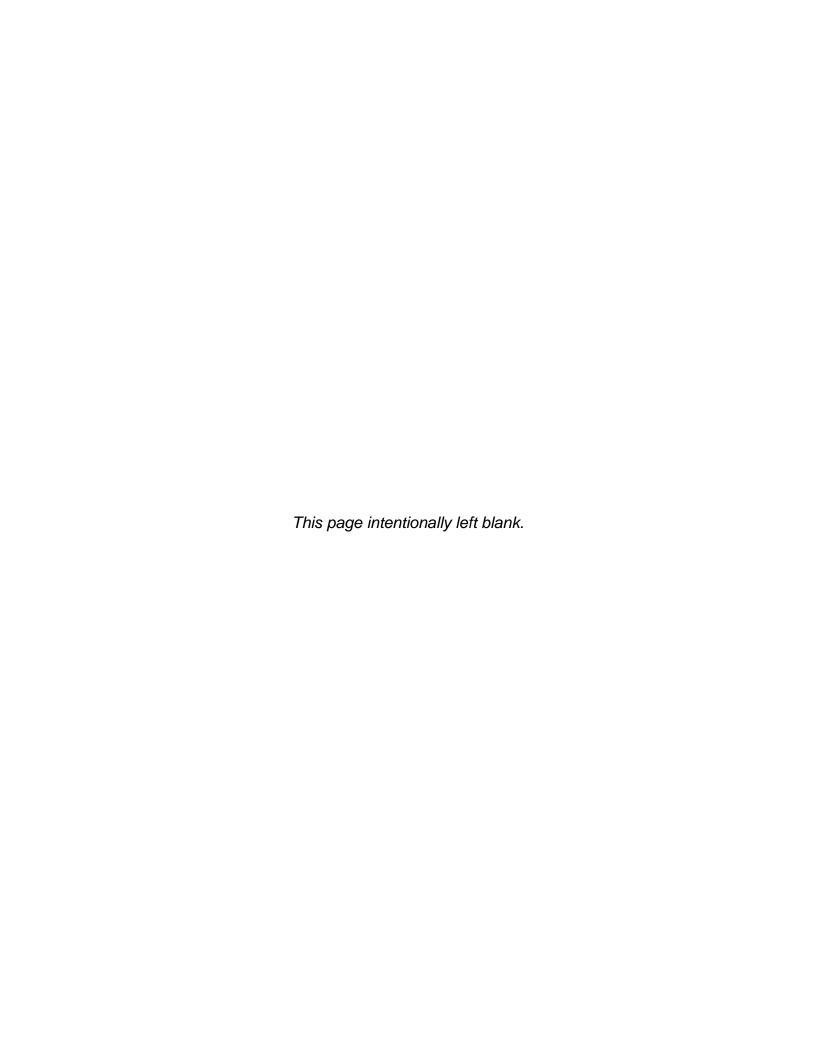
# City of West Covina Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds June 30, 2023

	Retirement Enhancement Defined Benefit Pension Fund		F Defin	plemental Retired led Benefit sion Fund	Total Pension Trust Funds		
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$	31,135	\$	235,886	\$	267,021	
Total Assets		31,135		235,886		267,021	
NET POSITION  Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$	31,135	\$	235,886	\$	267,021	

# City of West Covina Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds June 30, 2023

	Retirement Enhancement Defined Benefit Pension Fund			pplemental Retired ned Benefit asion Fund	Total Pension Trust Funds
ADDITIONS					
Contributions:					
Employer Contributions	\$	51,212	\$	75,853	\$ 127,065
Investment Earnings:					
Interest Income		4,497		19,067	23,564
		·			_
Total Additions		55,709		94,920	150,629
DEDUCTIONS					
Administrative Costs		8,120		6,512	14,632
Benefit Distributions		88,935		170,456	259,391
Total Deductions		97,055		176,968	274,023
Net Increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		(41,346)		(82,048)	(123,394)
Net Position, beginning of the year		72,481		317,934	 390,415
Net Position, end of the year	\$	31,135	\$	235,886	\$ 267,021





CONTENTS	Page
Financial Trends	157
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	171
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess one of the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	178
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	186
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take palce.	
Operating Information	188
These schedules contain service and infastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

### Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year											
		2014		2015	2016			2017				
Governmental activities:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$161	1,771,546	\$14	4,215,248	\$14	18,989,212	\$15	3,784,463				
Restricted	47	7,468,277	4	8,793,821	5	6,902,504	5	0,717,656				
Unrestricted		191,878	(12	29,152,694)	(13	88,162,202)	(14	4,659,629)				
				-								
Total governmental activities net pension	\$209	9,431,701	\$ 6	3,856,375	\$ 6	67,729,514	\$ 5	59,842,490				
·												
Business-type activities:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_				
Restricted	•	_		-	•	-	·	_				
Unrestricted		60,922		188,045		(135,676)		(252,336)				
						, , ,		,				
Total business-type activities net pension	\$	60,922	\$	188,045	\$	(135,676)	\$	(252,336)				
•							-					
Primary government:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$161	1,771,546	\$14	4,215,248	\$14	18,989,212	\$15	3,784,463				
Restricted	47	7,468,277	4	8,793,821	5	6,902,504	5	50,717,656				
Unrestricted		252,800	(12	28,964,649)	(13	38,297,878)	(14	4,911,965)				
Total primary government net pension	\$200	9,492,623	\$ 6	64,044,420	\$ 6	67,593,838	\$ 5	59,590,154				
rotal primary government net pension	ΨΖΟ	, 102,020	Ψ (	, 1,0 1 1,720	<u> </u>	71,000,000	<u> </u>	70,000,104				

Fiscal Year					
2018 #	<del>4</del> 2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$153,940,332 51,130,936 (201,951,785)	\$147,204,908 57,782,735 (207,212,078)	\$140,572,511 65,969,665 (225,184,697)	\$139,507,563 89,226,135 (255,200,972)	\$152,889,130 98,381,004 (240,284,642)	\$152,367,256 109,315,672 (255,282,394)
\$ 3,119,483	\$ (2,224,435)	\$ (18,642,521)	\$ (26,467,274)	\$ 10,985,492	\$ 6,400,534
\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -
(275,010)	(326,385)	(244,119)	38,329	235,307	241,833
\$ (275,010)	\$ (326,385)	\$ (244,119)	\$ 38,329	\$ 235,307	\$ 241,833
\$153,940,332 51,130,936 (202,226,795)	\$147,204,908 57,782,735 (207,538,463)	\$140,572,511 65,969,665 (225,428,816)	\$139,507,563 89,226,135 (255,162,643)	\$152,889,130 98,381,004 (240,049,335)	\$152,367,256 109,315,672 (255,040,561)
\$ 2,844,473	\$ (2,550,820)	\$ (18,886,640)	\$ (26,428,945)	\$ 11,220,799	\$ 6,642,367

### Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Expenses: Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works Community development Solvernmental activities expenses  Business-type activities expenses  Total primary government expenses  Governmental activities:  General government A 486,478 Public works Solvernments So		Fiscal Year					
Governmental activities: General government General government S 7,472,254 S 5,676,067 S 4,963,302 S 5,775,173 Public safety 45,443,958 49,813,447 48,410,511 56,169,907 Public works 21,109,952 20,586,770 20,259,279 21,243,019 Community services 6,437,040 7,035,872 7,368,492 7,926,410 Community development 658,082 766,886 753,721 2,190,319 Interest on long-term debt 1,677,062 1,353,156 I,572,645 I,575,724 Total governmental activities expenses 82,798,348 85,232,198 83,327,950 94,880,552  Business-type activities: Computer enterprise Total business-type activities expenses 1,284,419 1,427,789 1,638,573 1,575,066 Total primary government expenses 84,082,767 86,659,987 84,966,523 96,455,618  Program revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government 486,478 885,123 400,051 546,626 Public safety 3,037,891 2,825,831 3,170,579 3,201,495 Public works 8,878,122 8,278,038 8,271,744 7,714,148 Community services 1,180,562 1,275,278 1,365,482 1,491,858 Community development 621,352 50,621 425,013 416,014 Operating grants and contributions 11,021,410 12,405,742 13,317,378 10,955,031 Capital grants and contributions 4,458,250 2,224,864 1,004,826 445,980  Business-type activities:		2014			2017		
General government         \$ 7,472,254         \$ 5,676,067         \$ 4,963,302         \$ 5,775,173           Public safety         45,443,958         49,813,447         48,410,511         56,169,907           Public works         21,109,952         20,586,770         20,259,279         21,243,019           Community development         668,082         766,886         753,721         2,190,319           Interest on long-term debt         1,677,062         1,353,156         1,572,645         1,575,724           Total governmental activities expenses         82,798,348         85,232,198         83,327,950         94,880,552           Business-type activities:         Computer enterprise         1,284,419         1,427,789         1,638,573         1,575,066           Total business-type activities expenses         1,284,419         1,427,789         1,638,573         1,575,066           Total primary government expenses         84,082,767         86,659,987         84,966,523         96,455,618           Program revenues:           Governmental activities:         Charges for services:         486,478         885,123         400,051         546,626           Public safety         3,037,891         2,825,831         3,170,579         3,201,495           Public works </td <td>Expenses:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Expenses:						
Public safety         45,443,958         49,813,447         48,410,511         56,169,907           Public works         21,109,952         20,586,770         20,259,279         21,243,019           Community services         6,437,040         7,035,872         7,368,492         7,926,410           Community development         658,082         766,886         753,721         2,190,319           Interest on long-term debt         1,677,062         1,353,156         1,572,645         1,575,724           Total governmental activities expenses         82,798,348         85,232,198         83,327,950         94,880,552           Business-type activities:         Computer enterprise         1,284,419         1,427,789         1,638,573         1,575,066           Total business-type activities expenses         1,284,419         1,427,789         1,638,573         1,575,066           Total primary government expenses         84,082,767         86,659,987         84,966,523         96,455,618           Program revenues:           Governmental activities:         Charges for services:         486,478         885,123         400,051         546,626           Public safety         3,037,891         2,825,831         3,170,579         3,201,495           Public works	Governmental activities:						
Public works         21,109,952         20,586,770         20,259,279         21,243,019           Community services         6,437,040         7,035,872         7,368,492         7,926,410           Community development         658,082         766,886         753,721         2,190,319           Interest on long-term debt         1,677,062         1,353,156         1,572,645         1,575,724           Total governmental activities expenses         82,798,348         85,232,198         83,327,950         94,880,552           Business-type activities:         Computer enterprise         1,284,419         1,427,789         1,638,573         1,575,066           Total business-type activities expenses         1,284,419         1,427,789         1,638,573         1,575,066           Total primary government expenses         84,082,767         86,659,987         84,966,523         96,455,618           Program revenues:           Governmental activities:         Charges for services:           General government         486,478         885,123         400,051         546,626           Public safety         3,037,891         2,825,831         3,170,579         3,201,495           Public works         8,878,122         8,278,038         8,271,744         7,714,148	General government	\$ 7,472,254	\$ 5,676,067	\$ 4,963,302	\$ 5,775,173		
Community services         6,437,040         7,035,872         7,368,492         7,926,410           Community development         658,082         766,886         753,721         2,190,319           Interest on long-term debt         1,677,062         1,353,156         1,572,645         1,575,724           Total governmental activities expenses         82,798,348         85,232,198         83,327,950         94,880,552           Business-type activities:         Computer enterprise         1,284,419         1,427,789         1,638,573         1,575,066           Total business-type activities expenses         1,284,419         1,427,789         1,638,573         1,575,066           Total primary government expenses         84,082,767         86,659,987         84,966,523         96,455,618           Program revenues:           Governmental activities:         Charges for services:           General government         486,478         885,123         400,051         546,626           Public safety         3,037,891         2,825,831         3,170,579         3,201,495           Public works         8,878,122         8,278,038         8,271,744         7,714,148           Community services         1,180,562         1,275,278         1,365,482	Public safety	45,443,958	49,813,447	48,410,511	56,169,907		
Community development         658,082         766,886         753,721         2,190,319           Interest on long-term debt         1,677,062         1,353,156         1,572,645         1,575,724           Total governmental activities expenses         82,798,348         85,232,198         83,327,950         94,880,552           Business-type activities:         Computer enterprise         1,284,419         1,427,789         1,638,573         1,575,066           Total business-type activities expenses         1,284,419         1,427,789         1,638,573         1,575,066           Total primary government expenses         84,082,767         86,659,987         84,966,523         96,455,618           Program revenues:         Governmental activities:           Charges for services:         General government         486,478         885,123         400,051         546,626           Public safety         3,037,891         2,825,831         3,170,579         3,201,495           Public works         8,878,122         8,278,038         8,271,744         7,714,148           Community services         1,180,562         1,275,278         1,365,482         1,491,858           Community development         621,352         502,621         425,013         416,014	Public works	21,109,952	20,586,770	20,259,279	21,243,019		
Interest on long-term debt	Community services	6,437,040	7,035,872	7,368,492	7,926,410		
Total governmental activities expenses         82,798,348         85,232,198         83,327,950         94,880,552           Business-type activities:         1,284,419         1,427,789         1,638,573         1,575,066           Total business-type activities expenses         1,284,419         1,427,789         1,638,573         1,575,066           Total primary government expenses         84,082,767         86,659,987         84,966,523         96,455,618           Program revenues:           Governmental activities:         Charges for services:         69,455,618           General government         486,478         885,123         400,051         546,626           Public safety         3,037,891         2,825,831         3,170,579         3,201,495           Public works         8,878,122         8,278,038         8,271,744         7,714,148           Community services         1,180,562         1,275,278         1,365,482         1,491,858           Community development         621,352         502,621         425,013         416,014           Operating grants and contributions         11,021,410         12,405,742         13,317,378         10,955,031           Capital grants and contributions         4,458,250         2,224,864         1,004,826         4	Community development	658,082	766,886	753,721	2,190,319		
Business-type activities:  Computer enterprise	Interest on long-term debt	1,677,062	1,353,156	1,572,645	1,575,724		
Computer enterprise         1,284,419         1,427,789         1,638,573         1,575,066           Total business-type activities expenses         1,284,419         1,427,789         1,638,573         1,575,066           Total primary government expenses         84,082,767         86,659,987         84,966,523         96,455,618           Program revenues:           Governmental activities:         Charges for services:         Charges for services:         546,626           General government         486,478         885,123         400,051         546,626           Public safety         3,037,891         2,825,831         3,170,579         3,201,495           Public works         8,878,122         8,278,038         8,271,744         7,714,148           Community services         1,180,562         1,275,278         1,365,482         1,491,858           Community development         621,352         502,621         425,013         416,014           Operating grants and contributions         11,021,410         12,405,742         13,317,378         10,955,031           Capital grants and contributions         4,458,250         2,224,864         1,004,826         445,980           Total governmental activities         29,684,065         28,397,497         27,955,073<	Total governmental activities expenses	82,798,348	85,232,198	83,327,950	94,880,552		
Total business-type activities expenses	Business-type activities:						
Total primary government expenses 84,082,767 86,659,987 84,966,523 96,455,618  Program revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government 486,478 885,123 400,051 546,626 Public safety 3,037,891 2,825,831 3,170,579 3,201,495 Public works 8,878,122 8,278,038 8,271,744 7,714,148 Community services 1,180,562 1,275,278 1,365,482 1,491,858 Community development 621,352 502,621 425,013 416,014 Operating grants and contributions 11,021,410 12,405,742 13,317,378 10,955,031 Capital grants and contributions 4,458,250 2,224,864 1,004,826 445,980 Total governmental activities program revenues 29,684,065 28,397,497 27,955,073 24,771,152	Computer enterprise	1,284,419	1,427,789	1,638,573	1,575,066		
Program revenues:         Governmental activities:         Charges for services:         General government       486,478       885,123       400,051       546,626         Public safety       3,037,891       2,825,831       3,170,579       3,201,495         Public works       8,878,122       8,278,038       8,271,744       7,714,148         Community services       1,180,562       1,275,278       1,365,482       1,491,858         Community development       621,352       502,621       425,013       416,014         Operating grants and contributions       11,021,410       12,405,742       13,317,378       10,955,031         Capital grants and contributions       4,458,250       2,224,864       1,004,826       445,980         Total governmental activities       29,684,065       28,397,497       27,955,073       24,771,152    Business-type activities:	Total business-type activities expenses	1,284,419	1,427,789	1,638,573	1,575,066		
Governmental activities:           Charges for services:         486,478         885,123         400,051         546,626           Public safety         3,037,891         2,825,831         3,170,579         3,201,495           Public works         8,878,122         8,278,038         8,271,744         7,714,148           Community services         1,180,562         1,275,278         1,365,482         1,491,858           Community development         621,352         502,621         425,013         416,014           Operating grants and contributions         11,021,410         12,405,742         13,317,378         10,955,031           Capital grants and contributions         4,458,250         2,224,864         1,004,826         445,980           Total governmental activities         29,684,065         28,397,497         27,955,073         24,771,152           Business-type activities:	Total primary government expenses	84,082,767	86,659,987	84,966,523	96,455,618		
Governmental activities:           Charges for services:         486,478         885,123         400,051         546,626           Public safety         3,037,891         2,825,831         3,170,579         3,201,495           Public works         8,878,122         8,278,038         8,271,744         7,714,148           Community services         1,180,562         1,275,278         1,365,482         1,491,858           Community development         621,352         502,621         425,013         416,014           Operating grants and contributions         11,021,410         12,405,742         13,317,378         10,955,031           Capital grants and contributions         4,458,250         2,224,864         1,004,826         445,980           Total governmental activities         29,684,065         28,397,497         27,955,073         24,771,152           Business-type activities:	Program revenues:						
General government         486,478         885,123         400,051         546,626           Public safety         3,037,891         2,825,831         3,170,579         3,201,495           Public works         8,878,122         8,278,038         8,271,744         7,714,148           Community services         1,180,562         1,275,278         1,365,482         1,491,858           Community development         621,352         502,621         425,013         416,014           Operating grants and contributions         11,021,410         12,405,742         13,317,378         10,955,031           Capital grants and contributions         4,458,250         2,224,864         1,004,826         445,980           Total governmental activities         29,684,065         28,397,497         27,955,073         24,771,152           Business-type activities:	•						
General government         486,478         885,123         400,051         546,626           Public safety         3,037,891         2,825,831         3,170,579         3,201,495           Public works         8,878,122         8,278,038         8,271,744         7,714,148           Community services         1,180,562         1,275,278         1,365,482         1,491,858           Community development         621,352         502,621         425,013         416,014           Operating grants and contributions         11,021,410         12,405,742         13,317,378         10,955,031           Capital grants and contributions         4,458,250         2,224,864         1,004,826         445,980           Total governmental activities         29,684,065         28,397,497         27,955,073         24,771,152           Business-type activities:	Charges for services:						
Public safety       3,037,891       2,825,831       3,170,579       3,201,495         Public works       8,878,122       8,278,038       8,271,744       7,714,148         Community services       1,180,562       1,275,278       1,365,482       1,491,858         Community development       621,352       502,621       425,013       416,014         Operating grants and contributions       11,021,410       12,405,742       13,317,378       10,955,031         Capital grants and contributions       4,458,250       2,224,864       1,004,826       445,980         Total governmental activities       29,684,065       28,397,497       27,955,073       24,771,152         Business-type activities:	•	486,478	885,123	400,051	546,626		
Community services         1,180,562         1,275,278         1,365,482         1,491,858           Community development         621,352         502,621         425,013         416,014           Operating grants and contributions         11,021,410         12,405,742         13,317,378         10,955,031           Capital grants and contributions         4,458,250         2,224,864         1,004,826         445,980           Total governmental activities         29,684,065         28,397,497         27,955,073         24,771,152           Business-type activities:		3,037,891	2,825,831	3,170,579	3,201,495		
Community development         621,352         502,621         425,013         416,014           Operating grants and contributions         11,021,410         12,405,742         13,317,378         10,955,031           Capital grants and contributions         4,458,250         2,224,864         1,004,826         445,980           Total governmental activities         29,684,065         28,397,497         27,955,073         24,771,152           Business-type activities:	Public works	8,878,122	8,278,038	8,271,744	7,714,148		
Operating grants and contributions         11,021,410         12,405,742         13,317,378         10,955,031           Capital grants and contributions         4,458,250         2,224,864         1,004,826         445,980           Total governmental activities         29,684,065         28,397,497         27,955,073         24,771,152           Business-type activities:	Community services	1,180,562	1,275,278	1,365,482	1,491,858		
Capital grants and contributions         4,458,250         2,224,864         1,004,826         445,980           Total governmental activities program revenues         29,684,065         28,397,497         27,955,073         24,771,152           Business-type activities:	Community development	621,352	502,621	425,013	416,014		
Total governmental activities program revenues 29,684,065 28,397,497 27,955,073 24,771,152  Business-type activities:	Operating grants and contributions	11,021,410	12,405,742	13,317,378	10,955,031		
program revenues 29,684,065 28,397,497 27,955,073 24,771,152  Business-type activities:	Capital grants and contributions	4,458,250	2,224,864	1,004,826	445,980		
Business-type activities:	Total governmental activities						
•	program revenues	29,684,065	28,397,497	27,955,073	24,771,152		
•	Business-type activities:						
Charges for services.	Charges for services:						
Computer enterprise 1,873,636 1,655,134 1,413,114 1,274,318	Computer enterprise	1,873,636	1,655,134	1,413,114	1,274,318		
Total business-type activities	Total business-type activities						
program revenues 1,873,636 1,655,134 1,413,114 1,274,318	program revenues	1,873,636	1,655,134	1,413,114	1,274,318		
Total primary government	Total primary government						
program revenues 31,557,701 30,052,631 29,368,187 26,045,470		31,557,701	30,052,631	29,368,187	26,045,470		

Fiscal Year								
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023			
\$ 7,523,129	\$ 7,515,920	\$ 7,781,252	\$ 18,929,254	\$ 3,700,172	\$ 19,222,882			
67,734,047	58,057,784	72,653,866	62,479,977	49,887,239	66,098,443			
21,161,586	21,625,190	23,649,892	17,212,496	13,508,312	24,203,764			
8,926,070	9,280,450	9,418,860	7,675,178	12,587,100	10,247,116			
1,618,181	795,685	1,394,131	1,568,283	1,238,687	1,446,667			
 1,515,826	1,680,335	1,874,899	8,354,304	9,033,455	8,792,569			
 108,478,839	98,955,364	116,772,900	116,219,492	89,954,965	130,011,441			
 1,305,426	1,263,693	1,230,639	475,672	719,911	680,235			
 1,305,426	1,263,693	1,230,639	475,672	719,911	680,235			
109,784,265	100,219,057	118,003,539	116,695,164	90,674,876	130,691,676			
814,465	829,295	369,796	312,112	617,087	1,192,555			
3,610,467	3,839,103	4,304,075	3,718,158	4,467,009	5,424,121			
8,967,472	9,156,370	2,034,963	4,458,831	8,415,913	11,104,690			
2,110,943	1,903,119	2,438,156	697,351	1,620,427	1,957,418			
264,959	465,097	6,780,115	-	-	-			
10,285,701	12,097,219	19,989,920	21,764,524	29,598,365	18,983,157			
 151,966	360,872	582,023	10,621,147	17,666,351	15,354,938			
26,205,973	28,651,075	36,499,048	41,572,123	62,385,152	54,016,879			
 1,199,162	1,099,028	1,249,195	758,120	916,458	686,731			
1,199,162	1,099,028	1,249,195	758,120	916,458	686,731			
 · ·		, , -	, -	,	,			
 27,405,135	29,750,103	37,748,243	42,330,243	63,301,610	54,703,610			

### Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fisc	al Year
	2014	2015	2016	2017
Net revenues (expenses):				
Governmental activities	\$ (53,114,283)	\$ (56,834,701)	\$ (55,372,877)	\$ (70,109,400)
Business-type activities	589,217	227,345	(225,459)	(300,748)
net primary government				
revenues (expenses)	(52,525,066)	(56,607,356)	(55,598,336)	(70,410,148)
General revenues and other changes				
in net position:				
Governmental activities:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	20,420,020	21,156,596	22,352,163	23,994,740
Sales tax	14,705,790	15,096,101	17,228,237	16,503,563
Franchise tax	3,478,532	3,635,092	3,540,011	3,698,184
Other taxes	7,451,947	7,433,106	6,485,394	6,725,309
Investment income	695,341	660,157	(566,064)	4,452,938
Other general revenues	5,960,967	6,999,034	4,236,920	6,847,642
Transfers	101,775	101,775	101,775	-
Extraordinary gain (loss)			9,789,266	
Total governmental activities	52,814,372	55,081,861	63,167,702	62,222,376
Business-type activities:				
Investment income	-	1,553	3,513	2,070
Other revenues	-	-	-	182,018
Transfers	(101,775)	(101,775)	(101,775)	-
Total business-type activities	(101,775)	(100,222)	(98,262)	184,088
Total primary government	52,712,597	54,981,639	63,069,440	62,406,464
Changes in net position:				
Governmental activities	(299,911)	(1,752,840)	7,794,825	(7,887,024)
Business-type activities	487,442	127,123	(323,721)	(116,660)
Total primary government				
change in net position	\$ 187,531	\$ (1,625,717)	\$ 7,471,104	\$ (8,003,684)

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ (82,272,866) (106,264)	\$ (70,304,289) (164,665)	\$ (80,273,852) 18,556	\$ (74,647,369) 282,448	\$ (27,569,813) 196,547	\$ (75,994,562) 6,496
 (82,379,130)	(70,468,954)	(80,255,296)	(74,364,921)	(27,373,266)	(75,988,066)
05.000.000	00 005 007	07.400.700	00.400.440	04.040.077	00 000 447
25,392,860	26,365,067	27,422,706	30,108,110	31,348,677	33,822,147
17,449,827	17,464,609	17,033,647	20,858,803	23,101,668	23,526,119
4,011,817	4,207,765	4,445,101	4,644,360	4,806,348	5,237,769
7,692,437	9,158,794	5,026,703	4,571,270	4,721,569	4,815,955
559,164	2,016,573	2,682,794	223,485	(1,082,667)	2,019,179
9,256,591	5,747,563	7,244,815	5,520,479	2,126,984	1,988,435
-	-	-	-	-	-
64,362,696	64,960,371	63,855,766	65,926,507	65,022,579	71,409,604
884	1,083	-	-	-	-
82,706	112,207	63,710	-	-	-
 		<u> </u>			
83,590	113,290	63,710			
64,446,286	65,073,661	63,919,476	65,926,507	65,022,579	71,409,604
 (17,910,170) (22,674)	(5,343,918) (51,375)	(16,418,086) 82,266	(8,720,862) 282,448	37,452,766 196,547	(4,584,958) 6,496
\$ (17,932,844)	\$ (5,395,293)	\$ (16,335,820)	\$ (8,438,414)	\$ 37,649,313	\$ (4,578,462)

Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
	2014	2015	2016	2017		
Expenses:						
General government	\$ 7,472,254	\$ 5,676,067	\$ 4,963,302	\$ 5,775,173		
Public safety	45,443,958	49,813,447	48,410,511	56,169,907		
Public works	21,109,952	20,586,770	20,259,279	21,243,019		
Community services	6,437,040	7,035,872	7,368,492	7,926,410		
Community development	658,082	766,886	753,721	2,190,319		
Interest on long-term debt	1,677,062	1,353,156	1,572,645	1,575,724		
Total expenses	82,798,348	85,232,198	83,327,950	94,880,552		
Program revenues:						
Charges for services:						
General government	486,478	885,123	400,051	546,626		
Public safety	3,037,891	2,825,831	3,170,579	3,201,495		
Public works	8,878,122	8,278,038	8,271,744	7,714,148		
Community services	1,180,562	1,275,278	1,365,482	1,491,858		
Community development	621,352	502,621	425,013	416,014		
Operating grants and contributions	11,021,410	12,405,742	13,317,378	10,955,031		
Capital grants and contributions	4,458,250	2,224,864	1,004,826	445,980		
Total program revenues	29,684,065	28,397,497	27,955,073	24,771,152		
Net program revenues (expenses)	(53,114,283)	(56,834,701)	(55,372,877)	(70,109,400)		
General revenues and other changes						
in net position:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	20,420,020	21,156,596	22,352,163	23,994,740		
Sales tax	14,705,790	15,096,101	17,228,237	16,503,563		
Franchise tax	3,478,532	3,635,092	3,540,011	3,698,184		
Other taxes	7,451,947	7,433,106	6,485,394	6,725,309		
Motor vehicle in lieu, unrestricted	-	, , -	-	, , -		
Investment income	695,341	660,157	(566,064)	4,452,938		
Other general revenues	5,960,967	6,999,034	4,236,920	6,847,642		
Transfers	101,775	101,775	101,775	-		
Extraordinary gain (loss)			9,789,266			
Total governmental revenues						
and other changes	52,814,372	55,081,861	63,167,702	62,222,376		
Changes in net position	\$ (299,911)	\$ (1,752,840)	\$ 7,794,825	\$ (7,887,024)		

Fiscal Year									
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023				
\$ 7,523,129	\$ 7,515,920	\$ 7,781,252	\$ 18,929,254	\$ 3,700,172	\$ 19,222,882				
67,734,047	58,057,784	72,653,866	62,479,977	49,887,239	66,098,443				
21,161,586	21,625,190	23,649,892	17,212,496	13,508,312	24,203,764				
8,926,070	9,280,450	9,418,860	7,675,178	12,587,100	10,247,116				
1,618,181	795,685	1,394,131	1,568,283	1,238,687	1,446,667				
1,515,826	1,680,335	1,874,899	8,354,304	9,033,455	8,792,569				
108,478,839	98,955,364	116,772,900	116,219,492	89,954,965	130,011,441				
814,465	829,295	369,796	312,112	617,087	1,192,555				
3,610,467	3,839,103	4,304,075	3,718,158	4,467,009	5,424,121				
8,967,472	9,156,370	2,034,963	4,458,831	8,415,913	11,104,690				
2,110,943	1,903,119	2,438,156	697,351	1,620,427	1,957,418				
264,959	465,097	6,780,115	-	-	-				
10,285,701	12,097,219	19,989,920	21,764,524	29,598,365	18,983,157				
151,966	360,872	582,023	10,621,147	17,666,351	15,354,938				
26,205,973	28,651,075	36,499,048	41,572,123	62,385,152	54,016,879				
(82,272,866)	(70,304,289)	(80,273,852)	(74,647,369)	(27,569,813)	(75,994,562)				
25,392,860	26,365,067	27,422,706	30,108,110	31,348,677	33,822,147				
17,449,827	17,464,609	17,033,647	20,858,803	23,101,668	23,526,119				
4,011,817	4,207,765	4,445,101	4,644,360	4,806,348	5,237,769				
7,692,437	9,158,794	5,026,703	4,571,270	4,721,569	4,815,955				
-	-	-	-	-	-				
559,164	2,016,573	2,682,794	223,485	(1,082,667)	2,019,179				
9,256,591	5,747,563	7,244,815	5,520,479	2,126,984	1,988,435				
-	-	-	-	-	-				
64,362,696	64,960,371	63,855,766	65,926,507	65,022,579	71,409,604				
\$ (17,910,170)	\$ (5,343,918)	\$ (16,418,086)	\$ (8,720,862)	\$ 37,452,766	\$ (4,584,958)				

Changes in Net Position Business-Type Activities Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
		2014		2015		2016		2017
Expenses: Computer Enterprise	\$	1,284,419	\$	1,427,789	\$	1,638,573	\$	1,575,066
Computer Enterprise	Ψ	1,204,419	Ψ	1,427,703	Ψ	1,030,373	Ψ	1,575,000
Total expenses		1,284,419		1,427,789		1,638,573		1,575,066
Program revenues:								
Charges for services:								
Computer Enterprise		1,873,636		1,655,134		1,413,114		1,274,318
Total program revenues		1,873,636		1,655,134		1,413,114		1,274,318
Net revenues (expenses)		589,217		227,345		(225,459)		(300,748)
General revenues and other changes in net position:								
Investment income		-		1,553		3,513		2,070
Other revenues		-		-		-		182,018
Transfers		(101,775)		(101,775)		(101,775)		
Total general revenues								
and other changes		(101,775)		(100,222)		(98,262)		184,088
Changes in net position	\$	487,442	\$	127,123	\$	(323,721)	\$	(116,660)

Fiscal Year										
 2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
\$ 1,305,426	\$	1,263,693	\$	1,230,639	\$	475,672	\$	719,911	\$	680,235
 1,305,426		1,263,693		1,230,639		475,672		719,911		680,235
 1,199,162		1,099,028		1,249,195		758,120		916,458		686,731
 1,199,162		1,099,028		1,249,195		758,120.00		916,458.00		686,731.00
(106,264)		(164,665)		18,556		282,448.00		196,547.00		6,496.00
884		1,083		-		-		-		-
82,706		112,207		63,710		-		-		-
 		<del>-</del>				<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>		
83,590		113,290		63,710						-
\$ (22,674)	\$	(51,375)	\$	82,266	\$	282,448	\$	196,547	\$	6,496

### Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year						
	2014	2015	2016	2017			
General Fund: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$ 6,595,326 - - - 5,687,385	\$ 6,483,924 - - - 20,531,695	\$ 7,129,779 - - - 15,032,610	\$ 6,982,268 - - - 14,119,078			
•							
Total general fund	\$ 12,282,711	\$ 27,015,619	\$ 22,162,389	\$ 21,101,346			
All other governmental funds:							
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$ 157,500 56,225,097 3,891,565 (47,867)	\$ 151,923 59,918,077 4,930,693 (438,708)	\$ 5,277,203 51,467,448 5,065,065 (531,412)	\$ 4,980,450 45,082,696 2,820,665 (1,100,860)			
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 60,226,295	\$ 64,561,985	\$ 61,278,304	\$ 51,782,951			
•			. , ., ., .				

	Fiscal Year										
	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
					_		_				
\$	9,952,978	\$	8,976,583	\$	7,086,958	\$	4,009,651	\$	3,380,136	\$	3,358,665
	-		-		7,650		9,440		8,287		16,069
	320,200		320,200		-		-		-		-
	11,979,653		9,884,913		12,580,716		21,468,986		20,770,457		17,654,008
\$	22,252,831	\$	19,181,696	\$	19,675,324	\$	25,488,077	\$	24,158,880	\$	21,028,742
					_		_				
\$	110,833	\$	99,167	\$	82,420	\$	_	\$	11,989	\$	90,943
•	49,600,866	•	57,840,755	-	64,044,695	•	92,198,163	1	00,732,082	1	07,980,761
	2,004,895		1,107,138		1,786,815		9,687,492		6,601,977		7,617,849
	(710,218)		(692,305)		(1,158,958)		(228, 169)		(164,865)		(22,661)
	· · · ·		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		· · · · ·		
\$	51,006,376	\$	58,354,755	\$	64,754,972	\$1	01,657,486	\$1	07,181,183	\$1	15,666,892
Ψ	3.,000,010		33,001,700	Ψ	3 1,7 0 1,07 2	Ψ'	5.,557,150	Ψ	3.,131,130	Ψ	.0,000,002

### Changes in Fund Balances of Governmenta Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		l Year		
	2014	2015	2016	2017
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 48,785,393	\$ 50,918,823	\$ 54,237,649	\$ 55,502,969
Special assessments	5,513,535	5,595,338	5,550,657	5,318,497
Licenses and permits	1,717,153	1,419,457	1,156,613	1,037,389
Fines and forfeitures	1,036,732	959,606	796,989	894,618
Investment income	716,472	679,844	(570,132)	4,448,607
Rental income	367,798	406,350	529,833	604,817
Intergovernmental	11,097,551	10,769,196	11,218,711	10,193,278
Charges for services	6,751,541	6,803,615	7,731,236	7,359,139
Repayment of notes and loans	26,148	-	-	-
Other	6,258,384	5,490,327	1,487,103	2,129,531
Total revenues	82,270,707	83,042,556	82,138,659	87,488,845
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	7,087,335	5,757,334	5,103,814	6,214,682
Public safety	43,332,847	45,906,138	50,962,883	54,480,972
Public works	17,790,042	13,724,417	15,509,267	15,328,717
Community services	5,399,732	5,816,443	6,864,180	10,824,395
Community development	679,007	761,896	898,714	2,198,881
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	1,870,239	1,866,947	2,027,461	7,931,202
Interest and fiscal charges	1,666,054	1,360,370	1,574,753	1,566,392
Cost of issuance	-	-	-	-
Developer agreement payments				
Total expenditures	77,825,256	75,193,545	82,941,072	98,545,241
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	4,445,451	7,849,011	(802,413)	(11,056,396)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	3,744,115	3,201,793	4,831,038	5,643,232
Transfers out	(3,642,340)	(3,100,018)	(10,812,296)	(5,643,232)
Acquisition under capital leases	-	-	2,568,446	500,000
Issuance of bonds	2,185,000	-	-	-
Premium of refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(2,248,061)	-	-	-
Extraordinary gain (loss)		11,578,351		
Total other financing sources (uses)	38,714	11,680,126	(3,412,812)	500,000
Special Item				
Payment towards UAL				
Net change in fund balances	\$ 4,484,165	\$ 19,529,137	\$ (4,215,225)	\$ (10,556,396)
Debt service as a percentage of				
noncapital expenditures	5.18%	4.92%	4.70%	10.29%
noncapital experiultures	5.10%	4.9270	4.70%	10.2970

(continued)

Fiscal Year										
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023					
¢ 50.055.746	Ф 60 4 <b>77</b> 440	Ф 60 E00 0E6	¢ 70.406.640	Ф 77 004 644	¢ 04.472.222					
\$ 59,255,716	\$ 62,477,442	\$ 62,588,256	\$ 72,496,610	\$ 77,294,614	\$ 84,173,323					
6,077,861 1,089,850	6,347,182 1,140,622	6,490,254 1,491,744	6,837,731 1,528,117	7,040,726 2,780,660	7,001,653 4,667,301					
1,290,187	1,318,333	921,872	380,169	508,463	902,570					
551,948	2,008,971	2,677,045	(18,511)	(1,311,234)	2,879,053					
649,968	647,749	700,455	952,185	1,459,129	1,194,252					
7,920,178	12,581,261	15,386,915	11,623,792	20,743,307	12,041,789					
8,681,704	7,473,923	7,690,819	6,376,218	10,011,122	8,011,824					
0,001,704	7,470,520	7,030,013	0,570,210	10,011,122	0,011,024					
4,229,895	1,142,659	3,783,990	2,785,758	7,140,273	4,922,484					
89,747,307	95,138,142	101,731,350	102,962,069	125,667,060	125,794,249					
	, ,				, ,					
E 700 461	6 929 020	6 499 002	6 040 042	E 047 000	7 252 624					
5,700,461	6,828,020	6,488,092	6,910,013	5,047,088	7,252,624					
53,087,630	58,205,797 14,800,936	58,857,571	60,290,745 15,356,778	59,843,680	57,073,164					
17,635,489 6,975,178	7,290,775	17,262,224 7,263,052	6,172,738	28,481,999 11,085,748	25,391,260 8,744,274					
1,182,255	1,086,128	1,214,558	1,568,283	1,238,687	1,446,667					
1,102,233	1,000,120	1,214,556	1,300,203	1,230,007	1,440,007					
1,958,918	13,353,918	1,833,918	2,428,918	5,869,299	6,440,885					
1,501,956	1,691,316	1,932,807	5,419,621	9,063,717	8,916,689					
-	389,726	-	1,083,165	-	-					
88,041,887	103,646,616	94,852,222	99,230,261	120,630,218	115,265,563					
1,705,420	(8,508,474)	6,879,128	3,731,808	5,036,842	10,528,686					
3,902,056	149,121	1,494,913	197,353,567	19,667,127	16,881,947					
(5,232,566)	(9,121)	(1,676,955)	(201,320,249)	(20,509,469)	(22,055,062)					
-	-	196759	3,900,000	-	-					
-	24,165,000	-	210,697,048	-	-					
-	1,380,718	-	-	-	-					
-	(12,900,000)	-	-	-	-					
-	-	-	-	-	-					
(1,330,510)	12,785,718	14,717	210,630,366	(842,342)	(5,173,115)					
-	-	-	(172,543,016)	-	-					
\$ 374,910	\$ 4,277,244	\$ 6,893,845	\$ 41,819,158	\$ 4,194,500	\$ 5,355,571					
\$ 37.1,010	,,1	+ 0,000,010	+,5.15,150	,,						
4.18%	15.08%	3.97%	7.91%	15.38%	13.64%					

#### Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Secured	Non-Unitary	Unsecured	Less: Exemptions	Taxable Assessed Value
2014	6,670,267	-	15,080	(73,615)	6,611,732
2015	7,116,733	-	12,346	(94,084)	7,034,995
2016	7,458,200	-	14,738	(95,915)	7,377,023
2017	7,829,861	-	11,212	(100,253)	7,740,820
2018	8,229,924	-	9,185	(84,900)	8,154,209
2019	8,718,033	-	10,356	(101,379)	8,627,010
2020	9,082,038	-	11,724	(79,629)	9,014,133
2021	9,458,367	-	11,927	(119,220)	9,351,074
2022	9,768,205	-	11,452	(111,904)	9,667,753
2023	9,768,205	-	17,416	(171,514)	9,614,107

#### NOTE:

In 1978, the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, Los Angeles Assessor 2014 - 2021/22 Combined Tax Rolls

## (continued)

Successor Agency (SA) of the former Community Development Commission (CDC)  Taxable				City and SA Total Taxable	Total
Secured	Unsecured	Less: Exemptions	Assessed Value	Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate
2,498,131	161,438	(186,502)	2,473,067	9,084,799	14.083%
2,566,170	161,710	(184,907)	2,542,973	9,577,968	14.116%
2,795,635	162,488	(189,554)	2,768,569	10,145,592	14.138%
3,028,206	165,375	(170,529)	3,023,052	10,763,872	14.165%
3,103,316	163,326	(154,330)	3,112,312	11,266,521	14.109%
3,305,249	167,442	(168,062)	3,304,629	11,931,639	14.221%
3,483,295	169,859	(195,530)	3,457,624	12,471,757	14.236%
3,604,156	168,578	(222,612)	3,550,122	12,901,196	14.262%
3,688,744	167,649	(209,821)	3,646,572	13,314,325	14.280%
3,688,744	167,649	(321,127)	3,535,266	13,149,373	14.280%

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	Fiscal Year				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Basic Levy <sup>1</sup>	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	
Baldwin Park Unified	0.15842	0.16519	0.16288	0.10510	
Bassett Unified School District	0.11632	0.11539	0.15771	0.16781	
Covina Valley Unified School District	0.11472	0.11426	0.11062	0.12581	
Hacienda-La Puente Unified	0.06653	0.06432	0.06394	0.06600	
Metropolitan Water District	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	
Mt. San Antonio College	0.02023	0.02129	0.02154	0.02400	
Rowland Heights Unified	0.12297	0.14313	0.12426	0.12444	
Rowland Unified	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	
Walnut Valley Unified	0.11342	0.11510	0.09285	0.06601	
West Covina Municipal Maint. Dist.	0.18310	0.18310	0.18310	0.18310	
West Covina Unified	0.03626	0.05412	0.04205	0.04914	
Total Direct & Overlapping <sup>2</sup> Tax Rates	1.93547	1.97941	1.96245	1.91492	
City Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13 <sup>3</sup>	0.13820	0.13820	0.13820	0.13820	
Redevelopment Rate <sup>4</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total Tax Rate <sup>5</sup>	0.14083	0.14116	0.14138	0.14165	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any

Source: Los Angeles County Assessor 2011/12 - 2020/21 Tax Rate Table

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all city property owners.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> City's share of 1% Levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the City. ERAF general fund tax shifts may not

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Redevelopment Rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area and only includes rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values. The approval

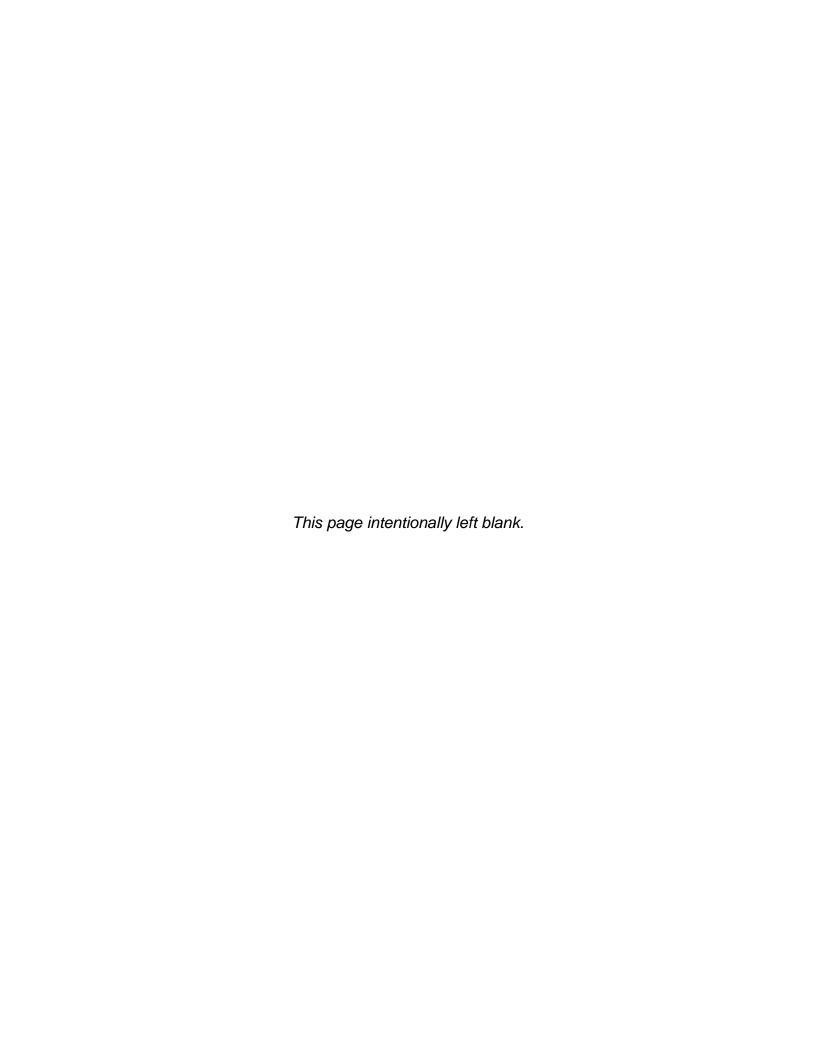
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied to by the government preparing the statistical section information and excludes revenues derived from aircraft taxes. Beginning in 2013/14 the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. Challenges to recognized enforceable obligations are assumed to have been resolved during 2012/13.

Fiscal Year							
2018	2019	2020	2020 2021		2023		
1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000		
0.13039	0.12402	0.13032	0.19256	0.18029	0.17544		
0.17443	0.16349	0.14196	0.14705	0.13911	0.13876		
0.14205	0.13976	0.13521	0.12658	0.12995	0.12612		
0.10531	0.10706	0.08252	0.08261	0.08511	0.08491		
0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350		
0.02371	0.02435	0.04781	0.04459	0.04459 0.04608			
0.11841	0.11861	0.10760	0.10905	0.00000	0.00000		
0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.11128	0.10909		
0.07388	0.10582	0.09538	0.09893	0.10066	0.10118		
0.18310	0.18310	0.18310	0.18480	0.18480	0.18480		
0.09514	0.09795	0.08192	0.09980	0.07968	0.09317		
2.04992	2.06766	2.00932	2.08947	2.06046	2.05964		
0.13820	0.13820	0.13820	0.13820	0.13820	0.13820		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
****							
0.14109	0.14221	0.14236	0.14262	0.14280	0.14295		

## Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2023			2014			
	Ŧ		Percent of Total City		Taxable		Percent of Total City
	Taxable Assessed		Taxable Assessed		Assessed		Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer	<u>Value</u>	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	<u>Value</u>
Plaza West Covina LLC	\$ 284,283,417	1	2.00%	\$	200,235,700	1	2.20%
GREF Eastland Center LP	194,178,395	2	1.37%		94,665,219	2	1.04%
Colony at the Lakes	181,955,119	3	1.28%				
Walnut Ridge Apartments LP	102,134,763	4	0.72%				
CLPF 624 South Glendora Avenue LP	97,716,000	5	0.69%				
Twelve 31 Partners LP	80,350,000	6	0.57%				
Envision WC MB RE LLC	77,535,984	7	0.55%				
TPA Nasch LLC	60,990,343	8	0.43%				
Citrus Gardens Apartments LP	51,728,202	9	0.36%				
Merrill Gardens at West Covina	50,004,262	10	0.35%				
La Palma Royale LLC					53,850,772	3	0.59%
Hassen Real Estate Partnership					53,046,526	4	0.58%
Gateway Crescent LLC					46,800,000	5	0.52%
Eastland Tower Partnership					46,100,000	6	0.51%
CP Lafayette PARC LLC					45,875,417	7	0.50%
KW of CV Sunset LLC					44,528,272	8	0.49%
Legacy Partners Verandas LP					31,252,797	9	0.34%
Pried XIV Trust		_			30,351,673	10	0.33%
Totals	\$1,180,876,485	=	8.32%	\$	646,706,376	=	7.10%

Source: HdL Coren & Cone; Los Angeles County Assessor 2013-14 and 2022-23 Combined Tax Rolls and the Non UnitaryTax Roll



# PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City								
F		Collected with	0 11 11	T ( 10 !! .:	. 5 .				
Fiscal	Taxes Levied	Fiscal Year		Collections in	Total Collection				
Year Ended	for the	Amazint	Percent	Subsequent	A ma a unit	Percent			
June 30	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy			
2014	9,119,226	9,105,997	99.85%	(67,229)	9,038,768	99.12%			
2015	9,702,185	9,491,592	97.83%	34,965	9,526,557	98.19%			
2016	10,173,156	9,881,520	97.13%	88,647	9,970,167	98.00%			
2017	10,671,800	10,440,321	97.83%	109,928	10,550,250	98.86%			
2018	11,679,354	11,040,516	94.53%	267,238	11,307,754	96.82%			
2019	12,395,960	11,894,401	95.95%	96,641	11,991,042	96.73%			
2020	12,607,874	11,998,360	95.17%	241,683	12,240,043	97.08%			
2021	13,527,500	12,917,734	95.49%	91,377	13,009,111	96.17%			
2022	13,947,187	12,958,850	92.91%	421,937	13,380,787	95.94%			
2023	15,019,091	14,394,277	95.84%	48,995	14,443,272	96.17%			

#### Notes:

The amounts presented include City property taxes and Community Development Commission tax increment. This schedule also includes amounts collected by the City and the Community Development Commission that were passed-through to other agencies.

Source: Los Angeles County Auditor Controller's Office - Accounting Division

Community	Dovolo	amont Ca	mmiccion
Community	<i>p</i> eveloi	oment Co	1111111551011

			,			
		Collected w	ithin the			
Fiscal	Taxes Levied	Fiscal Year	of Levy	Collections in	Total Collection	ons to Date
Year Ended	for the		Percent	Subsequent		Percent
June 30	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
			· <del></del>			
2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
0045	N1/A	N1/A	N1/A	N1/A	N1/A	<b>N</b> 1/A
2015	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2016	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2010	14/74	14/73	14/73	14/73	14/73	14/74
2017	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2019	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2020	N/A	N/A	N/A	NI/A	NI/A	NI/A
2020	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2021	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	,, .	,, .		. 4,7 .	. 4,, .	, .
2022	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2023	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Government	al Activities		Business-Type Activities
Fiscal Year	Lease		Capital	Total	Total
Ended	Revenue		Lease	Governmental	Business-type
June 30	Bonds	Loans	Obligations	Activities	Activities
2014	48,385,000	1,512,768	773,282	50,671,051	-
2015	47,225,000	12,941,113	216,342	60,382,455	-
2016	46,000,000	12,208,103	2,715,337	60,923,440	-
2017	42,570,000	10,920,515	-	53,490,515	-
2018	41,190,000	10,341,597	-	51,531,597	-
2019	39,680,000	9,762,679	-	49,442,679	-
2020	38,425,000	9,183,761	-	47,608,761	-
2021	241,170,000	8,104,843	6,602,048	255,876,891	-
2022	237,238,298	7,525,925	6,411,667	251,175,890	-
2023	231,690,193	6,947,007	6,044,700	244,681,900	-

#### Notes:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

Source: City of West Covina Finance Department

Total	Percentage	Debt
Primary	of Personal	Per
Government	Income (1)	Capita (1)
50,671,051	1.88%	470
60,382,455	2.28%	560
60,923,440	2.27%	565
53,490,515	1.98%	496
51,531,597	1.88%	476
49,442,679	1.70%	457
47,608,761	1.56%	449
255,876,891	8.06%	2,337
251,175,890	7.56%	2,347
244,681,900	6.60%	2,330

#### Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars, except Per Capita)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Lease Revenue Bonds	Loans	Capital Lease Obligations	Total	Percent of Assessed Value(1)	Per Capita
2014	48,385	1,513	773	50,671	0.56%	449
2015	47,225	12,941	216	60,382	0.63%	438
2016	46,000	12,208	2,715	60,923	0.60%	426
2017	42,570	10,921	-	53,491	0.50%	395
2018	41,190	10,342	-	51,532	0.46%	381
2019	39,680	9,763	-	49,443	0.41%	367
2020	38,425	9,184	-	47,609	0.38%	363
2021	241,170	8,105	6,602	255,877	1.98%	2,202
2022	237,238	7,526	6,412	251,176	1.89%	2,217
2022	231,690	6,947	6,045	244,682	1.86%	2,206

#### Notes:

General bonded debt is debt payable with governmental fund resources and general obligation bonds recorded in enterprise funds (of which, the City has none).

Source: City of West Covina Finance Department and Los Angeles County Assessor's Office

<sup>(1)</sup> Assessed value has been used because the actual value of taxable property is not readily available in the State of California.

### Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2023

	Debt	Estimated Percentage	Estimated Share of Overlapping
Governmental Unit	Outstanding	Applicable (1)	Debt
Debt repaid with Property Taxes:			
METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT	\$ 9,835,780	0.806	\$ 79,240
MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2008 SERIES 2013A	160,803,885	12.768	20,531,113
MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2008 SERIES 2013B	1,620,000	12.768	206,838
MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2013 REF SERIES A MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2013 REF SERIES B	12,320,000 14,560,000	12.768 12.768	1,572,993 1,858,991
MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2008 SERIES 2015C	3,700,000	12.768	472,408
MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2015 REF BONDS	3,290,000	12.768	420,061
MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2018 SERIES 2019A	265,125,000	12.768	33,850,621
MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2020 SERIES A	59,075,000	12.768	7,542,576
MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2008 SERIES 2020D	120,358,674	12.768	15,367,151
MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2008 SERIES 2021E	289,508,893	12.768	36,963,907
BALDWIN PARK USD 2002 SERIES 2004	4,882,131	0.303	14,779
BALDWIN PARK USD 2006 SERIES 2013	1,989,076	0.303	6,021
BALDWIN PARK USD 2016 REF BONDS	57,660,000	0.303	174,546
BALDWIN PARK USD 2006 SERIES 2019 BALDWIN PARK USD 2019 REF BONDS	10,895,000	0.303	32,981
BALDWIN PARK USD 2019 REF BONDS  BALDWIN PARK USD 2018 SERIES 2020	32,996,025 26,800,000	0.303 0.303	99,884 81,128
BASSETT USD DS 2006 SER B	10,185,729	0.054	5,528
BASSETT USD DS 2014 REF SERIES A	7,325,000	0.054	3,975
BASSETT USD DS 2014 REF SERIES B	4,970,000	0.054	2,697
BASSETT USD DS 2014 SERIES A	8,375,000	0.054	4,545
BASSETT USD DS 2016 REF BONDS	5,345,000	0.054	2,901
BASSETT USD DS 2014 SERIES B	19,530,000	0.054	10,599
COVINA VALLEY USD DS 2001 SERIES B	7,226,440	31.283	2,260,623
COVINA VALLEY USD DS 2012 SERIES A	3,715,000	31.283	1,162,151
COVINA VALLEY USD DS 2013 REF BONDS	4,470,000	31.283	1,398,335
COVINA VALLEY USD DS 2012 SERIES B COVINA VALLEY USD DS 2012 SERIES C	12,000,000 2,130,000	31.283 31.283	3,753,920
COVINA VALLEY USD DS 2012 SERIES C1	15,335,000	31.283	666,321 4,797,197
COVINA VALLEY USD DS 2016 REF BONDS	28,515,000	31.283	8,920,252
COVINA VALLEY USD DS 2012 SERIES D	13,600,000	31.283	4,254,443
COVINA VALLEY USD DS 2012 SERIES E	56,580,000	31.283	17,699,733
COVINA VALLEY USD DS 2019 REF BONDS	47,850,000	31.283	14,968,756
HACIENDA-LA PUENTE USD DS 2005 REFUNDING BONDS	12,725,000	1.391	176,960
HACIENDA-LA PUENTE USD DS 2007 REFUNDING	44,590,000	1.391	620,090
HACIENDA-LA PUENTE USD DS 2016 SERIES 2017A	57,895,000	1.391	805,115
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2005 REF BONDS	4,569,606	14.542	664,511
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2006 SERIES D QSCB	10,575,000	14.542	1,537,815
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2006 SERIES E ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2012 SERIES A	19,830,000	14.542 14.542	2,883,676
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2012 SERIES A	375,000 20,030,000	14.542	54,532 2,912,760
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2012 SERIES B	65,999,972	14.542	9,597,706
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2015 REF BONDS	38,625,000	14.542	5,616,842
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2019 REF BONDS	10,565,000	14.542	1,536,361
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2020 REF BONDS	45,110,000	14.542	6,559,889
WALNUT VALLEY USD DS 2000 SERIES D	10,067,924	0.767	77,224
WALNUT VALLEY USD DS 2000 SERIES E	3,743,269	0.767	28,712
WALNUT VALLEY USD DS 2007 SERIES B MEAS. S	9,421,644	0.767	72,267
WALNUT VALLEY USD DS 2014 REF BONDS SERIES A	3,260,000	0.767	25,005
WALNUT VALLEY USD DS 2014 REF BONDS SERIES B	715,000	0.767	5,484
WALNUT VALLEY USD DS 2016 REF BONDS WALNUT VALLEY USD DS 2016 SERIES A BONDS	37,170,000	0.767	285,105
WALNUT VALLEY USD DS 2019 REF BONDS WALNUT VALLEY USD DS 2019 REF BONDS	38,440,000 25,110,000	0.767 0.767	294,846 192,601
WALNUT VALLEY USD DS 2016 SERIES B BONDS	106,615,000	0.767	817,769
WEST COVINA USD 2002 REFUNDING SERIES A	7,110,000	95.573	6,795,272
WEST COVINA USD DS 2012 REF BONDS	7,890,000	95.573	7,540,745
WEST COVINA USD DS 2016 SERIES A	99,125,000	95.573	94,737,174
Sub Total Overlapping Debt			323,025,675
City of West Covina Direct Debt - Lease Revenue Bonds			249,274,843
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 572,300,518

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Glendora. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and, therefore, responsible for the debt, for each overlapping government.

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, Los Angeles, County Assessor and Auditor Combined 2020-21 Lien Date Tax Rolls

<sup>(1)</sup> The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the County's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the County's total taxable assessed value.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

	Fiscal Year							
	2014		2015		2016		2017	
Assessed valuation	\$	6,611,732	\$	7,034,995	\$	7,377,023	\$	7,740,820
Conversion percentage		25%		25%		25%		25%
Adjusted assessed valuation		1,652,933		1,758,749		1,844,256		1,935,205
Debt limit percentage		15%		15%		15%		15%
Debt limit		247,940		263,812		276,638.36		290,280.75
Total net debt applicable to limitation				-		-		
Legal debt margin	\$	247,940	\$	263,812	\$	276,638	\$	290,281
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt margin of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). Although the statutory debt limit has not been amended by the State since this change, the percentages presented in the above computations have been proprtionately modified to 3.75% (25% of 15%) for the purpose of this calculation in order to be consistent with the computational effect of the debt limit at the time of the state's establishment of the limit.

Source: City of West Covina Finance Department Los Angeles County Tax Assessor's Office

### (continued)

Fiscal Year										
2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
\$ 8,154,209	\$	8,627,010	\$	9,014,133	\$	9,351,074	\$	(111,904)	\$	9,667,753
 25%		25%		25%		25%		25%		25%
2,038,552		2,156,753		2,253,533		2,337,769		(27,976)		2,416,938
 15%		15%		15%		15%		15%	_	15%
305,782.84		323,512.88		338,029.99		350,665.28		(4,196.40)		362,540.74
 		-		-						-
\$ 305,783	\$	323,513	\$	338,030	\$	350,665	\$	(4,196)	\$	362,541
0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%

#### Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands of dollars)

	Lease R	evenue Bonds and C	ertificates of Participa	ation		
Fiscal Year		D 110				
Ended June 30	Revenue _	Debt Ser Principal	rvice Interest	Coverage		
2014	54,753	1,715	1,249	18.47		
2015	57,588	1,655	891	22.62		
2016	58,133	1,900	1,121	19.24		
2017	64,372	4,005	1,185	12.40		
2018	67,196	2,005	1,306	20.29		
2019	65,426	1,255	1,918	20.62		
2020	70,935	1,255	1,918	22.36		
2021	72,992	1,350	1,859	22.75		
2022	81,019	5,100	8,845	5.81		
2023	85,678	5,495	8,671	6.05		
		Tax Allocatio	n Bonds			
Fiscal Year Ended	Tax	Debt Ser	rvico			
June 30	Increment	Principal	Interest	Coverage		
0044	0.075	4.050	070			
2014	8,675	1,358	978	3.71		
2015	9,260	1,420	920	3.96		
2016	15,110	1,480	853	6.48		
2017	9,365	19,005	802	0.47		
2018	9,040	1,480	455	4.67		
2019	11,169	1,765	406	5.14		
2020	8,190	1,820	361	3.76		
2021	6,775	1,865	306	3.12		
2022	5,427	1,615	253	2.91		
2023	15	1,425	237	0.01		

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation expenses.

Source: City of West Covina Finance Department

### (continued)

			Assessment District Bond					
Fiscal Year Ended		Less Operating	Net Available		Debt Service			
June 30	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage		
2014	5,740	767	4,973	2,055	1,890	1.26		
2015	3,305	1,457	1,848	2,340	1,758	0.45		
2016	6,911	1,429	5,482	2,940	2,124	1.08		
2017	4,596	2,536	2,060	2,745	1,365	0.50		
2018	4,431	2,536	1,895	3,000	1,429	0.43		
2019	5,304	929	4,375	3,250	1,004	1.03		
2020	3,999	3,365	634	3,495	1,120	0.14		
2021	5,627	3,916	1,711	3,735	650	0.39		
2022	3,879	4,347	(468)	4,055	416	(0.10)		
2023	1,371	105	1,266	4,905	416	0.24		

# **Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years**

Calendar Year	Population	Personal Income (in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income	Annual Unemployment Rate
2014	107,828	2,698,504	25,026	6.7%
2015	107,879	2,653,176	24,594	10.1%
2016	107,873	2,680,000	24,844	8.2%
2017	107,813	2,705,736	25,096	6.4%
2018	108,245	2,737,892	25,293	5.2%
2019	108,116	2,916,516	26,975	4.6%
2020	105,999	3,053,619	28,808	4.4%
2021	109,501	3,173,022	28,977	13.1%
2022	107,017	3,324,204	31,062	9.2%
2023	105,013	3,706,972	35,300	4.8%

Sources: HdL Coren & Cone, California State Department of Finance, and California Employment Development

#### Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2023			2014	
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total Employment
Queen of the Valley Campus	1,464	1	2.88%	1,393	1	2.61%
WC Unified School District	1,227	2	2.42%	1,331	2	2.50%
Target Store #T1028 & #T2147	423	3	0.83%	374	4	0.70%
City of West Covina	416	4	0.82%	413	3	0.77%
Porto's Bakery	379	5	0.75%			
Merakey Allos	286	6	0.56%			
Macy's	240	7	0.47%	289	6	0.54%
Walmart Store #5954	237	8	0.47%	300	5	0.56%
Interspace/Concorde Battery Corporation	229	9	0.45%	245	7	0.46%
The Home Depot	166	10	0.33%			
JC Penny				220	8	0.41%
B.J.'s Restaurant & Brewery				196	9	0.37%
SGV Newspaper Group				180	10	0.34%
Totals	5,067		9.97%	4,941		9.26%

Note: "Total Employment" as used above represents the total employment of all employers located within City limits.

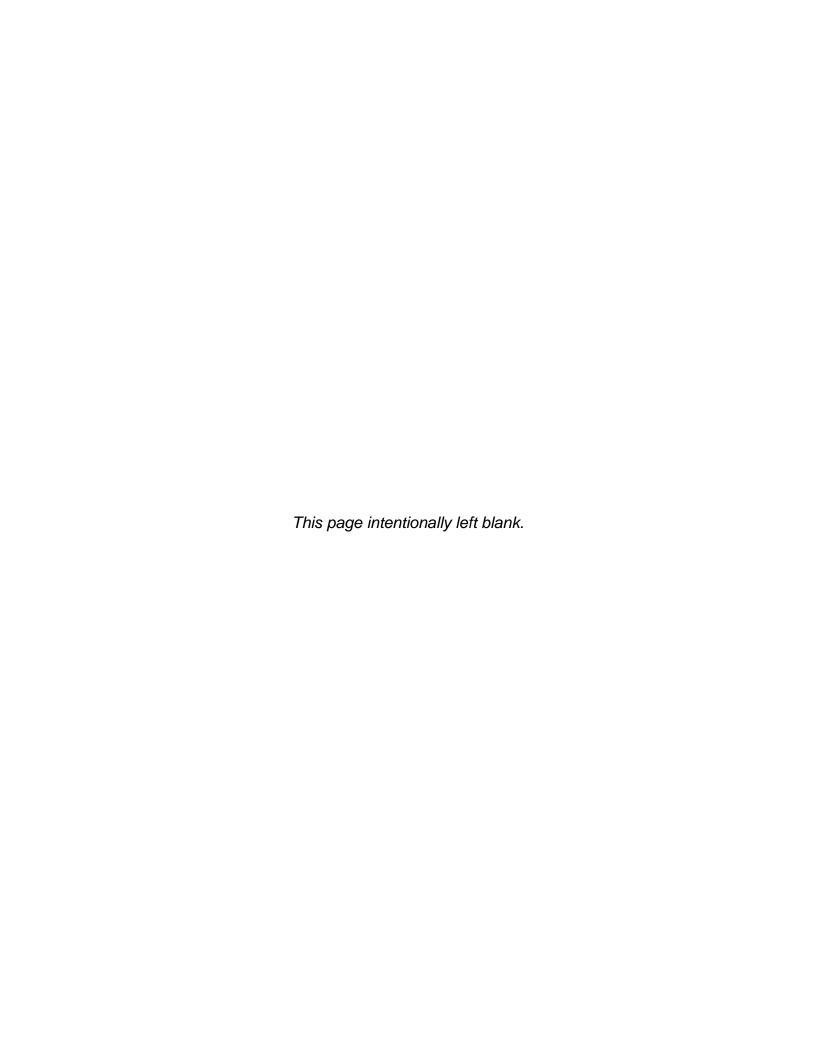
Source: Labor Market Info, EDD, State of California

HdL Coren & Cone

# Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General government	31	31	32	42	46	36	32	38	48	34
Public safety	244	268	268	282	259	238	237	259	242	248
Public works	69	71	71	75	56	44	-	-	-	
Public Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	32	41	51
Community services	42	41	41	87	64	64	27	22	22	59
Community development	2	2	2	1	1	3	12	13	19	24
Total	389	413	414	487	426	385	333	364	372	416

Source: City of West Covina Finance Department



## Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year		
Function/Program	2014	2015	2016	2017
Public Safety:				
Police:				
Total arrests	2,537	2,544	2,624	2,818
Calls for police service (1)	69,874	71,098	72,368	74,898
Graffiti sites cleaned	20,014	16,156	N/A	N/A
Fire:				
Emergency responses	7,990	8,555	9,494	9,353
Fire inspections	749	717	778	816
Public Services:				
Building permits issued	2,925	3,617	5,038	1,547
Graffiti sites cleaned (2)	N/A	N/A	13,964	6,694
Community Services:				
Recreation class registrations (3)	6,283	6,487	7,129	7,500

#### Note:

- (1) Calls received that generated an incident number but not necessarily a police response.
- (2) Due to department restructuring, the responsibility for graffiti abatement was absorbed by the Police Department starting fiscal year 2008-2009 and by Public Works starting fiscal year 2015-2016.
- (3) The increase in recreation class registrations in FY18 relates to inclusions of daycare classes.
- (4) The decrease in recreation class registrations in FY20 relates to COVID restrictions.

Source: City of West Covina Finance Department

Tions.	l Year
FISCA	ı year

110001 1001							
 2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
3,080	2,538	2,037	1,266	1,266	1,695		
84,850	73,713	68,605	61,353	68,221	68,565		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
9,383	9,289	8,944	9,405	10,286	10,189		
805	1,009	920	964	1,079	1,582		
1,399	2,938	3,022	3,701	4,941	2,494		
2,391	3,077	3,140	2,632	4,363	4,782		
17,902	26,482	8,075	65	3,533	6,570		

### Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Progra Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year		
Function	2014	2015	2016	2017
Public Safety: Police: Stations	1	1	1	1
Fire: Stations	5	5	5	5
Public works: Streets (miles) Streetlight poles Streelight fixtures Traffic signals	231.0 826 1,109 117	231.0 826 1,109 114	240.3 826 1,109 114	240.3 674 420 97
Parks and recreation: Sports Complex Parks Community centers	1 16 4	1 16 4	1 16 4	1 16 4
Wastewater: Sanitary sewers (miles) Storm sewers (miles)	238.9 42.0	238.9 42.0	238.9 42.0	227.0 26.0

Source: City of West Covina

(continued)

	Fiscal `	Year			
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
1	1	1	1	1	1
5	5	5	5	5	5
240.3 674 420 97	240.3 674 420 97	240.3 674 420 97	240.3 674 420 97	240.3 674 420 97	240.3 674 420 97
1 16 4	1 16 4	1 16 4	1 16 4	1 16 4	1 16 4
227.0 26.0	227.0 26.0	227.0 26.0	227.0 26.0	227.0 26.0	227.0 26.0



# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

City Council
City of West Covina
West Covina, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of West Covina (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2024.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did

not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

Van Laut + Fankhanel, IIP

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

January 22, 2024



January 22, 2024

Finance and Audit Committee City of West Covina West Covina, CA

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of West Covina for the year ended June 30, 2023. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated June 9, 2023. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

#### Significant Audit Findings

#### Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the fiscal year. We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

Management's estimate of the fair value of investments is based on information provided by financial institutions. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the fair value of investments in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Management's estimate of capital assets depreciation is based on historical estimates of each capitalized item's useful life. We evaluated key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimated useful lives in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Management's estimate of the net pension and net OPEB liabilities/(assets) are based on actuarial information provided by the California Public Employee Retirement System's (CalPERS) actuarial office, and other sources. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these liabilities in determining that the estimated liabilities/(assets) are reasonable in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

The disclosure of the fair value of investments in Note 2 to the financial statements represents amounts susceptible to market fluctuation.

The disclosure of accumulated depreciation in Note 6 to the financial statements is based on estimated useful lives which could differ from actual useful lives of each capitalized item.

The disclosures for the net OPEB and net pension liabilities/(assets) in the Notes to the Financial Statements are based on assumptions for discount rates, etc., which could differ from actual experience. The notes disclose the differences in these liabilities/(assets) if different assumptions are used in estimating these liabilities/(assets).

#### Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

#### Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. None of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

#### Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated January 22, 2024.

#### Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

#### Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

#### Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis and the schedules listed as required supplementary information in the table of contents, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

We were not engaged to report on the introductory sections, which accompanies the financial statements but is not RSI. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

### Restrictions on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the City Council and management of the City and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Van Laut + Fankhanel, 11P



This report provides a snapshot of the City's financial information, for Fiscal Year (FY) ending June 30, 2023 presented in a user-friendly format. For additional detail, please see the City's complete Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 available at www.westcovina.org.

City of West Covina www.westcovina.org

# **City Overview**

#### CITY COUNCIL

Rosario Diaz, Mayor Brian Tabatabai, Mayor Pro Tem Ollie Cantos, Councilman Letty Lopez-Viado, Councilwoman Tony Wu, Councilman

#### **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

Nickolas S. Lewis, City Clerk Colleen B. Rozatti, City Treasurer

#### **ACTING CITY MANAGER**

**Paulina Morales** 

#### **EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT TEAM**

Roxanne Lerma, Assistant City Manager/Public Services Director Thomas P. Duarte, City Attorney Lisa Sherrick, Assistant City Clerk Stephanie Sikkema, Finance Director Vincent Capelle, Fire Chief Richard Bell. Police Chief



#### West Covina

The City of West Covina is located in the San Gabriel Valley, 20 miles east of downtown Los Angeles and 15 miles north of Orange County. Incorporated as a general law city in 1923, the City's 16 square miles flourished with walnut groves and orange groves for many decades.

Population 105K 2023



Personal Income 35.3K 2023 Per Capita



Unemployment Rate 4.8%

2023 Annual

This report is informational in nature and does not constitute a financial statement as defined by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The data presented is taken directly from the audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

# **Statement of Net Position**

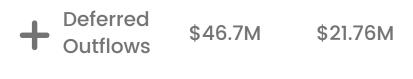
As of June 30, 2023, the City's total net position was \$6.6 million. This is a decrease of \$4.6 million from the prior year. This is mostly due to the \$65.7 million net pension asset recognized in the prior year now being reflected as a net pension liability of \$44.6 million in long-term debt. Including the deferred outflows and inflows of pension related items, there is a net decrease of \$9.65 million. In addition, there was an increase of \$7.8 million in the claims payable liability, attributed primarily to the change in the estimated outstanding workers compensation losses for 2021-22 and prior.



Assets \$380.3M \$444.71M

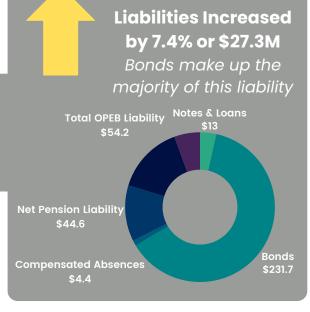
14.5% or \$64.4M

51% Capital
Capital Assets make up 51%



Liabilities \$395.2M \$367.83M

Deferred \$25.2M \$87.42M





\$6.6M

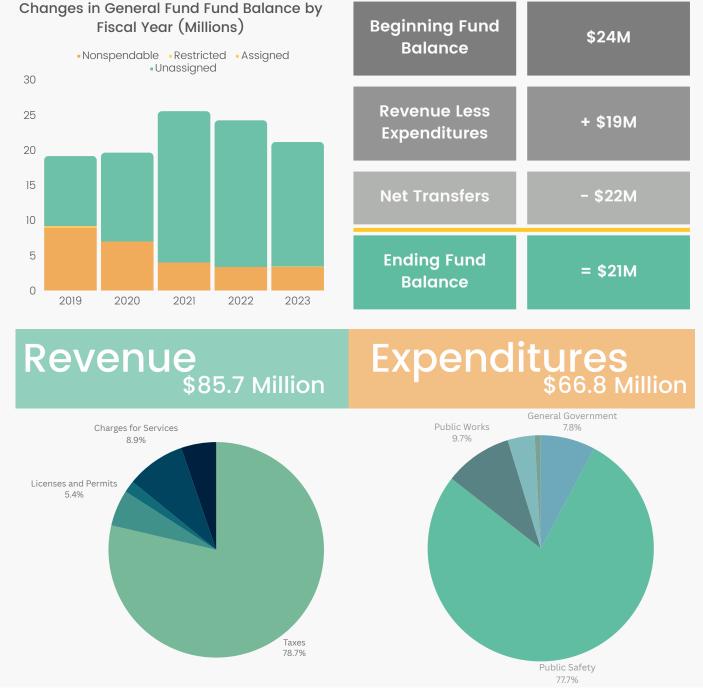
\$11.22M



The City's Net position decreased by 40% of \$4.6 from FY 2021-22

# **General Fund**

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$17.7 million, while total fund balance was \$21 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 26.4% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 31.5% of that same amount. The non-spendable portion of fund balance in the amount of \$3.4 million mainly consists of Land Held for Resale in the amount of \$3.0 million.





#### AGENDA STAFF REPORT

City of West Covina

**DATE:** 02/07/2024 **TO:** Audit Committee

FROM: Stephanie Sikkema, Finance Director

SUBJECT: FINANCIAL RECOVERY PLAN UPDATE

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

It is recommended that the Audit Committee receive and file the Financial Recovery Plan Update through December 31, 2023.

#### **BACKGROUND:**

With the goal of improving government performance, the Joint Legislative Audit Committee (JLAC) was established by the California State Legislature. JLAC, independently and through the work of the State Auditor's Office, oversees the operations and finances of government entities. Audits considered by the JLAC include financial and financial-related audits of government entities. In December 2019, the State Auditor's Office informed the City of West Covina that it had been selected for review under the high-risk local Government Agency Audit Program. The State Auditor completed its audit and published its report on December 1, 2020.

To view the report, please visit: http://www.auditor.ca.gov/reports/2020-806/index.html

One of the State Auditor's recommendations was that West Covina develop a formal financial recovery plan to prioritize resources and assign responsibility for monitoring progress in implementing the plan.

#### **DISCUSSION:**

The Financial Recovery Plan (Attachment No. 1) is a pathway to gaining stability - it identifies key elements based upon the State Auditor objectives: action steps, expected completion dates, responsible staff, and status updates. The Audit Committee reviewed the Financial Recovery Plan on March 24, 2021, and City Council approved it on April 6, 2021.

Prepared by: Stephanie Sikkema, Finance Director

**Additional Approval:** 

**Attachments** 

Attachment No. 1 - Financial Recovery Plan

# **City of West Covina Financial Recovery Plan**

**Monthly Update - December 2023 (No new updates)** 

Description of intended corrective actions, timing, prioritization of resources, and identification of individuals responsible for monitoring progress/implementation

State Auditor Objective No.	Action Steps	Expected Completion Date	Responsible Staff (Lead/Support)	Status Report (December 2023)
1. Ensure that the fees/assessments charged for services align with costs and increase fees to reflect cost reasonably borne in the provision of city services	1. Retain consultant to determine strengths and weakness of existing service delivery models. Assess City costs and revenue sources. Examine all revenue sources (local, state and federal) to develop sustainable and defensible revenue streams  2. Examine all direct and indirect costs of fees for service, development impact fees and landscape/sewer district assessments	1. RFP release – April July 2021  2. Establish budget for fee study – May November 2021  3. Consultant kick-off – June December 2021  4. Draft Fee Study – October April 2021 2023  5. City Council adoption – December 2021  November 2023  6. If voter approval is required (assessment districts only) – November 2022	Lead – Finance Director  Support – Assistant City Clerk, Planning Manager, City Engineer, and Public Services Supervisor	This objective is complete.  Public Hearing and consideration of adoption of the updated master fee schedule is on the December 5, 2023 Council Agenda. The rates, fees and charges adopted or increased by the resolution shall take effect on February 5, 2024.

State Auditor Objective No.	Action Steps	Expected Completion Date	Responsible Staff (Lead/Support)	Status Report (December 2023)
2. Review, evaluate, and monitor all city contracts	<ol> <li>City Clerk to prepare list of current contracts.</li> <li>Risk Management to verify insurance is current</li> <li>Responsible Department designated contract manager to evaluate consultant effectiveness and work quality (e.g. waste hauling and street sweeping)</li> <li>Ensure competition for procurements. Follow competitive bidding processes and monitor contract term, especially when exceeding five years</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>List of current contracts – April 2021</li> <li>Insurance verification – May 2021</li> <li>Departmental review – June 2021</li> <li>Review and update City's purchasing, contracting, and bidding procedures – June 2021</li> <li>June 2022</li> </ol>	Lead – Assistant City Clerk  Support – All Departments	This objective is complete.  The contract list and insurance verification were completed in July. The City Clerk's office will review, verify, and update the list as necessary. Additionally, the City has a formal process within its <i>Purchasing Policy</i> (pg. 40-41) that establishes uniform procedures for the preparation, presentation and execution of city and contract documents.  The new Purchasing Policy was adopted by City Council on June 21st. The new ordinance took effect July 21, 2022.
3. Set aside land sale revenue to compensate for any shortfalls in revenue that the City experiences as a result of the effects of the pandemic on the City's fiscal year 2020-21 budget	1. Economic Development Office to track all land sales and report as to use of proceeds of sales  2. Finance Department to estimate City portion of each land sale	Review, update and publish list of City of West Covina land held for resale assets – June 2021	Lead – City Manager's Office  Support – Successor Agency staff	This objective is complete.  Land held for resale has been identified and is reflected in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Management Evaluation   Completed   3     Community Development   2     Completed   1   In Work   1     Fire Department   4     Completed   4     HR - Risk Management   26     Completed   21     Completed   21     Completed   21     Completed   21	State Auditor Objective No.	Action Steps	Expected Completion Date	Responsible Staff (Lead/Support)	Status Repor (December 202	
Completed 15 In Work 13	and exposure to litigation through training and implementation of best risk	<ol> <li>Review LossCap Action Plan regularly, including "top 5" important priority issues</li> <li>Establish quarterly highlevel executive team meetings and safety committee meetings for LossCap review</li> <li>Corrective actions taken as identified in the Initial Risk</li> </ol>	March, June, September, and December  2. 50% of corrective actions completed by December 2021 August 2022  3. 100% of corrective actions completed by	Resources & Risk Management Director  Support – All	As of the end of November, all the Initial Risk Management been started and 70% are Safety Committee has been has been working on review procedures that are listed as a Row Labels All Departments Completed Community Development Completed In Work Fire Department Completed HR - Risk Management Completed In Work Public Services Completed In Work	Action Items on Evaluation have Complete. The established and ing policies and ction items.

<b>5.</b> Address the excessive	1. Evaluate current Fire	1. Analyze current	<u>Lead</u> – Fire Chief	The action steps under this objective have
cost currently incurred	Department deployment	deployment – April 1,		been completed. No new updates.
providing fire and	model	2021	<u>Support</u> – Finance	
emergency medical			Director and Human	Negotiations with the Firefighters Association
services	2. Document reasons for	2. Analyze alternatives –	Resources Director	were finalized in September 2022 and City
	absences causing OT	May 1, 2021		Council approved a new Memorandum of
				Understanding October 4, 2022. The following
	3. Develop viable alternatives	3. Meet with		provision were incorporated to alleviate
	for fire and emergency	stakeholders – June 1,		excessive overtime: Other than actual hours
	management services	2021		worked, only vacation leave and
				compensatory time off shall be considered
	4. Discuss alternative plans			hours worked for the purpose of the hours
	with appropriate stakeholders			worked calculation for overtime. Additionally,
				limitations on the number of people allowed
				off on vacation per shift were reduced to 2
				Captains; 2 Engineers; 1 Firefighter and 2
				Firefighter/Paramedics or 3
				Firefighter/Paramedics.
				Additionally staff intermally evaluates
				Additionally, staff internally evaluates overtime with each payroll and reports to City
				Management.
				Wallagement.
				Staff engaged the services of Messina and
				Associates to provide a high-level review of
				the current fire and emergency services in
				April 2021. In May 2021, staff received and
				evaluated the final report (WCFD Service
				Delivery Review).
				, ,
				In 2020, the City had an external audit done by
				Van Lant & Fankhanel, LLP on the personnel
				expenditures in the City's Fire Department,
				including overtime pay.

6. Prepare financial	1.Use a multiyear forecast to	1. Prepare and annually	<u>Lead</u> – Finance	This objective is complete.
analyses that evaluate both	quantify the impact of	update the forecast to	Director	
the short-term and long-	decisions on the city's	include all projected		The multi-year forecast was updated in March
term financial implications	financial condition	revenue and	<u>Support</u> – All	2022 and provided to Council in April 2022.
of significant spending		expenditures, adding	Departments	
decisions	2. Evaluate short and long-	information on new		The Fiscal Impact of each item is now included
	term impacts of major	assumptions,		on every City Council Agenda. Templates have
	revenue and expenditure	unanticipated costs, and		been shared with staff and AgendaQuick
	decisions. Recognize trade-	cost-saving actions –		training was completed in August.
	offs and opportunities of each	July 2022		
	decision			
		2. Prepare a financial		
		evaluation template –		
		August 2021 April 2022		
		3. Staff training –		
		<del>September 2021</del>		
		January 2023		
		4. Include fiscal impact		
		in Council agenda		
		actions – December		
		<del>2021</del> 2022		

7 Implements formal	1 Davious acquire at af	1 Moot guartarily with	Load Finance	This chiestive is complete
7. Implement a formal	1. Review accuracy of	1. Meet quarterly with	<u>Lead</u> – Finance	This objective is complete.
process for development of	quarterly budget projections,	Directors to review	Director	
reasonable budget	comparing current year to	activity and trends –		The budget process is formalized with Budget
projections	previous year actual revenue	March, June,	<u>Support</u> – Assistant	Preparation Instructions and standardized
	and expenditures and	September, and	City Manager	forms.
	factoring in known events that	December		
	will change year-to-year data.			The City analyzes budget projections,
		2. Use HdL data to		comparing current year to previous year
	2. Track quarterly building and	support revenue		actual revenue and expenditures, building and
	planning activity	projections for sales,		planning activity quarterly and provides a
		property tax, transient		Quarterly Financial Report to Council.
	3. Incorporate HdL sales tax	occupancy tax, business		,
	information into quarterly,	license fees – May 1,		Additionally, staff meets with HdL quarterly to
	mid-year and annual budget	2021		review sales tax estimates.
	estimates			
	Commutes			
	4. Budget for risk			
	management costs based			
	upon actual loss experience			
	upon actual loss experience			
8. Meet and confer	Begin meet and confer	1. Meet and confer	Lead – Human	This objective is complete.
regarding negotiation of	process with all labor groups	process starts – April	Resources Director	This objective is complete.
employee union	to review a) CPI, b) City's	2021	nesources birector	Negotiations with the Firefighters Association
agreements	ability to pay, and c) labor	2021	Support – Finance	were finalized in September and City Council
agreements	market competitiveness on a	2. Regular Closed	Director and City	approved a new Memorandum of
	·	<u> </u>	•	• •
	total compensation basis	session updates to City	Manager	Understanding October 4, 2022.
	including base salary,	Council		City Council annual 2
	differentials, medical,			City Council approved 3-year agreements with
	pensions, and OPEB	3. Meet & confer		5 of the labor groups in November 2021, 2
		process completed –		groups in January 2022, and 1 group in
		<del>July</del> October 2022		February 2022.

9. Improve internal	1. Review purchasing policy	1. Adopt revised	<u>Lead</u> – Finance	This objective is complete.
purchasing	and credit card usage to	purchasing and credit	Director	
processes/enforcement to	determine compliance with	card usage policies as		In May 2021, City Council approved to include
reduce susceptibility to	Best Management Practices	appropriate – <del>October</del>	<u>Support</u> – City	the California Uniform Public Construction Act
waste and fraud		<del>2021</del> June 2022	Attorney's Office	Cost Accounting Act procedures within the
	2. Evaluate California Uniform		and City Engineer	Municipal Code.
	Public Construction Cost	2. Adopt ordinance		
	Accounting Act (Public	enacting California		The new Purchasing Policy was adopted by
	Contract Code 22000-22045)	Uniform Public		City Council on June 21 <sup>st</sup> . The new ordinance
		Construction Cost		took effect July 21, 2022.
		Accounting Act – August		
		2021		



### AGENDA STAFF REPORT

#### City of West Covina

**DATE:** 02/07/2024

**TO:** Audit Committee

FROM: Stephanie Sikkema, Finance Director

SUBJECT: PURCHASING POLICY VIOLATION LOG

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

It is recommended that the Audit Committee receive and file the Purchasing Policy Violation Log as of December 31, 2023.

#### **BACKGROUND:**

During the meeting held on July 27, 2022, the Audit Committee requested updates regarding the City's Purchasing Policy Violation Log.

#### **DISCUSSION:**

Attached is the Purchasing Policy Violation Log for the first quarter of Fiscal Year 2023-24.

Prepared by: Stephanie Sikkema, Finance Director

**Additional Approval:** 

#### **Attachments**

Attachment No. 1 - Purchasing Violation Log

### City of West Covina Purchasing Violation Log

FY2023-2024, 1st Quarter

Date	Division	Purchase	Amount	Violation
Jul-23	Maintenance	Tree maint	\$87,500.00	Purchase over \$5k without competitive bidding and prior authorization.
Jul-23	Maintenance	Fire Hose for Sewer Pumps	\$5,069.08	Purchase over \$5k without prior authorization.
Jul-23	Maintenance	Barricades	\$6,277.64	Purchase over \$5k without competitive bidding and prior authorization.
Aug-23	City Manager	State of the City Projection	\$5,293.45	Purchase over \$5k without competitive bidding and prior authorization.
Sep-23	Maintenance	Street sweeping	\$53,377.35	Purchase over \$5k without prior authorization.
Sep-23	Maintenance	Repair water damage	\$7,276.43	Purchase over \$5k without competitive bidding and prior authorization.
Sep-23	Maintenance	Message board rental	\$5,700.00	Purchase over \$5k without competitive bidding and prior authorization.
Sep-23	City Manager	State of City décor	\$20,513.38	Purchase over \$5k without prior authorization.
Oct-23	Maintenance	Hoses	\$5,609.37	Purchase over \$5k without competitive bidding and prior authorization.
Oct-23	City Manager	State of the City Servers	\$9,045.00	Purchase over \$5k without prior authorization.
Nov-23	Maintenance	Elec car charging svc	\$10,685.00	Purchase over \$5k without prior authorization.